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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Affecting Deſcription of the Miſeries of the Confined in GOALS. *Tranſlated from the French of the celebrated* FLECHIER.

THERE is no condition of life expoſed to ſuch a variety of ſufferings, as that of priſoners. In being deprived of Liberty, they become deprived of every thing. They are forced from the rights of nature, becauſe they are either criminal or unfortunate. They are no longer treated as men torn from the boſom of their families, but are delivered over to the mercy of the ſtranger, who, by being accuſtomed to the ſight of their ſufferings, ſees, with the greateſt obduracy, the greateſt objects of commiſeration; gives them their bread and water by meaſure, or perhaps, by a refuſal, profits in the affliction of the miſerable, deprived of the goods which it has been their hard fate to loſe, or which juſtice does not permit them to enjoy. They have ſcarce wherewithal to cover themſelves, ſcarce a place of repoſe, though weary with continual chagrins, and corroded by the anxiety which their preſent, and the proſpect of their future miſeries cauſe. Their bodies, corrupted by the tainted and contagious exhalations which they breathe in theſe damp and dreary abodes, are eaten away by the wounds which are thereby cauſed, and by the maladies which they thereby contract.

Are there any calamities to be compared with the calamities of theſe unfortunate wretches? Are any words plaintive enough to paint, with ſufficient energy, the nature of their miſeries? Shall I repreſent theſe priſons as regions accurſt, where neither the rain of heaven nor the dew falls? Where reputation languiſhes, where the hopes of future fortune are loſt, the conſolations of friendſhip, the conveniences of life, and the repoſe even of conſcience itſelf? Shall I deſcribe theſe dreadful ſepulchres in which living men are interred, who, ſeeing themſelves conſigned as it were to death, either wait it as a puniſhment, wiſh it in deſpair, or experience it already in the ſeverity of their tortures? Shall I repreſent theſe unfortunate men as wretches whom juſtice has ſeparated from the commerce of the world, eſcaped in a providence of God; for whom it ſeems the ſun has ceaſed to ſhine, and night itſelf taken the place of day? Who in frightful ſolitude attend only the repentance of the crimes they have been guilty of, or to the fear of the puniſhments which they have merited; and who, having only for their ſupport a little morſel of bread moiſtened with their tears, make uſe of it to ſuſtain a life of the moſt cruel miſery? Shall I mention the misfortunes of their ruined families? Of children bewailing the captivity of their fathers; of fathers bewailing the poverty of their children; of mothers who cannot, with all their care and labour, earn a ſcanty ſubſiſtance for their daughters; of daughters who find even their beſt labours inſufficient to furniſh a ſubſiſtence for their mothers? They have many enemies to inſult them, few friends to comfort them, and alas! ſcarce any charitable perſons to aſſiſt them.

After peruſing the above pathetic deſcription of the celebrated Flechier, I could not help reflecting on the injuſtice of confining perſons in a goal, and expoſing them to the moſt dreadful afflictions, merely through a ſpirit of reſentment. Such a conduct is in direct oppoſition to humanity, and before the tribunal of conſcience in the ſevereſt manner condemnable. If thou haſt not to pay (ſays the wiſe man) why ſhould they take thy bed from under thee? If then ſuch a ſpirit of mercy was, in the Jewiſh law, thought abſolutely neceſſary in caſes of diſtreſs, how much more ſo ought it to be encouraged under the law of Chriſtianity? If a man has not wherewithal to pay, why ſhould he be deprived of liberty? Is it wiſe to deprive him of that which may put him in a condition to pay? Can money be extorted by confinement, where there is none? Where there is nothing to be had, the King muſt loſe his right: Yet though this may be true of the King, it is not ſo of the ſubject. The plea which the diſtreſſed makes, that he has it not in his power to pay, will not aught avail; he muſt be deprived of the rights of nature, of liberty, and all its valuable appendages, becauſe unavoidable circumſtances, and adverſe turns of fortune, have rendered him incapable of doing that which otherwiſe he would have done with the greateſt pleaſure.

A goal pays no debts. For what reaſon then muſt perſons be confined there? To perſevere in the confining of people, even under a conviction that they have it not in their power to diſcharge what they owe, is cruel indeed! and in the ſight of the Deity moſt abominable. In that awful preſence, what mercy can he expect who has himſelf ſet mercy at a diſtance, and in the pride of reſentment, puniſhed merely becauſe he had the power of puniſhing?

Copy of an Act, for repealing an Act paſſed the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, prohibiting the Exportation of Flaxſeed and Lumber from the American Colonies for Ireland, without giving Bond firſt to land the ſame in ſome Port in Great-Britain.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, entituled, An Act for repealing certain Duties in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations, granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, and alſo the Duties impoſed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, upon certain Eaſt-India Goods, exported from Great-Britain, and for granting other Duties inſtead thereof; and for encouraging, regulating, and ſecuring ſeveral Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the Britiſh Dominions in America, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That Bond and Security in the Penalties in the ſaid recited Act mentioned, ſhall be given to the Collector or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, at any Port or Place, in any of the Britiſh American Colonies or Plantations, with one Surety beſides the Maſter of every Ship or Veſſel that ſhall lade, or take on board there, any non-enumerated Goods, with Condition that ſuch Goods ſhall not be landed at any Part of Europe, to the Northward of Cape-Finiſterre, except in Great-Britain. And whereas Ireland ſhould have been excepted, in the ſaid Act, as well as Great-Britain; Be it therefore enacted and declared, by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That any non-enumerated Goods laden as aforeſaid, in any Britiſh American Colony or Plantation, may be landed in Ireland; and that the ſaid recited Act, and all the Regulations therein contained, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Bond and Security, for landing ſuch non-enumerated Goods in Great-Britain, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to extend, to Ireland alſo, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if Ireland had been excepted, and named in the ſaid Act, and that any Bond which may have been entered into, in Purſuance of the ſaid recited Act, not to land any non-enumerated Goods in any Part of Europe, to the Northward of Cape-Finiſterre, except in Great-Britain, ſhall and may be cancelled and diſcharged by the like Certificate, under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, at any Port in Ireland, teſtifying the Landing ſuch Goods there, in the ſame Manner as if the ſaid Goods had been landed in Great-Britain; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding."

BOSTON, January 19.

We hear that a fine Picture of Colonel ISAAC BARRE, is come in Captain Dixey, who arrived here laſt Week from London, to be placed in Faneuil-Hall, agreeable to a Vote of the Town paſſed in September, 1765, as a ſtanding Monument of our Gratitude to him for his noble and patriotic Speeches in Parliament in favour of the Colonies, their Rights and Privileges.

We hear that the Right Hon. General CONWAY's Picture, which was alſo voted to be ſent for, is ſhortly expected over.

Captain Simms, in a Schooner from Martinico, laden with Melaſſes, having put out from the Vineyard on Monday the 29th ult. a thick Snow Storm came on at Night, which drove the Schooner on Sandy-Point, about three Leagues Eaſt of Nantucket: The People with great Difficulty ſaved their Lives, having near 8 Miles to travel, moſt of the Way up to their Middle in Snow, before they could reach any Habitation: It is ſaid the chief Part of their Cargo will be ſaved; but the Veſſel loſt.

We hear that in the ſame Storm a ſmall Schooner belonging to Barnſtable, bound from Connecticut, was drove out from the Hayenaes (a Harbour near the Vineyard) and ſtruck upon a Reef of Rocks, by which Accident the Veſſel, Cargo, and all the Crew, four in Number, were unfortunately loſt.

The following Veſſels were in at the Vineyard laſt Friday, viz. The Captains Fleet, Batcheldor, and Adams, from the Mount; Captain Doyle from Martinico; Captain Ruſk from Guadaloupe; and Captain Davis from South-Carolina.

Captain Doubleday, who arrived here laſt Week from Monto-Chriſti, informs, that on the 15th of December, in Lat. 31:22, Long. 73, he ſpoke with Captain George Fowler, bound from Falmouth to New-York, who had been out 88 Days, and was diſabled in his Maſt and Rigging, and intended for South-Carolina; he was in great Diſtreſs for want of Proviſions, with which Captain Doubleday ſupplied him.

We hear that Captain Fleet got within 10 or 15 Leagues of the Light-Houſe, but was blown off, in the late extreme cold Weather, and had the Misfortune to break one of his Ribs. Several Seamen on board his and the other Veſſels had their Fingers, &c. froze.

NEWPORT, January 12.

Captain Iſaac Godfrey, from the Weſt-Indies, bound to Boſton, put in here laſt Saturday, in Diſtreſs. He had been out 44 Days, and above 20 was beating upon this Coaſt; and, in the late ſevere Weather, he and his Men were conſiderably froze.

January 19. The 16th of November laſt, the Brig Durham, belonging to this Place, commanded by Captain Chriſtopher Ellery, was caſt away in Montego-Bay, in Jamaica, occaſioned by a violent North; and the Veſſel, with a valuable Cargo, entirely loſt.---Captain Gregory Cozzens in a Sloop, alſo of this Place, and four other Veſſels, went aſhore, it is ſuppoſed, at the ſame Time. Capt. Cozzens will ſave his Cargo, and perhaps his Veſſel.

PROVIDENCE, January 17.

On Monday laſt arrived here the ſloop Victory, Captain Taylor, in 44 days from Falmouth; on the 24th of December, in lat. 33, long. 50:30, he ſpoke the brig ----, Iſrael Olbey, maſter, from Piſcataway bound to Surrinam, all well on board, but the veſſel leaked very much, and had been out 12 days.---Dec. 31, in lat. 30:30, long. 59:57, ſpoke a ſloop in diſtreſs, from Salem, bound to Dominica, had loſt her jibb, and her fore-ſail was torn to pieces, out 16 days; the wind blowing hard, he could not learn the maſter's name, but the veſſel was tight.

NEW-LONDON, January 16.

The Schooner Induſtry, Frederick Chappel, Maſter, was drove on Shore at Setocket, the North Side of Long-Iſland, in the Snow Storm the 29th of December; the Veſſel and Cargo greatly damaged: She was from the Weſt-Indies, bound to New-Haven, where ſhe was owned.

Captain Chappel, on the 24th of December, ſpoke a Sloop from North-Carolina, Joſeph Tillinghaſt, Maſter, bound to Newport: He had met with bad Weather, his Sails ſhattered, Veſſel very leaky, and in want of Proviſions, but the Wind blowing hard, Captain Chappel could give them no Aſſiſtance.

Laſt Tueſday Se'nnight, in the Night, the Brig Sally, ----- Dodd, Maſter, belonging to Ipſwich, was caſt away at a Place called Nappeague Beach, on the South Side of Long-Iſland; the Veſſel loſt, but People ſaved, together with what Cargoe was on board.

NEW-YORK, January 26.

Wedneſday laſt ſeveral Gentlemen arrived here from Quebec, in Canada, in 12 Days: They came over the Mountains on Snow-ſhoes to Crown-Point, and from thence down Lake-George on the Ice. The River St. Lawrence was not froze over at Quebec when they came away; and we are told, in the hardeſt Weather ſeldom is froze there before the Month of February.

The Ship Thomas and Waddell, Captain Caſtles, is arrived at Sandy-Hook from Briſtol, in 8 Weeks.

Laſt Tueſday the Supreme Court, or Aſſizes, for the City and County of New-York was opened, and ended on Saturday.---During the Term, the following Perſons were tried, viz.---John Williams, Iſaac Crawford, and Philip M'Carrol, on two Indictments, the one for breaking Goal (being confined for Felony) the other for breaking into the Office of Leonard Liſpenard, Eſq; and robbing it of Caſh to the Amount of 40s;---breaking into the Houſe of John Williams, a poor elderly Man, near Greenwich, and robbed the ſame of every Thing valuable they could lay Hands on; and laſtly, in order the better to perpetrate their Eſcape, broke open a Stable near the North River, and there equipped themſelves with three Horſes, Saddles, and Bridles, the Property of Captain Thomas Sowers, Engineer, and William Foreman, Eſq; Commiſſary and Paymaſter of the Royal Artillery: But they being purſued the next Morning, were taken near the White Plains. They were all found Guilty, and ſentenced to be hanged on Monday next, the 2d of February.

Venus, a Negroe Wench, the Property of the Widow Ball, for breaking into the Shop of Mr. John Forbuſh, at the Corner of Moravian-ſtreet, while the Family were at Divine Service, and robbing the ſame of Caſh, and divers valuable Things; found Guilty, and ſentenced to be hanged the Day abovementioned.

John Douglaſs (alias Livingſton) a Sailor, on a ſecond Commitment, for Theft; found Guilty; burnt in the Hand, and diſcharged.

Belinda, a Negroe Wench belonging to Mr. Cook, for the Murder of a Wench (ſome Time ago) the Property of Nathaniel Marſton; acquitted.

To be SOLD by

JONATHAN EVANS,

In Second-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets,

CHOICE old Madeira Wine in Pipes, Half Pipes, and Quarter Caſks, fit for immediate Uſe, old Jamaica Spirit in Hogſheads and Barrels, Barbados Rum by the Hogſhead. He likewiſe ſells by Retail, Jamaica Spirit, Rum, Brandy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Liſbon, Malmſey, and other Wines.

Philadelphia, January 23, 1767.

WHEREAS a Grant has been obtained for a Tract of Land, ſituate upon Pictou Harbour, and the Coaſt adjoining on the Gulph of St. Lawrence, in the Province of Nova-Scotia, extending about 20 Miles along the Coaſt, within 60 or 70 Miles of Halifax, the Metropolis of ſaid Province, and adjoining the Townſhips of Truro, Onſlow, and Londonderry, an improved Part of the Country, from whence may be had Cattle and Proviſions of every Kind, at a moderate Price; the Grantees have been at the Pains and Expence of ſending three of their Partners, with ſundry other Perſons, to view the ſaid Land, and they have reported to the Company that the Soil is fertile, intermixed with large Quantities of intervale or low Bottoms very rich, and capable of being cultivated and improved with all Kinds of Grain and Paſturage, and well timbered with black Birch, Maple, Sugar Trees, Elm, Aſh, &c. The ſaid Harbour being one of the beſt on that Coaſt, having ſufficient Water for Shipping of any Burthen, lying convenient for the Cod and Whale Fiſhery, and well ſtored with Oyſters, Clams, and a Variety of Fiſh, eſpecially Salmon and Rock Fiſh, and Plenty of wild Fowl.

Theſe are therefore to inform all ſober induſtrious Perſons, that are deſirous of becoming Settlers in that fine Country, that the Owners of ſaid Land will diſpoſe of it upon the following Terms, viz. to every Family conſiſting of five Proteſtant Perſons, 500 Acres, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Number in each Family, at the Rate of Five Pounds Sterling for every Hundred Acres, payable in two Years after their Arrival, and a yearly Quit-rent of one Halfpenny Sterling per Acre, they being obliged to embark for ſaid Settlement by the 15th of April next; and the Settlers ſhall have free Liberty to make Choice of any Part of ſaid Land, except ſuch as is reſerved upon Pictou Harbour for a Town, in which the Head of each Family ſhall have an Half Acre Lot given them.

All Perſons deſirous of becoming Settlers there, may apply to GEORGE BRYAN, and ANDREW HODGE, in Philadelphia, or THOMAS HARRIS, near Deer Creek, in Baltimore County, Maryland, and be further informed, and enter into Articles; and for their further Encouragement, two of the Company propoſe going with them to aſſiſt in making the Settlement, and will accommodate them with a proper Veſſel to remove thither, upon reaſonable Terms.

WHEREAS I am informed, that ſome Time laſt Spring I was enquired for in one of the Pennſylvania Gazettes, but not having the Paper in which the Advertiſement was, cannot be informed to whom I am directed to apply; and as I apprehend it is to ſome Gentleman living in Philadelphia, I hereby give Notice, that I now live in the lower Part of Kent County, in Maryland, and being informed that the Gentleman, who enquired for me, advertiſed, that he could inform me of ſomething to my Advantage, ſhould be much obliged to him to take the firſt Opportunity of informing me to whom I muſt apply.

¶ WILLIAM FRY.

Ridley, January 27, 1767.

ON Saturday, the 23d day of February next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the White Horſe tavern, on Cheſter road, will be ſold, the right, title and intereſt of Philip Ford, Eſq; lately deceaſed, of and in a leaſe for 13 years unexpired and to come, from the 25th day of March next, of a meſſuage, plantation and tract, of about 175 acres of land, thereunto belonging, ſituate on Tinicum iſland, on which Benjamin Taylor, and his ſon, Thomas Taylor, deceaſed, lately dwelt, with a good houſe, barn and orchard thereon, about 45 acres of drained meadow lately made, moſt of which was the laſt year ſown with timothy and clover ſeed, part of which is in excellent order, the remainder having been planted with Indian corn laſt year, renders it fit for hemp or graſs-ſeed this approaching ſeaſon; the upland is of a kindly ſoil, the meadow as good as any of the ſort, and very fit for grazing; the leaſe may be ſeen on application to

MARGARET FORD, and JOHN MORTON, Execut.

Philadelphia, December 25, 1766.

RUN away, from Joſeph Gavin, ſhoemaker, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Thomas Taylor, by trade a ſhoemaker, of a low ſtature, a thin ſlim fellow, pock-marked; had on a blue coat, brown broadcloth waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, buckſkin breeches, white ſhirt, grey worſted ribbed ſtockings, brown hair, a good half-worn hat; he has been a ſoldier in Captain William Galbreath's company at the Havannah. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, if taken in the province, and Thirty Shillings if taken out of the province, paid by JOSEPH GAVIN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.

Newtown, Bucks County, January 19, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 9th Day of February next, at the Houſe of William Reeder, Inn-keeper, in Plumſted Townſhip, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Tract of 62 Acres of Land, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by the Lands of Joſeph Roberts, and others, on which there is a Log-houſe, bearing Orchard, and 6 Acres of Meadow; late the Property of James Erwin; ſeized and taken in Execution by WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

ANECDOTES of ſtrict Juſtice.

JUVENALIS, a widow, complained unto Theodoric, king of the Romans, that a ſuit of hers in court, was drawn out, for the ſpace of three years, which might have been determined in a few days: The king, after being informed who were her judges, ſent to, and commanded them to give all expedition poſſible to the poor woman's cauſe; which they did, and in two days ended it to her ſatisfaction. Which done, Theodoric called them again: They ſuppoſing it had been to applaud their juſtice, obeyed the ſummons with joy. Being come before the king, his majeſty aſked them, How it came to paſs that they had performed that in two days, which had not been done in three years?

Theſe iniquitous judges anſwered, "The recommendation of your majeſty." "How, replied the king, when I put you into office, did I not conſign all pleas and proceedings to you? You deſerve death, ſo to have ſpun out a buſineſs to three years, which might have been determined in two days;" and at that inſtant commanded their heads to be ſtruck off.

When SISAMNES, one of the chiefeſt of the Perſian judges, had paſſed an unjuſt ſentence, Cambyſes the king cauſed him to be flead alive, and his ſkin to be hung over the judgment ſeat; and having beſtowed the office of the dead father upon Ortanes the ſon, he bid him to remember, "That the ſame partiality and injuſtice, deſerved the ſame puniſhment."

LEWIS XI. propoſing to cajole his court of parliament of Paris, if it ſhould refuſe to publiſh certain new ordinances by him made, the maſters of that court being informed of the king's intentions, went to him in their robes. The king then aſked them their buſineſs. "Sir," anſwered the preſident La Vacquery, "we are come here determined to loſe our lives, every one of us, rather than by our own connivance, any unjuſt ordinances ſhould take place." The king, amazed at this anſwer of La Vacquery, and at the conſtancy of the parliament, gave them gracious entertainment, and commanded that the edicts which he would have publiſhed, ſhould be immediately cancelled in his preſence; ſwearing, that from thence forward, he never would make edicts that ſhould not be juſt and equitable.---An example worthy the imitation of all princes!

Fiat juſtitia, & ruat cœlum.

LONDON.

Nov. 11. *Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland went to court, for the firſt time ſince his creation, in a grand new carriage, with a coronet on the top, and all his domeſtics appeared in rich new liveries.*

Yeſterday the Earls of Temple and Chatham, and the Right Hon. Mr. George Grenville, were again at court together.

Nov. 13. It is ſaid there were yeſterday above 400 Members in the Houſe of Commons, and 100 Peers.

Lord Weymouth, we hear, has ordered all his wheat to be made into bread, and ſold to the poor of his neighbouring pariſhes, at the rate of twelve pounds for a ſhilling; whom his Lordſhip has alſo ordered to be relieved weekly in their turn, ſometimes a hundred together, with meat, &c. in proportion to their ſeveral families.

We hear, for the farther encouragement of the poor and laborious people of this kingdom, that if an equal land tax of two ſhillings in the pound upon a new ſurvey, takes place, it is intended to take off the additional duty on beer, and lower the duties on ſoap, candles, leather, and all others which chiefly affect induſtry, trade and manufacture; as this new tax will fully anſwer theſe purpoſes, and be more equitable than any other that can be thought of.

Private letters from Peterſburgh, adviſe, that a treaty of commerce is upon the point of being concluded between her Imperial Majeſty and the King of Poland.

It is confidently aſſerted, that a noble Lord declared, on an offer being again made to him very lately, of a ſhare in the Adminiſtration, that though he declined coming into place, yet at the ſame time ſo far would he be from oppoſing any meaſures of public utility, that he ſhould be always ready to forward the execution of them to the utmoſt of his power and abilities.

Nov. 14. We are aſſured, that the ſtate of our finances was the grand object of deliberation of an honourable aſſembly convened laſt week; at which, we are told, the Right Hon. Charles Townſend communicated a plan for materially leſſening the annual expence of the kingdom; and, we farther hear, it was unanimouſly approved of, and a determination taken to lay it before the parliament the enſuing ſeſſions.

From the public declaration of a great man in power, the Dukedom lately granted to a noble Earl, was the price given for his Grace's utter renounciation of all future expectations of, and applications for, a ſhare in adminiſtration.

It is ſaid the preſent Financier has been, and is employed, in writing a confutation of the Grenvillian "Conſiderations on the trade and finances of the kingdom."

Nov. 21. On Friday the 7th inſtant died, after a long illneſs, at his houſe on Rocheſter Bank, Robert Erſkine, Eſq; who, on account of his bad ſtate of health, was obliged to retire on the half pay of a flag officer, after ſerving many years with great reputation, particularly on the 16th of July 1747, in the Warwick, an old ſixty gun ſhip, when deſerted by the Lark, he ſingly engaged the Glorioſo of eighty guns, one of the beſt, and at that time the richeſt ſhip in the Spaniſh navy.

It is ſaid that briefs will be allowed to the ſufferers by the late dreadful fire at Bridge-Town, in Barbados, for collecting contributions at all the pariſh churches in Great-Britain and Ireland, and in all the colonies.

'Is it really true, my Lord (ſaid a celebrated Baronet to a miniſterial nobleman, at a public breakfaſt given lately by the Earl of-----at Tunbridge Wells) 'Can it be really truth, that we are 'on the point of ſeeing a coalition between fire and water, oil 'and vinegar?'--- 'You talk in riddles, Sir John, I really can'not underſtand you!' 'Your Lordſhip muſt pardon me if I ſay 'there are none ſo dull as thoſe who will not comprehend. You 'know men and characters too well, my Lord, to be at a loſs:--- 'Is not C----m hot as the intenſe fire? Is not T----e ſimple as 'the pureſt water? Is not B---e ſmooth as fineſt oil? And is not B----d ſour as the ſharpeſt vinegar?'

One of the Dutch gazettes ſays, "We have advice from London, that the Britiſh P-----have many projects in hand; but if they don't begin by reſtoring frugality and ſobriety, and baniſh frivoliſm, they will ſtand no chance of extirpating the ſpirit that rages at this time. It ſhould ſeem that one of the principal trading towns in the kingdom begins to be of this opinion; for among other arrangements which have been taken there, the gentry and moſt opulent dealers have agreed not to give any more ſumptuous entertainments, which was become too much the faſhion of late, and had even got to a moſt enormous pitch.

On Friday laſt the Duke of Montague, Conſtable of Windſor Caſtle, on account of his being advanced to a Dukedom, paid the debts and goal fees of all the priſoners in Windſor goal.

Nov. 18. *It is ſaid a perſon has invented a mill, which is to go without either wind or water, or the help of any animal whatſoever; will grind as much corn as any mill now uſed, and is built in the ſame form with a Water-mill.*

A gentleman of Marlow, in Buckinghamſhire, had a carrot grew in his garden this ſeaſon, that weighed nine pounds ſeven ounces, and was a yard and two inches long.

November 20.

We are informed from Cardiff, in Glamorganſhire, that the rejoicings made on the 12th inſtant, being the day for celebrating the marriage between Lord Mount Stewart, and the Hon. Miſs Windſor, exceeded any thing ever ſeen in that country.

The celebrated Miſs KITTY FISHER has, within theſe few days, been married to ------- N---------, Eſq; a gentleman of conſiderable family and fortune.

We hear the late petitions of the widows of the navy and warrant officers, are referred to a great Board, and that a fund will ſoon be eſtabliſhed for their relief.

Letters from Paris, dated Nov. 7, ſay, "We are aſſured that the King of Spain will reimburſe M. de Bougainville all the expences he has been at in forming a ſettlement at the Malouine Iſland, on his own ſimple account, and without requiring any vouchers; and this is all the advantage that M. de Bougainville is like to reap from his expedition, the iſland being claimed both by Spain and England: Conſequently he is going to embark at Rochfort, where three veſſels are fitting out, in order to bring back the Frenchmen who are at the Malouine Iſland, and who are to be replaced by Spaniards, that will be ſent thither by his Catholic Majeſty.

HALIFAX, Nova-Scotia, Jan. 1.

Yeſterday at ten o'clock in the morning, by Farenheit's thermometer, the mercury ſunk to 7 below [o] in open air, and did not riſe above 3 for the whole day.

NEW-YORK, January 29.

By ſome private Letters from Quebec, we are informed, that a petition has been lately preſented to the Governor of that place, ſigned by a great number of the principal inhabitants, and ſome of his Majeſty's council, intreating him to admit ſeveral gentlemen to Bail, who were taken up and impriſoned there on account of the aſſault committed ſome time ago on Thomas Walker, Eſq; but that the Governor had given them a poſitive denial:-----Both the petition and anſwer are counted curious pieces, and we have room to hope we ſhall be favoured with them by the next Poſt.

Since writing the above, we have been favoured with the following pieces: Which whether they anſwer to the above deſcription or not, muſt be ſubmitted to the candid reader.

SIR,

WE have the honour to preſent the petition of John Frazier, Eſq; Captain in the late 78th regiment, Deputy Pay-maſter General at Montreal, and one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas; John Campbell, Eſq; Captain in the 27th regiment; Daniel Diſney, Eſq; Capt. in the 44th regiment; St. Luke la Corne, late Capt. in the French Service, and Knight of the order of St. Louis; Simon Evans, Lieut. in the 28th regiment, and Mr. Joſeph Howard, merchant.

At the ſame time that we expreſs our abhorrence of the breach of publick order, in the outrage committed on the perſon of Mr. Thomas Walker, and our wiſhes for the diſcovery of the perpetrators of it; we cannot be unmoved, when we conſider the circumſtances of thoſe gentlemen, now torn from their families, and impriſoned on ſuſpicion thereof.

Until we hear the crime proved againſt them, we cannot help intereſting ourſelves for men, who from their families, ſtations, ſervices, and eſtabliſhed characters (until this ſurpriſing ſtroke) ſtood in the higheſt degree of eſtimation in this province.

We not only feel for them, but for their families; with what affliction do his Majeſty's new ſubjects behold the grey hairs of their countrymen, ſo unexpectedly, perhaps irretrievably affronted!

We therefore moſt earneſtly intreat you, Sir, to interpoſe your authority, to mitigate the rigour of the law; a diſpenſation, even from which, would be in this caſe (if in any) we humbly conceive, juſtifiable.

We are ſo well convinced of theſe gentlemens honours, that all and every one of us do hereby offer to become their bail, to the uttermoſt extent of our fortunes, nay, even with our lives, as well for their appearance to take their trial, as for the ſafety of Mr. Walker's perſon from any hurt from them, in conſequence of their enlargement.

From your honour's known clemency and moderation, we flatter ourſelves with the ſtrongeſt hopes, that every poſſible management in favour of theſe gentlemen, will be employed; their before untainted characters, and the publick voice, make us confident that none ever was better applied. All which is, with the greateſt reſpect, humbly ſubmitted to your Honour's judicious conſideration.

Quebec, Nov. 23, 1766.

[*Signed by* 69 *hands.*]

To Lieut. Col. Irving, &c.

Brigadier General Carelton orders Mr. Adam Mabane, Surgeon of the garriſon of Quebec, to ceaſe thoſe diſcourſes and practices, calculated to diſturb the peace and tranquility of the province, and miſrepreſent the actions and intentions of the Lieut. Governor, on pain of being ſuſpended from his employments, and proſecuted according to law.

Quebec, Nov. 29. 1766.

To Lieut. Col. Irving, Major of the 15th regiment of Foot.

The following extract of my Letter to Capt. Frazier, Capt. Campbell, Capt. Diſney, St. Luke la Corne, Lieut. Evans, and Mr. Howard, will explain to you my opinion of the requeſt in the memorial preſented by you, Lieut. Col. Jones, M. La Naudiere, and Capt. Morris, ſupported by a letter in French, ſigned by 17 Canadians, and two Engliſh; and another in Engliſh, preſented by you at the ſame time, ſigned by you as member of council, and again as commanding a regiment; afterwards by 68 Engliſh.

EXTRACT.

"I HAVE received your memorial, chiefly ſetting forth, that the Chief Juſtice had refuſed to accept of Bail, and ſuffer you to be at large till the time of your trial; therefore praying I would interpoſe my authority, and accept of ſaid bail, and grant you that liberty which he has refuſed. I ſincerely lament, and am convinced the Chief Juſtice doth alſo lament, that the circumſtances of your caſe will not ſuffer him to enlarge you, conſiſtently with his duty, and the ſolemn oath he has taken, to adminiſter equal law and impartial juſtice.

As unfortunately, the perſon to whom the King has delegated his authority in theſe matters, has found himſelf obliged, in compliance with his duty, to make this final declaration, my interpoſing my authority, and arbitrarily wreſting you out of the hands of the Chief Juſtice of King's-Bench, would be irregular, illegal, and, in my opinion, what would merit his Majeſty's high diſpleaſure.

After explaining my opinion of the requeſt, I muſt ſay a word or two as to the meaſures taken to enforce it. That many perſons who have ſubſcribed, did not know the evil tendency of interfering in numbers in the free courſe of juſtice, I ſincerely believe, both from the good opinion I have of them, and thoſe non-declarations ſince: But that gentlemen who have the honour to be of the King's council, ſhould not know, that law and juſtice were to be obtained for the ſake of law and juſtice alone, I did not expect; that any of them ſhould particularly exert themſelves to procure numbers; ſhould appoint them to aſſemble about the time of coming from divine ſervice on Sunday; ſhould take poſt in the ſtreet, and importune people returning to their homes, with an intent to go in numbers to the Lieutenant Governor's, and in this manner to enforce ſuch a requeſt; that Mr. Mabane, then one of the council, and a judge of the common pleas, ſhould tell me, in excuſe for his conduct, that he thought that the greater the numbers, the more likely he was to ſucceed, as if by numbers he thought to intimidate and to make me ſwerve from my duty, as far as he has done from his. This, as it directly tends to overturn law, juſtice, and good government, appears to me very extraordinary from a counſellor and judge.

I muſt juſt add, for your information, Sir, that had I wreſted this power out of the hands of the chief juſtice, I ſhould have been guilty of diſobedience to the ſpirit and meaning of the 20th article of his Majeſty's inſtructions, which you have had ſome time in your hands.

The readineſs with which all deſiſted from coming up, on hearing my opinion of ſuch a proceeding, is a proof to me of the good intentions even of thoſe I do not know, and their future conduct I hope will confirm it to all the world.

Be pleaſed to communicate the above to the gentlemen who have ſubſcribed. I am, &c.

Quebec, November 29, 1766.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 5.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent MAJESTY,

The ADDRESS of the REPRESENTATIVES of the FREEMEN of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, in GENERAL ASSEMBLY met.

Moſt Gracious SOVEREIGN,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful, loyal, and faithful Subjects, the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, in General Aſſembly met, under a deep Senſe of Your Majeſty's great Condeſcenſion and Juſtice, beg Leave to render to Your Majeſty our unfeigned Thanks, for Your moſt gracious Aſſent to the Act, repealing the Law granting certain Stamp Duties in *America*. The paternal Concern for the Welfare and Proſperity of all Your Majeſty's Subjects, however remote, which Your Majeſty has demonſtrated on this very important Occaſion, cannot fail of fixing, in the Hearts of the good People of this Province, the moſt inviolable Affection and Loyalty to Your Royal Perſon and Government, and exciting their ſincereſt Prayers for the long Continuance of Your Majeſty on the Throne of thoſe extenſive Dominions, whoſe Happineſs and Glory have been the invariable Objects of Your Care and Attention.

The Aſſurance which Your Majeſty has been pleaſed to give us of "Your Approbation of the dutiful Behaviour of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, amidſt the too prevailing Diſtractions which have agitated the other Colonies," fills our Breaſts with Sentiments of the moſt reſpectful Gratitude, and demands our warmeſt Thanks: This Inſtance of Your Majeſty's Condeſcenſion and Goodneſs, muſt engage the People we repreſent to continue to recommend themſelves ſtill further, by their dutiful Behaviour, to Your Royal Favour and Protection.

We humbly entreat Your Majeſty will further permit us to embrace this Opportunity of expreſſing the high Senſe we entertain of the Juſtice and Tenderneſs of Your Parliament, who, ready to hear and conſider the Aggrievances of Your Majeſty's Subjects, have, upon a juſt Repreſentation of the unhappy Circumſtances of Your Colonies, manifeſted their good Diſpoſitions and Lenity to us, in our late diſtreſſed Situation.

Fully ſenſible how much the Happineſs of Your People depends on a perfect Harmony and Connection between *Great-Britain* and her Colonies, we aſſure Your Majeſty, that no Care or Endeavours ſhall be wanting, on our Part, to promote and eſtabliſh that Union of Affections and Intereſts, ſo eſſential to the Welfare of both, and to preſerve that Loyalty and Affection to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, which we eſteem to be one of their firſt and moſt important Duties.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,

June 6, 1766. JOSEPH FOX, *Speaker.*

The above Addreſs was preſented to His MAJESTY by Lord SHELBURNE, and met with a moſt gracious Reception.

COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES, 1767.

Mr. HILLEGAS, Mr. ROSS, Mr. FOULKE, Mr. HUMPHREYS, Mr. WEBB, Mr. M'PHERSON, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. WHITMAN, Mr. TAYLOR.

In ASSEMBLY, January 22, 1767. *P. M.*

Upon Motion, Ordered,

THAT the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES do meet as often, during the preſent Sitting of ASSEMBLY, as there may be Occaſion, to hear the Complaints of Perſons, who conceive themſelves aggrieved by any Public Officer of this Province, in the taking exorbitant Fees for Services done in the Diſcharge of his Office, or any other Public Grievance.

Ordered,

That the above *Order* of ASSEMBLY, with the Names of the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES, be publiſhed in the next weekly News-Paper.

A true Extract from the JOURNALS, *examined by*
CHARLES MOORE, *Clerk of* ASSEMBLY."

Arrived from this Port. The Captains Eaſtwick and Harriſon, at South-Carolina. And Captain Malowney, at Halifax.

⁂ Mr. SMITH's HISTORY of NEW-JERSEY is now ready to be delivered by D. HALL, at the *New-Printing-Office*, in *Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia*.

⁂ This Evening, at 6 o'Clock, will be expoſed to public Sale, at the London Coffee Houſe, the ſeveral Houſes and Lots, belonging to the Rev. WILLIAM STURGEON, agreeable to an Advertiſement in this Paper.

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

For why ſhould thine abide
Where wand'ring Shepherds turn their Flocks aſide.
PARNELL.

AT a Time when the unchriſtian Entertainments of the Theatre have ſo many Advocates, I hope I ſhall offend no good Man, in publiſhing a few Quotations from ſome of the Fathers of the Primitive Church, concerning Plays and Public Shews. But if it be objected, that Idolatry and Superſtition, the Diſorders againſt which the Fathers chiefly declaimed, are purged from the Modern Plays; it may be anſwered, that it is allowed, the modern Plays are exempt from Idolatry and Superſtition; but it muſt alſo be allowed, that they are not exempt from Impiety, Indecency and Impurity; and, therefore, come juſtly under the Cenſure of thoſe zealous Fathers.

Tertullian *affirms, That the Nature of the Faith, the Order of Truth, and the Law of the Chriſtian Diſcipline, abſolutely condemn the Diverſions of the Stage. When Theatres were firſt introduced, the heathen Magiſtrates often cauſed them to be pulled down, to preſerve that Purity of Manners, of which they foreſaw the inevitable Ruin, if the Liberty of Plays and Shews were permitted. If Tragedies and Comedies are Repreſentations of Crimes and irregular Paſſions, they are bloody, laſcivious and impious; for the Repreſentation of an enormous Crime, or ſhameful Thing, is not better than what it repreſents. And as we are not allowed to approve of a wicked Action, we are not allowed to approve of the Repreſentation of that Action. Thoſe who authoriſe the Stage, as much abaſe the Actors, as they exalt the Plays; they declare them infamous, deprive them of all Privileges, exclude them the Court, the Bar, the Senate, and all Honours and Dignities whatever. Then is not this a plain Confeſſion, that a Thing is evil, when thoſe who perform it, are noted with Infamy?*

Clemens Alexandrinus *ſaith,* Jeſus Chriſt *will not lead us to Shews, where Men and Women, in all the Allurement of Dreſs, gaze with laſcivious Looks on each other: The Theatre may juſtly be called the Chair of Peſtilence; for all that is done there, is full of Infection, Iniquity and Confuſion.*

It is with Reaſon, ſaith Municius Felix, *that we who profeſs Modeſty, and a good Life, abſtain from the Pleaſures of the Theatre, which is full of Obſcenity. Adulteries are there repreſented, or fulſomely recited; and the enſnaring Actor raiſes thoſe criminal Paſſions in others, which he feigns to feel himſelf.*

St. Cyprian, *teſtifying againſt the ſame Diſorders, ſaith, On the Stage you will ſee ſuch Things as will give you both Grief and Shame; Parricides, Inceſts, Adulteries, &c. are there ſo repreſented, that thoſe enormous Crimes ſeem to be actually committed. Thus Sins never die; and theſe criminal Actions are learnt by ſeeing them repreſented. Men and Women, who have gone chaſte to Plays, have returned full of Wantonneſs and Impurity. Thus do Players corrupt Manners, ſooth Vice, and incline to Debauchery.*

Lactantius Firmianus, *ſpeaking of the Players, hath theſe Expreſſions, What ſhall I ſay of theſe Buffoons, who keep a School of Debauchery, where, by repreſenting Adulteries, debauching of Virgins, Intrigues of Strumpets, teach to do the ſame Things over again. Which Way ſhall the baſhful Youth, the bluſhing Virgin turn, when ſuch Things are committed before them, without Shame? Thus Children are taught a Reliſh for Evil, before they are capable of knowing what it is. Let us then abhor theſe ſenſual Pleaſures, which lead us from God, and the good Works which we ought to do.*

St. Cyril, *Archbiſhop of* Jeruſalem, *admoniſhing the Believers, hath theſe Words, Beloved, do not ſuffer yourſelves to be led away by a Fondneſs for Plays, for they are full of Wantonneſs and Impurity.*

St. Chryſoſtom, *on the ſame Subject, ſaith, The Entertainments of the Stage are Enemies to Virtue, and Impediments in the Way to Sal-*

vation. And St. Auguſtin, *Fly from the public Shews, my Beloved; fly from theſe vile Theatres of the Devil, that you be not fettered in the Chains of that wicked Spirit.*

It would fill a large Volume, to quote all that the zealous Ancients and Fathers in the Church have left to the World, on this Subject; but what is here inſerted will ſerve to inform ſome, and revive on the Minds of others, that the moſt eminent among the Chriſtians, in the early Ages of Chriſtianity, conſidered Plays as great Impediments in the Way of Salvation, and therefore to be avoided by all who deſire to live virtuous Lives, and die in Peace with God.

[*For more* NEWS *ſee the third Column.*]

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 17s. 6d. Wheat 6s. 7d. Indian Corn 3s. Ship Bread 16s. 6d. Middling Ditto 28s. Pipe Staves 9l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. 10s. Beef 50s. Pork 72s. 6d. Weſt-India Rum 2s. 10d. New-England Ditto 2s. 0d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 40 to 60s. Melaſſes 23d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 13d. Pitch 16s. Tar 12s. Turpentine 22s. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Liſbon Salt 2s. 2d. Flax-ſeed 6s. Bohea Tea 5s. 3d. Hemp 6d. to 6d. Halfpenny. Bar Iron 24l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Squirrel, J. Monk, from New-York.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Squirrel, J. Monk, for North-Carolina, Brig Lucia Packet, L. Simmons, Liſbon. Brig Induſtry, T. Cragg, Dublin.

CLEARED. Brig Alexander, S. Watt, and Brig Tyrrel, J. Reed, to Antigua. Ship Probity, T. Laws, Barcelona.

A Good NURSE, with a fine Breaſt of Milk, who can be well recommended, would be glad of a Place in a reputable Family. Enquire of the Printers. † 1 W.

STRAYED or ſtolen from JAMES LOWNES, at the upper End of Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to John Philips's Rope Walks, on the Second Inſtant, at Night, a white Horſe, about 14 Hands high, between 9 and 10 Years old, has a ſhort Mane, and ſwitch Tail, and lately trimmed about the Feet. Whoever takes up and brings ſaid Horſe to the Owner, ſhall have Two Dollars Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ JAMES LOWNES.

TO BE SOLD,

A SERVANT Man, who has three Years and eight Months to ſerve; he is a ſtout able Man, and very fit for a Farm. The Purchaſer may have Time for Payment. For further Particulars apply to § JOHN MIFFLIN.

Academy in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia, Feb. 2, 1767.

To the PUBLIC.

MR. GARNER, having made an Application to Mr. Douglaſs, for his Aſſiſtance in Relieving the Diſtreſſes of many indigent Perſons, he became immediately deeply affected; but having nothing in his Power, at this critical Juncture, to contribute to their preſent Relief, yet to evince his future Intent of embracing the earlieſt Opportunity, and for the preſent, the deepeſt Concern that he cannot immediately exert his deſired Benevolence, has been ſo humane as to prevail with Mr. Woolls, Miſs Wainwright, Miſs Hallam, and others, to attend at the Aſſembly-Room, in Lodge Alley, on Thurſday, the 5th Inſtant, where will be a CONCERT of VOCAL and INSTUMENTAL MUSIC; the vocal Parts by Mr. WOOLLS, Miſs WAINWRIGHT, and Miſs HALLAM. The greateſt Care ſhall be taken to render the Entertainment pleaſing and ſatisfactory; and as the Money ariſing from this Charity is deſigned for the Poor and Diſtreſſed only, whatever the Sale of the Tickets amounts to, will be paid into the Hands of the Overſeers of the Poor, to beſtow it on Objects the moſt worthy of Commiſeration.

Tickets at 5s. each to be had, at the above Academy, at the Bar of the London Coffee-houſe, Mr. Francis's in Water-ſtreet, Mr. Biddle's at the Indian King, Mr. Little at the Indian Queen, Mr. Hawkins's in Walnut-ſtreet, and at Mr. Burns's in Second-ſtreet. ‡

WHEREAS George and John Kidd, late of Philadelphia, Shop-keepers, have aſſigned over all their effects and debts whatever, to us the ſubſcribers (truſtees in behalf of their creditors) we therefore deſire all perſons indebted to them to pay off their reſpective accounts by the firſt of March next, or otherwiſe they will be put into a lawyer's hands, as there is an immediate neceſſity for ſo doing; and all perſons having any demands againſt them, are deſired to ſend in their accounts ſpeedily to the ſubſcribers, who are fully empowered by Warrant of attorney, and otherwiſe, to tranſact and ſettle their affairs. MURRAY and BLAIR, MEASE and MILLER, JAMES STEWART, THOMAS DICAS.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 25th of January laſt, a young Negroe man, a tall ſlim fellow, ſpeaks bad Engliſh, named Gallinda. Any Perſon that will take up, or give information where he may be found, or of any perſon or perſons that conceals or harbours the ſaid Negroe, ſhall be fully rewarded for their trouble, by LATON ALBRO, or the Printer hereof.

All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry the ſaid Negroe away at their peril.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in Greenwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, New-Jerſey, bounding on Oldman's Creek, containing about 350 acres of land, about 28 acres thereof excellent dry ſwamp, about 70 acres of marſh, and about 45 acres of cleared land; the wood land chiefly well timbered. On the premiſes is a good dwelling-houſe and orchard; it is diſtant from Philadelphia market about 21 miles. For terms of ſale, enquire of JACOB STILLE, on the premiſes, or of JOHN STILLE, in Philadelphia. ‡ 6 W.

STEPHEN FOULK, and SON,

HAVE lately erected a ſaw-mill in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county, that works two ſaws at once; it cuts a great deal, and has plenty of good timber. Any perſon may be ſupplied with boards or ſcantling, delivered at Philadelphia, with care and diſpatch, by ſending their orders in a letter to the ſubſcriber, to the care of Mr. John Marſhall, Sadler, near Marcus-Hook.----And the neighbours may have boards or ſcantling, at Six Shillings per hundred, hauled to them, not exceeding 8 miles good road, nor leſs quantity than 500 feet. STEPHEN FOULK.‡

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation, on Great Timber Creek, it is now rented to Thomas Done, containing 200 acres, near 100 of which is wood land, and the reſt is cleared, 22 of which is good meadow, and the reſt is good for rye or Indian corn; there is a dwelling-houſe, milk-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, and a well of good water at the door; there is a large barn, ſtable and corn cribs, with a young bearing orchard, the fruit makes good cyder; it is about 8 miles and a half from William Cooper's Ferry, ſo that it is convenient for thoſe that have a mind to tend our market. The purchaſer, paying one third of the purchaſe money down, may have time to pay the reſt, giving ſecurity, if required, and paying intereſt. The place may be entered on the 25th of next month. For further particulars, enquire of DANIEL COOPER, or CHARLES WEST. Tbc

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TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, a valuable plantation, ſituate in Haverford townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 127 acres of land, within 8 miles of Philadelphia, it is near both griſt and ſaw-mill, with a good dwelling-houſe and weaver's ſhop adjoining, and a good ſpring and ſpring-houſe over it, a conſiderable quantity of orcharding, a good meadow, part watered, and more may be made, about two thirds cleared, and the remainder well timbered; the whole in good repair; with a public road through it, which may ſuit either a tradeſman or a farmer. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may have 50 acres more adjoining.

¶ WILLIAM LAWRENCE.

Philadelphia, February 2, 1767.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to the Publick Vendue Office of this City, that unleſs they pay off their reſpective Ballances before the 20th Day of February inſtant, their ſeveral Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without reſpect to Perſons.

¶ THOMAS LAWRENCE, Vendue Maſter.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY Evenings,
At JUDAH FOULKE and ROGER BOWMAN's
AUCTION-ROOM, in Front-ſtreet,
Will be continued the Sale of a valuable Collection of BOOKS.
Among which, this Evening, the Univerſal Hiſtory, in Folio.

Thoſe that have Books to diſpoſe of in this Manner, are deſired to be ſpeedy in ſending them, as they intend to cloſe the Sales in two Weeks.

Thoſe Gentlemen that bought Books at the Commencement of this Auction, are deſired to call at the Auction-Room, where Attendance is given to receive Payment for the ſame.

Philadelphia, January 18, 1767.

RUN away from the New-Ferry, a Negroe man, named London; he is about 5 feet 3 inches high, Barbados born; had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth jacket, a red under double breaſted ditto, a pair of red trowſers, good ſhoes and ſtockings; an iron about his leg, which he is apt to hide. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Negroe, and brings him to the New-Ferry, ſhall receive Four Dollars from SAMUEL AUSTIN.

N. B. All Perſons are forbid to harbour him. §

TO BE SOLD,

A Certain meſſuage or tenement, and tract or parcel of land, ſituate in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county, containing about 150 acres, commonly called and known by the name of GRUBB's TAVERN, having been a noted public-houſe for many years, and is an excellent good ſtage for travellers, being about halfway between Cheſter and Wilmington; it is a very pleaſant ſituation, and commands a fine proſpect on the river Delaware, and has a good landing on it for wood, or other country produce, to be tranſported to Philadelphia; there are good buildings, orchards and meadow on it, and a fine bottom, and good conveniency of mudding the upland.

Alſo another plantation, ſituate in the ſame Hundred, about half a mile from Naaman's creek mills, containing about 100 Acres, on which is a good dwelling-houſe, orchard and meadow, and a good conveniency for building a mill on the weſt branch of ſaid creek, there being a fine fall of water, and good ſituation for that purpoſe. For terms of ſale, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living in the borough of Cheſter. § ADAM GRUBB.

TO be ſold, by public Vendue, by the Subſcriber, on the Fourth Day of March next, at Michael Stadleman's, Innholder in Radnor, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, a valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 70 Acres, ten Acres whereof are extraordinary good Meadow Ground, and more may be made, as there is a conſtant Stream of Water running thro' the ſame; the Corn Land freſh and good; there are on ſaid Place a good Log Houſe, with two Fire-places, a Log Barn, and a good young bearing Orchard of above 100 Apple-trees, one Half whereof good grafted Fruit; the whole in tolerable good Repair. The Purchaſer paying one Half the Purchaſe-money down, may have twelve Month's Credit for the Remainder, giving Security, if required, to SAMUEL DAVIS. ¶

The ſaid Place, by Computation, is 13 Miles from Philadelphia, and one Mile from Lancaſter Road.

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the new THEATRE, in Southwark, To-morrow, being Friday, the 6th of February, will be preſented, a TAGEDY called the

ORPHAN of CHINA.

Timurkan, by a GENTLEMAN (being his ſecond Appearance) Zamti, by Mr. DOUGLASS. Zamphineri, by Mr. HALLAM. Hamet, by Mr. WALL. Octar, by Mr. ALLYN. Mirvan, by Mr. MORRIS. Morat, by Mr. TOMLINSON. Oraſming, by Mr. GRAVILLE. Zimventi, by Mr. WOOLLS. Meſſenger, by Mr. GODWIN. Arſace, by Mrs. TOMLINSON. Mandane, by Mrs. DOUGLASS.

The Original EPILOGUE, by Mrs. DOUGLASS.
With ENTERTAINMENTS, viz.
Singing by Mr. WOOLLS, and Miſs WAINWRIGHT. Dancing, by Mr. GODWIN.
To which will be added, a FARCE, called

HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.

To begin exactly at Six o'Clock.----*Vivant Rex & Regina.*

No Perſons can, on any Pretence whatſoever, be admitted behind the Scenes.----Tickets are ſold at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Mr. Francis's, at the Queen's Head, in Water-ſtreet, at Mr. George Hawkins's, in Walnut-ſtreet, and at Mrs. Scott's, in Lombard-ſtreet, where Places for the Boxes may be taken.----Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o'Clock, to keep their Places in the Boxes.----BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

WANTED for a Match,

A VERY gay bay GELDING, Country bred, 15 Hands and one Inch in Height, with a Star, not more than ſix or ſeven Years old, trots well, and has been uſed to a Carriage. Apply to WILLIAM TOD, Coach-maker, in Arch-ſtreet. ¶

To be SOLD by

WILSON and CARTER,

In Water-ſtreet, half Way between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

TENERIFFE Wine, Jamaica Spirits, Old Antigua Rum, Melaſſes in Hogſheads and Barrels, Loaf and Muſcovado Sugars, Chocolate, 3, 6, 10 and 12 d. Nails, Lamp and Tanner's Oil, in Barrels and Tierces, pickled Mackrel, Tar, and a few Kegs of Fall Butter. Tbctf.

To be SOLD by

JOHN WINTER,

In Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, at the Green Door and Porch,

A CHAMBER Organ, containing four Stops and a Half, in good Order, except being a little out of Tune. It will be ſold on very reaſonable Terms.

The ſaid Winter hereby informs the Public, that he ſtill continues his Buſineſs of Painting Coaches, Chariots, Chaiſes and Chairs; alſo Cyphers, Arms, and Ornaments of various Kinds, with Painting in general. He cleans, mends, and varniſhes Pictures of all Sorts, and paints or gilds Signs with Names thereon, in the neateſt Manner.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on Friday, the 20th Day of February inſt. at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Peter Dehaven, at the Corner of Fourth and Arch-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, a certain two Story Brick Meſſuage or Tenement (very ſuitable for a Baker, as there is an Oven for that Buſineſs erected in the Cellar) and a Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the North Side of Arch-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street, 18 Feet, and in Length or Depth, 70 Feet, bounded by Ground of Alexander Parker, and others; ſubject to a Ground-rent of 11 l. Curren cy per Annum; late the Eſtate of Henry Clyne, and Catherine his Wife; ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

WAS left in my cuſtody, by Captain Benjamin Holland, of the Ship Royal Charlotte, ſome time in November, 1765, a ſmall box of merchandize, marked M. A. K. No. 31, The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take it away. JAMES CRAIG.

N. B. Said box was advertiſed in the London Coffee-houſe books laſt fall.

St. CHRISTOPHER's, November 19.

On Saturday morning laſt, Nicholas Johnſon, the murderer and pirate, was publickly racked, purſuant to his ſentence, in St. Euſtatius. About 9 o'clock in the morning he was conducted out of the fort to the place appointed for his execution, where he was bound faſt with cords to an engine reſembling a St. Andrew's croſs. The executioner, with a great deal of deliberation, then proceeded to execute the law upon the criminal, breaking his right leg with a blow of an iron bar provided for that purpoſe. He bore the breaking of his legs and arms without a groan; but when his thighs came to be broke he made dreadful outcries. After all his limbs were thus mangled and ſhattered, he received twenty-two blows on his ſtomach before he expired. Some time before his execution he confeſſed that he had formerly been guilty of two murders; and acknowledged that he and his accomplice, Joſeph Andrews, intended to have murdered William Harris the day he eſcaped out of the boat. Johnſon was about 35 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, and a very chearful countenance: His behaviour after ſentence, and at the place of execution, was decent and reſigned, which makes us conclude, that, if he had lived as well as he died, his life would not have been brought to ſo ignominious a period.

Roſeau, in Dominica, November 12.

By a ſtate of the damages which were done by the hurricane at Martinico, in the night of the 13th of Auguſt, lately delivered in to the General of that iſland, by the commandant of each quarter, it appears that 6 churches were deſtroyed, 4 loſt their roofs; 57 whites were killed, 150 drowned, and 53 wounded; 148 negroes killed, and 416 wounded; 709 houſes deſtroyed, and 705 loſt their roofs; 81 ſugar works, 101 curing houſes, 78 ſtill houſes, 95 mills, 302 coffee houſes, 245 fuel houſes, and 6751 negroe houſes blown down; 62323 loaves, and 60 barrels of ſugar, loſt; 69 ſnows, brigs, ſloops or ſchooners, drove aſhore, and loſt, and 18 pettiaugres, and 27 canoe paſſengers, deſtroyed.

Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, December 9.

Accounts from the Cherokee country inform, that on the 11th ult. a number of thoſe Indians encamped about 5 miles from Fort Prince George, were ſurprized by a party of Northward Indians, who killed 3 men, 1 woman, 3 boys, and 1 girl, and carried away captive 1 boy, without any loſs to themſelves.

From Auguſta we learn, that the Mortar of the Creeks, and his party, were defeated by the Choctaws and Chickeſaws, but that the Mortar himſelf eſcaped; the laſt accounts from Fort Prince George, are much to the ſame purpoſe.

December 23. By Captain Henderſon, from Penſacola, we learn that a moſt terrible hurricane was felt there on the 22d of October, which had done much damage as well on ſhore as in the harbour: That the gale began at E. S. E. was extremely violent, from about 10 o'clock at night till 6 in the morning, when, the wind ſhifting to the W. S. W. it abated. That only four veſſels rode it out, not without receiving ſome damage; and all the reſt were driven aſhore, viz. The brig Rebecca, Robert Craig, maſter, from this port; a brig from the bay of Honduras, belonging to Jamaica, 4 of whoſe hands, and the owner's ſon, were drowned; four ſchooners and one ſloop, all of which were entirely loſt, except one of the ſchooners (a man of war's tender) that was likely to be got off. That the 2d inſt. his Majeſty's ſhip the Ferret, commanded by Capt. Murray, came in there from a cruize, entirely diſmaſted: And that five very rich Spaniſh galleons, from La Vera Cruz, bound for Havanna and Old Spain, were drove on ſhore in the Bay of St. Bernard, W. and S. of Penſacola, ſome time before the hurricane of the 22d of October, to whoſe relief a veſſel had been ſent from New-Orleans, but was ſuppoſed to be loſt; whereupon the Adventure man of war, commanded by Capt. Fitzherbert, ſailed from Penſacola the 11th of November, to give them all poſſible aſſiſtance.

Dec. 30. The General Aſſembly have ſent home a petition, to be preſented to his Majeſty, praying for the repeal of that act of the Britiſh Parliament, which reſtrains the emiſſion of paper currency in America, and that they may have leave to iſſue to the amount of £ 50,000 ſterling, leſs than which will not be ſufficient as a medium of trade.

NEW-YORK, February 2.

Since our laſt arrived here from Briſtol, the Ship Thomas and Waddell, Captain Caſtle, which Place he left the 8th of November; but meeting with contrary Gales of Wind, put into Milford the 14th, and on the 16th following in the Harbour of Milford they had ſuch a violent Gale of Wind, that every Veſſel there but a Dutch Ship and him were drove aſhore, and among them a Snow belonging to Mr. Cunningham, of Halifax; but it was expected they would be all got off again: The 15th of January, in Lat. 35:42, Long. 73, Captain Caſtle ſpoke with Captain Henderſon, in a Sloop from London for Maryland, 25 Days out.

Since our laſt arrived here by land from South-Carolina (where they arrived from Penſacola) Capt. Harry Gordon, and Lieut. Hutchins: They went with Col. Croghan, to the Illinois, and down the Miſſiſippi to Mobille and Penſacola.

The following Veſſels have put into South-Carolina in Diſtreſs, viz.

The 5th of December, the Sloop Hopewell, Daniel M'Coy, Maſter, from the Bay of Honduras, for Philadelphia, being in great Diſtreſs for Want of Water and Proviſions, and moſt of her Sails tore to Pieces in hard Gales of Wind.

The 29th, the Brig --------, Captain Fowler, of this Port, from Falmouth, blown off this Coaſt, much in Want of Neceſſaries.

The Sloop Dennis, Captain Field, from St. Kitts, in Diſtreſs.

The 28th, the Brig King George, Captain Bleak, of this Port, from the Bay of Honduras, ſprung a Leak at Beaufort, Port-Royal.

9th of January, the Sloop Friendſhip, James Burroughs, Maſter, from Rhode-Iſland for North-Carolina, but blown off. Alſo the Brig Rebecca, William Vernon Maſter, from Statia for Boſton, having been twice within two Leagues of Cape-Cod, but was blown off each time.

The three Criminals by the Names of John Williams, Iſaac Crawford, and Philip M'Carroll, who were to be executed this Day, are reprieved till Monday the 9th Inſt. as likewiſe the Negroe Wench Venus, belonging to the Widow Ball; when no further Time will be given.----This was obtained at the Interceſſion of Doctor Achmuty, from the unprepared Diſpoſition of thoſe unhappy Men.

Some Advertiſements omitted this Week for Want of Room, will be taken due Care of in our next.

To be Sold by public Vendue, on the 25th Day of March next,

A Saw-mill, and a good new Griſt-mill, with two Pair of Stones, two Water Wheels, and boults by Water, 10 Acres of Land thereunto belonging, a good Dwelling-houſe, and a large Stable on the Premiſes; is ſituated on a very good S tream called Upper Bare Brook, in Windſor Townſhip, Middleſex County, New-Jerſey; is handy to both Philadelphia and New-York Markets, Alſo a Tract of Land, containing 174 Acres, joining the Mills, with a new Dwelling-houſe, a good Log Kitchen, a large Barn, a good large young Orchard, containing near 200 Apple Trees, and 20 or 30 Acres of Meadow may be made. Likewiſe another Tract of Land, containing upwards of 300 Acres, with a Cedar Log-houſe, and a young Orchard, about 10 Acres of Meadow cleared fit for the Scythe, and 100 more may be made; it lies in Nottingham Townſhip, Burlington County, and Province aforeſaid. The Vendue to begin at 10 o'Clock at ſaid Mills. ¶ 5 W.

WHEREAS Sophia, Wife to Edward Conner, has ſtrolled from Place to Place theſe four Years paſt, and run me in Debt, unknown to me; theſe are therefore to give Notice to the Public, not to truſt nor give any thing to her on my Account, as I will not pay any Debts of her contracting after the Second of February Inſtant. EDWARD CONNER. ¶

THE Owners of the Townſhips of MONCKTON and FRANKFORD, in Nova Scotia, are deſired to meet on Friday, the 6th of February inſt. at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of Iſrael Jacobs, in Elbow Lane, in order to proceed to a Diviſion of ſaid Lands, purſuant to their Articles.

Philadelphia, November 18, 1766.

AS the Subſcriber intends to leave this Province in Six Months from the Date hereof, he will therefore diſpoſe of the following Eſtate.

One undivided third Part of Elizabeth Furnace, in Lancaſter County, and of the Lands thereunto belonging, containing 10,124 Acres.

One equal undivided fourth Part of Charming Forge, in Berks County, and of the Lands belonging to it, containing 3220 Acres.

The Subſcriber's Share of the Profits of the above-mentioned Works, have amounted to One Thouſand Pounds per Annum for theſe laſt ſix Years paſt; there is an inexhauſtible Quantity of the beſt Ore belonging to theſe Works, and Wood ſufficient to ſupply them for any Time to come.

Eight Acres of Meadow Ground, on Greenwich Iſland, adjoining the Lands of Charles Stedman.

One equal undivided third Part of the Town of Manheim, in Lancaſter County; the Ground-Rent of the Lots already lett, amounts to Three Hundred and Eight Pounds per Annum, and when all the Lots are lett, the Rent will amount to Five Hundred and Eighty Pounds per Annum.

Six Ten Acre Lots, adjoining the above-mentioned Town.

A valuable Plantation, in Donnegal Townſhip, Lancaſter County, containing 300 Acres, 2 Miles from the River Saſquehanna, and 15 Miles from Lancaſter; on this Plantation is erected a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, Stables, and Out-houſes; there is alſo good Meadows, and a good Orchard on this Place.

200 Acres of good Land, in Lancaſter County, unimproved, near Harris's Ferry.

A valuable Plantation, in Hunterdon Townſhip, York County, containing 520 Acres of Land; on this Place is erected a good Dwelling-houſe, Barn, Stables, and other Out-houſes; there are 150 Acres of good Meadow on this Place, Part of which is cleared.

A valuable Plantation, in the County of Cumberland, containing 300 Acres of Land, 12 Miles from Carliſle, whereon is erected a good Dwelling-houſe, Barn, &c.

6700 Acres of very good Land, in the County of Cumberland.

A Houſe and Lot in the Town of Reading, which now letts for Eight Pounds per Annum.

Three five Acre Lots, adjoining the Town of Reading, well improved, and lett for Five Pounds each per Annum.

A Houſe and Lot in Second-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, 18 Feet front, and 200 Feet deep, with the Privilege of an eight Feet Alley from Arch-ſtreet; the Houſe now letts for Seventy Pounds per Annum.

A Houſe and Lot in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, 18 Feet front, and 100 Feet deep; the Houſe letts for Fifteen Pounds per Annum.

A Houſe and Lot in Market-ſtreet, in ſaid City, 32 Feet front, and 48 Feet deep, with large back Buildings, Stables, Coach-Houſe, &c.

A Lot of Ground, adjoining the above, 31 Feet front.

A Lot of Ground, in the Town of New-Caſtle, 100 Feet front on the River, and 600 Feet deep.

A valuable Collection of Books, of near Two Thouſand Volumes, conſiſting of Divinity, Law, Phyſick, Hiſtory, &c. &c.

Alſo a few Cannon Stoves.

Any Perſon or Perſons inclining to purchaſe the above Eſtate, or any Part thereof, may enquire for further Particulars of the Subſcriber, at his Houſe, in Market-ſtreet. tbc 3 M

ALEXANDER STEDMAN.

To be SOLD by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 5th Day of February inſt. at 6 o'Clock in the Evening (if not diſpoſed of by private Sale, before that Time; otherwiſe of ſuch Part as may then ſo remain) as follows.

ONE two Story Brick Meſſuage, Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Moravian Alley or Bread-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, adjoining on the North the Meſſuage and Lot of Ground now or late of Mr. William Pyewell; on the Eaſt bounded by the aforeſaid Street or Alley; on the South with the next deſcribed Lot; and on the Weſt with Ground now or late of William Allen, Eſq; the Houſe is 16 Feet Front (including a Moiety of a three Feet Alley, which the Premiſes hath the full Extent of, over and under) has two ſpacious Rooms on each Floor, and a good Cellar and Garrets; a Pump in the Yard, and pailed Garden; ſubject to a Ground-rent of 16 s. and 6 d. Sterling per Annum.

One other two Story Brick Meſſuage, Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground, adjoining on the North the above deſcribed; on the Eaſt bounded by Moravian Alley or Bread-ſtreet; on the South by Quarry-ſtreet (leading out of Moravian Alley into Third-ſtreet) and on the Weſt by the next deſcribed; 16 Feet Front, furniſhed with the ſame Conveniences and Advantage as the preceding; ſubject to a Ground-rent of 12 s. 6 d. Sterling per Annum.

A Wooden Tenement, Bake-houſe, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the North Side of Quarry-ſtreet, bounded by the Tail Ends of the above two Lots on the North and Eaſt; on the South with Quarry-ſtreet; and on the Weſt with Ground now or late of William Allen, Eſq; the Oven's being built under Ground renders it very ſafe; a good Pump in the Yard; ſubject to a Ground-rent of 4 s. Sterling per Annum.

And on Thurſday, the 12th of February next, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, will be ſold by public Vendue (if not diſpoſed of by private Sale before that Time) a very valuable Houſe and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Second-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia; bounded on the North with the Meſſuage and Lot of Jacob Udree; on the Eaſt by Second-ſtreet; on the South by Ground of William Allen, Eſq; and on the Weſt by other Ground of the Subſcriber; the Houſe is 21 Feet two Inches Front (including the Moiety of an Alley, which the Premiſes hath the full Extent of, under and over) and the Lot in Depth about 165 Feet; a good two Story Brick Kitchen, with a Cellar, a Brick Waſh houſe joins the Houſe by a Piazza; a Pump in the Yard. The Situation of the Premiſes is well calculated for Buſineſs, and is one of the moſt improving Parts of the City; ſubject to a Term of about 3 Years and an Half (yet to come) of a Leaſe to Mr. Philip Bohm, at 60 l. per Annum. Any Perſon may view the Premiſes, and be informed of the Terms of Sale, by applying to

WILLIAM STURGEON.

Newtown, Bucks County, January 19, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 10th Day of February next, on the Premiſes, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Tract of 91 Acres of Land, in Plumſted Townſhip, on which there is a Log-houſe, bounded by Lands of William Allen, Eſq; Samuel Jones, and others; late the Property of Mark Overhold; ſeized and taken in Execution by WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff. *

Newtown, Bucks County, January 19, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 11th Day of February next, at the Houſe of Hugh M'Henry, in Hill-town, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, 50 Acres of Land, be the ſame more or leſs, on which there is a Log-houſe, bounded by Lands of Jeremiah Vaſtine, John Matthias, and others; late the Property of Henry Berrenger, now in the Poſſeſſion of Michael Fowler; ſeized and taken in Execution by WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff. 8

ATWOOD COWMAN, and his Creditors, who have any juſt Demands againſt the Eſtate of James Child, are requeſted to lodge their Accounts with the Subſcriber, on or before the Firſt Day of March next, at which Time a Dividend will be paid them, by FRANCIS RICHARDSON.

N. B. Thoſe who neglect this Notice, will be excluded.

Newtown, Bucks County, January 19, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 12th Day of February next, on the Premiſes, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a valuable Plantation, in Warminſter Townſhip, containing 320 Acres of Land, on which there is a Log-houſe, a Stone Barn, and a Saw-mill, bounded by Lands of John Crawford, and others; late the Property of Robert Walker; ſeized and taken in Execution by

• WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks County, January 19, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, at the Houſe of Thomas Wilſon, in Northampton Townſhip, on the 13th Day of February next, a Tract of 80 Acres of Land, bounded by Lands of Benjamin Coarſan, and other Lands of Cornelius Coarſan; late the Property of ſaid Cornelius Coarſan; ſeized and taken in Execution by

• WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Friday, the ſixth day of February inſt. on the premiſes, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, A certain meſſuage, tenement, and lot or piece of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſt-ſide of Front-ſtreet, in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 18 feet, and in length or depth about 70 feet; bounded by ground of James Clark, and others; late the eſtate of Evan Morris, ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Friday, the ſixth day of February inſt. at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-Houſe, A certain meſſuage or tenement, and tanyard and lot or piece of Ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, on the eaſt-ſide of the old York road, and on the ſouth-ſide of a certain 45 feet lane, containing in breadth, on ſaid lane, 90 feet, and in length or depth, on the old York road aforeſaid, 200 feet; bounded eaſtward with ground whereof this was part; ſouthward by a certain run of water, commonly called Peg's Run; weſtward by the ſaid York road; and northward by the lane aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of l. 15 15 0 currency per annum; late the eſtate of John Elliot; ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Monday, the 9th day of February inſt. at the Widow Mackinet's, in Germantown, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, A certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the northeaſt-ſide of Germantown main-ſtreet, containing about 3 acres and a half. Alſo a certain tract or piece of land, ſituate in Bockius's Lane, in Germantown townſhip, containing about 37 acres and a half, having a ſtone meſſuage and barn thereon erected; late the eſtate of John Adams, and Eliſabeth Barbara, his wife; ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM PARR, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Monday, the 9th day of February inſt. on the premiſes, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, One Fifth Part of, in and to a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Beggar's Town, in Germantown townſhip, containing about 30 acres, having a barn thereon erected; late the eſtate of John Coughlin; ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Friday, the 13th day of February inſt. at the houſe of John Shiveley, in Marlborough townſhip, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, tenement, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Marlborough townſhip aforeſaid, containing about 50 acres, bounded by lands of John Shiveley, and others; late the eſtate of Joſeph Keller; ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, on Tueſday, the 10th day of February inſt. about two o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of 200 acres of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Eaſt Nottingham, in the county of Cheſter, bounded by lands of Philip Scott, deceaſed, Robert Harvey, Philip Tanner, Eliſha Gatchell, and others; late the eſtate of John Scott, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, on Wedneſday, the 11th day of February inſt. about one o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, and two pieces or parcels of land, containing in the whole about 80 acres, with a moiety of a water corn or griſt mill, and the appurtenances thereunto belonging, ſituate and being in the townſhip of New-London, in the county of Cheſter; late the eſtate of John Henderſon, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 12th day of February inſt. about one o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of about 100 acres of land thereunto belonging, having a barn, and other conveniencies thereon, ſituate in the townſhip of Londongrove, in the county of Cheſter, bounded by lands of James Wilſon, William Montgomery, and others; late the eſtate of John Wilſon, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, on Saturday, the 14th day of February inſt. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, and lot or piece of land thereunto belonging, containing 5 acres, and 3 quarters of an acre, ſituate in the townſhip of Lower Chicheſter, in the county of Cheſter, bounded by lands of William Lindſay, Richard Moore, and Peter Valeau; late the eſtate of Martin Carter, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on the premiſes, on Friday, the 18th day of February inſt. about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, a meſſuage, plantation and tract of tolerable good land, containing 200 Acres, thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt Caln, in the county of Cheſter, with a barn and orchard thereon, bounded by lands of Thomas Clark, John Reed, James Douglaſs, and others; late the eſtate of Matthew Rogers, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

RUN away from his Bail (the Subſcriber) living in Philadelphia, near the Drawbridge, about the Firſt of December laſt, one Charles Dallomar, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, of a ſlender Stature, by Trade a Cooper, dark Complexion, wore a brown Coat, and black Wig, and reports in common, it is for getting a Girl with Child he was obliged to leave this Place. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Dallomar, in any Goal in this Province, or brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ JOHN SPENCE.

TO be Sold, at public Vendue, on the 10th Day of the Second Month, a Lot of Land, ſituate in Concord Townſhip, Cheſter County, containing about 10 Acres, the greateſt Part whereof cleared, and one Half good Meadow; alſo an Orchard, containing 100 Apple Trees, which bear good Fruit; a large Brick Dwelling-houſe, with Fire-places in each Room, all cellared under, and paved with Brick; alſo a Houſe and Kitchen adjoining, with ſeveral Rooms and Fire-places, a Well of Water at the Door, Stables, and other Out-houſes; late the Property of Robert Wilſon, deceaſed. Said Place is well ſituated for public Buſineſs, being about 8 Miles from Cheſter, on the great Road that leads from thence to Concord Meeting-houſe, and has been a well-accuſtomed Shop or Store for 30 Years paſt. The Title is indiſputable. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may know the Terms of Sale at or before the Vendue, by applying to REES PETERS, living near the Premiſes. If ſaid Place is not ſold at the Vendue, it will be rented for a Term of Years. There is alſo to be ſold, at ſaid Vendue, a Quantity of Shop Goods, a Horſe and Cow, a good Clock, Caſes of Drawers, Tables, Chairs, Feather Beds and Bedding, and a Variety of Houſhold Goods, too tedious here to mention. Attendance and reaſonable Credit will be given, by

REES PETERS, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock, and to continue from Day to Day, until all is ſold. ¶

NOW in the Goal of Cecil County, Maryland, a white Servant Man, named Daniel M'Clane, ſuppoſed to belong to William Denny, of Uwchland Townſhip, as he advertiſed ſuch a Perſon ſome Time ſince: This is therefore to give Notice to whomſoever he does belong, that unleſs they come in ſix Weeks from the Date hereof, and pay his Goal Fees, and other Coſts, he will be ſold out for the ſame, according to an Act of the Province of Maryland, by

DANIEL TURNER, Goaler and Under Sheriff.

N. B. There is likewiſe in ſaid Goal, a new Negroe Man, named Sam, about 30 Years of Age, ſuppoſed to belong to one Abraham Cunningham, near Lancaſter, as he calls his Maſter Ubey, or Abraham Cunningham. December 21, 1766.

ON the 19th Day of February inſt. will be ſold, by public Vendue, at the Widow Riſley's, in Great Egg-Harbour Townſhip, Glouceſter County, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, lying in Great Egg-Harbour Townſhip.

No. 1. Beginning at a Pine Tree, ſtanding near the Head of the North Branch of Abſecomb Creek, and from thence it extends South 69 Degrees Weſt, 140 Chains, to a Black oak Tree, for a Corner; thence North 21 Degrees Weſt, 84 Chains, to a Pine Tree, for a Corner; thence North 69 Degrees Eaſt, 140 Chains, to a Poſt; thence South 21 Degrees Eaſt, 84 Chains, to the Pine Tree firſt named, containing 1133 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 2. One other Tract, beginning at a Poſt ſtanding on the South Eaſt Side of a ſmall Iſland, by the Channel that comes from Abſecomb Inlet, and runs into the Bay; and from thence it is bounded by the ſaid Channel Northweſtwardly to the Bay; thence bounding by the Edge of the Bay to the Mouth of a Thoroughfare; then bounding by the ſaid Thoroughfare, to the Poſt firſt named, containing 93 Acres, and the uſual Allowance.

No. 3. One other Tract, beginning at a Pine Tree by the Head of Tanner's Run, and runs North 15 Chains, to a Black-oak Sapling; thence North 74 Degrees Eaſt, 14 Chains, to a Black-oak Sapling; thence South 24 Degrees Eaſt, 23 Chains, to a Pine Tree, by the ſaid Tanner's Run; thence up the ſaid Run the ſeveral Courſes thereof, and bounding therewith, to the Place of beginning, containing 37 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 4. One other Tract, beginning at a White-oak, about 20 Perches from the Bridge on Beaver Run, and on the North Side of ſaid Run; thence North 13 Degrees Weſt, 32 Chains, to a Pine Tree; thence Weſt 57 Chains, to a Black-oak; thence South 13 Degrees Eaſt, 43 Chains, to a ſtake near a White-oak, marked on four Sides; thence North 85 Degrees Eaſt, 46 Chains, to a Black-oak Sapling; thence North 48 Degrees Eaſt, 11 Chains, to the Place of beginning, containing 223 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 5. One other Tract, beginning at a White-oak, on the South Side of a Branch of Little Egg-Harbour River, and runs thence North 55 Degrees Weſt, 20 Chains, to a White oak; thence South 56 Degrees Weſt, 29 Chains, to a Stake; thence South 20 Degrees Eaſt, 14 Chains, to a White-oak Sapling; thence North 66 Degrees Eaſt, 20 Chains, to a Stake; thence North 61 Degrees Eaſt, 20 Chains, to the Place of beginning, containing 54 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 6. One other Tract, containing 126 Acres; all lying in Egg Harbour Townſhip. The original Purchaſer was Thomas Simpſon of London, and now to be ſold by Joſeph Mitchell, of Blockley, in the County of Philadelphia, who will make an indiſputable Title. Any Perſon or Perſons that may be inclinable to purchaſe all or any Part of the above Lands before the Day of Sale, may know the Terms, and Quality of the Land, by applying to WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq; of Philadelphia, JOHN LADD, Eſq; who ſurveyed Part of the above Lands, or JOSEPH MITCHELL.

Said Mitchell has ſome French Burr Millſtones, lately arrived, which will be ſold very reaſonable. Enquire of Mr. Daniel Williams, Merchant in Philadelphia.

Lancaſter Priſon, Jan. 14, 1767.

NOW detained for his Fees, in the Priſon of this Borough, a certain Richard Wilſon; theſe are therefore to acquaint thoſe whom it may concern, that if the above Wilſon (he being a Servant) is not releaſed within 21 Days from the Date hereof, he will be ſold out for ſaid Fees by

† MATTHIAS BUGH, Goaler.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Baltimore County, Maryland, the two following Convict Servant Men, viz. Francis Edwin, a ſhort thick well ſet Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, round full Face, hazle Eyes, of a yellowiſh Complexion, and has a thick ſandy red Beard; had on and with him, a light coloured Fearnought Jacket, an old Felt Hat, a Country Linen Shirt and Trowſers, a Pair of old Leather Breeches, white Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and a Pair of Dog-ſkin Pumps, with yellow Metal Buttons in them. John Evans, by Trade a Shoemaker, aged about 21 Years, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, of a dark Complexion, black Eyes, ſhort black Hair, and thin black Beard: Had on and with him, a yellow Cotton, and a black Cloth Jacket, with a Cape and Horn Buttons, an Ozenbrigs and a Check Shirt, old Felt Hat, old Leather Breeches, Yarn Stockings, and a Pair of Dog-ſkin Pumps, with Strings in them. Whoever takes up ſaid Servants, and ſecures them in any Goal, ſo as they may be had again, ſhall have the above Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS, or TEN for either, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by ROBERT TEVES. ¶

JOSEPH BRUFF, GOLDSMITH,

At Talbot Court-Houſe,

HAVING procured a Hand from Glaſgow, that has been regularly bred a Watch-Finiſher, takes this Method to inform the Public, that he undertakes to make and repair either Repeating or plain Clocks and Watches. He alſo carries on the Goldſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſs as uſual. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen that ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend upon having their Work done in the neateſt and beſt Manner, and at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

N. B. He gives the beſt Prices for old Gold, Silver and Braſs. §

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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

The Effects of HABITUAL MISERY, *exemplified in the Life of a diſabled* SOLDIER.

NO obſervation is more common, and at the ſame time more true, than That one half of the world are ignorant how the other half lives. The misfortunes of the great are held up to engage our attention; are enlarged upon in tones of declamation; and the world is called upon to gaze at the noble ſufferers: The great, under the preſſure of calamity, are conſcious of ſeveral others ſympathiſing with their diſtreſs; and have, at once, the comfort of admiration and pity.

There is nothing magnanimous in bearing misfortunes with fortitude when the whole world is looking on: Men in ſuch circumſtances will act bravely even from motives of vanity; but he who, in the vale of obſcurity, can brave adverſity; who, without friends to encourage, acquaintances to pity, or even without hope to alleviate his misfortunes, can behave with tranquillity and indifference, is truly great: Whether peaſant or courtier, he deſerves admiration, and ſhould be held up for our imitation and reſpect.

While the ſlighteſt inconveniencies of the great are magnified into calamities; while tragedy mouths out their ſufferings in all the ſtrains of eloquence, the miſeries of the poor are intirely diſregarded; and yet ſome of the lower rank of people undergo more real hardſhips in one day, than thoſe of a more exalted ſtation ſuffer in their whole lives. It is inconceivable what difficulties the meaneſt of our common ſailors and ſoldiers endure, without murmuring or regret; without paſſionately declaiming againſt Providence, or calling their fellows to be gazers on their intrepidity. Every day is to them a day of miſery, and yet they entertain their hard fate without repining.

With what indignation do I hear an Ovid, a Cicero, or a Rabutin, complain of their misfortunes and hardſhips, whoſe greateſt calamity was that of being unable to viſit a certain ſpot of earth, to which they had fooliſhly attached an idea of happineſs. Their diſtreſſes were pleaſures, compared to what many of the adventuring poor every day endure without murmuring. They eat, drank, and ſlept; they had ſlaves to attend them, and were ſure of ſubſiſtance for life; while many of their fellow-creatures are obliged to wander, without a friend to comfort or aſſiſt them, and even without a ſhelter from the ſeverity of the ſeaſon.

I have been led into theſe reflections from accidentally meeting, ſome days ago, a poor fellow, whom I knew when a boy, dreſſed in a ſailor's jacket, and begging at one of the outlets of the town, with a wooden leg. I knew him to be honeſt and induſtrious when in the country, and was curious to learn what had reduced him to his preſent ſituation. Wherefore, after giving him what I thought proper, I deſired to know the hiſtory of his life and misfortunes, and the manner in which he was reduced to his preſent diſtreſs. The diſabled ſoldier, for ſuch he was, though dreſſed in a ſailor's habit, ſcratching his head, and leaning on his crutch, put himſelf into an attitude to comply with my requeſt, and gave me his hiſtory as follows.

'As for my misfortunes, maſter, I can't pretend to have gone through any more than other folks; for, except the loſs of my limb, and my being obliged to beg, I don't know any reaſon, thank Heaven, that I have to complain; there is Bill Tibbs, of our regiment, he has loſt both his legs, and an eye to boot; but, thank Heaven, it is not ſo bad with me yet.

'I was born in Shropſhire, my father was a labourer, and died when I was five years old; ſo I was put upon the pariſh. As he had been a wandering ſort of a man, the pariſhioners were not able to tell to what pariſh I belonged, or where I was born, ſo they ſent me to another pariſh, and that pariſh ſent me to a third. I thought in my heart, they kept ſending me about ſo long, that they would not let me be born in any pariſh at all; but, at laſt, however, they fixed me. I had ſome diſpoſition to be a ſcholar, and was reſolved, at leaſt, to know my letters; but the maſter of the workhouſe put me to buſineſs as ſoon as I was able to handle a mallet; and here I lived an eaſy kind of life for five years. I only wrought ten hours in the day, and had my meat and drink provided for my labour. It is true, I was not ſuffered to ſtir out of the houſe, for fear, as they ſaid, I ſhould run away: But what of that, I had the liberty of the whole houſe, and the yard before the door, and that was enough for me. I was then bound out to a farmer, where I was up both early and late; but I eat and drank well, and liked my buſineſs well enough till he died, when I was obliged to provide for myſelf; ſo I was reſolved to go and ſeek my fortune.

'In this manner I went from town to town, worked when I could get employment, and ſtarved when I could get none: When happening one day to go through a field belonging to a Juſtice of peace, I ſpied a hare croſſing the path juſt before me; and I believe the devil put it in my head to fling my ſtick at it:---Well, what will you have on't? I killed the hare, and was bringing it away in triumph, when the Juſtice himſelf met me: He called me a poacher and a villain; and collaring me, deſired I would give an account of myſelf: I fell upon my knees, begged his Worſhip's pardon, and began to give a full account of all that I knew of my breed, ſeed, and generation; but, though I gave a very good account, the Juſtice would not believe a ſyllable I had to ſay; ſo I was indicted at ſeſſions, found guilty of being poor, and ſent up to London to Newgate, in order to be tranſported as a vagabond.

'People may ſay this and that of being in jail; but, for my part, I found Newgate as agreeable a place as ever I was in all my life. I had my belly-full to eat and drink, and did no work at all. This kind of life was too good to laſt for ever; ſo I was taken out of priſon, after five months, put on board a ſhip, and ſent off, with two hundred more, to the plantations. We had but an indifferent paſſage, for, being all confined in the hold, more than a hundred of our people died for want of ſweet air; and thoſe that remained were ſickly enough, God knows. When we came aſhore we were ſold to the planters, and I was bound for ſeven years more. As I was no ſcholar, for I did not know my letters, I was obliged to work among the Negroes; and I ſerved out my time as in duty bound to do.

'When my time was expired, I worked my paſſage home, and glad I was to ſee Old England again, becauſe I loved my country. I was afraid, however, that I ſhould be indicted for a vagabond once more, ſo did not much care to go down into the country, but kept about the town, and did little jobbs when I could get them.

I was very happy in this manner for ſome time, till one evening, coming home from work, two men knocked me down, and then deſired me to ſtand. They belonged to a preſs-gang: I was carried before the juſtice, and, as I could give no account of myſelf, I had my choice left whether to go on board a man of war, or liſt for a ſoldier. I choſe the latter; and, in this poſt of a Gentleman, I ſerved two campaigns in Flanders, was at the battles of Val and Fontenoy, and received but one wound, through the breaſt here; but the doctor of our regiment ſoon made me well again.

'When the peace came on I was diſcharged; and, as I could not work becauſe my wound was ſometimes troubleſome, I liſted for a landman in the Eaſt-India Company's ſervice. I here fought the French in ſix pitched battles; and I verily believe, that, if I could read or write, our Captain would have made me a Corporal. But it was not my good fortune to have any promotion, for I ſoon fell ſick, and ſo got leave to return home again with 40 l. in my pocket. This was at the beginning of the late war, and I hoped to be ſet on ſhore, and to have the pleaſure of ſpending my money; but the Government wanted men, and ſo I was preſſed for a ſailor before ever I could ſet foot on ſhore.

'The boatſwain found me, as he ſaid, an obſtinate fellow; he ſwore he knew that I underſtood my buſineſs well, but that I ſhammed Abraham, merely to be idle; but God knows, I knew nothing of ſea-buſineſs, and he beat me, without conſidering what he was about. I had ſtill, however, my forty pounds, and that was ſome comfort to me under every beating; and the money I might have had to this day, but that our ſhip was taken by the French, and ſo I loſt all.

Our crew was carried into Breſt, and many of them died, becauſe they were not uſed to live in a jail; but, for my part, it was nothing to me, for I was ſeaſoned. One night, as I was ſleeping on the bed of boards, with a warm blanket about me (for I always loved to lie well) I was awakened by the boatſwain, who had a dark lanthorn in his hand: 'Jack,' ſays he to me, 'Will you knock out the French centry's brains?' I don't care, ſays I, ſtriving to keep myſelf awake, if I lend a hand. 'Then follow me,' ſays he, 'and I hope we ſhall do buſineſs.' So up I got, and tied my blanket, which was all the cloaths I had, about my middle, and went with him to fight the Frenchmen. I hate the French, becauſe they are all ſlaves, and wear wooden ſhoes.

'Though we had no arms, one Engliſhman is able to beat five French at any time; ſo we went down to the door, where both the centries were poſted, and, ruſhing upon them, ſeized their arms in a moment, and knocked them down. From thence, nine of us ran together to the quay, and ſeizing the firſt boat we met, got out of the harbour, and put to ſea. We had not been here three days, before we were taken up by the Dorſet privateer, who were glad of ſo many good hands; and we conſented to run our chance. However, we had not as much luck as we expected. In three days we fell in with the Pompadour privateer, of forty guns, while we had but twenty-three; ſo to it we went, yard-arm and yard-arm. The fight laſted for three hours, and I verily believe we ſhould have taken the Frenchman, had we but had ſome more men left behind; but, unfortunately, we loſt all our men, juſt as we were going to get the victory.

'I was once more in the power of the French, and I believe it would have gone hard with me, had I been brought back to Breſt; but, by good fortune, we were retaken by the Viper. I had almoſt forgot to tell you, that, in that engagement, I was wounded in two places; I loſt four fingers of the left hand, and my leg was ſhot off. If I had had the good fortune to have loſt my leg, and uſe of my hand, on board a King's ſhip, and not aboard a privateer, I ſhould have been intitled to cloathing and maintainance, during the reſt of my life; but that was not my chance: One man is born with a ſilver ſpoon in his mouth, and another with a wooden ladle. However, bleſſed be God, I enjoy good health, and will for ever love liberty and Old England. Liberty, property, and Old England, for ever, huzza!"

Thus ſaying, he limped off, leaving me in admiration at his intrepidity and content; nor could I avoid acknowledging, that an habitual acquaintance with miſery ſerves better than philoſophy to teach us to deſpiſe it.

The MANAGERS of the *Pennſylvania* HOSPITAL

HEREBY give Notice, That there is now Occaſion for a MATRON, to undertake the Care and Management of that Inſtitution. Any Perſon who is WILLING and CAPABLE to perform thoſe Services, is requeſted to ſend her Name, and Place of Abode, to ſome one of the Managers. Tbc.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable Farm, ſituate on the River-Delaware, in the County of Hunterdon, and Province of New-Jerſey, containing 340 Acres of Land, 170 Acres of which are cleared, and in good Fence; the remainder is well timbered. There is on the ſaid Farm a very good Stone Houſe and Kitchen; a good Barn and Waggon-houſe; alſo a very good Orchard; it is ſituate about 30 Miles from Philadelphia, 18 from Trenton, and 3 from Coryell's Ferry; the cleared Land, as well as the Wood Land, is very good for Wheat, Graſs and Indian-Corn; 40 Acres of the cleared Land is very rich Interval, and produces a conſiderable Burden of Graſs. For Terms of Sale, enquire of GEORGE ELY, near the Premiſes, or JOHN IMLAY, at Borden Town.

One other Farm, ſituate on Croſwick's Creek, in the County of Burlington, and Province of New-Jerſey, containing 220 Acres of Land, the whole in good Fence, about 170 Acres is cleared, the remainder is well timbered; about 30 Acres of the cleared Land is very rich Interval, and produces a conſiderable Burden of Graſs. The whole Tract is good for Wheat, Indian-Corn and Graſs. On the ſaid Farm is a very good Houſe and Kitchen, a good Barn, and ſundry Out-Houſes; a good Orchard, and very neat Garden. It is ſituate about 30 Miles from Philadelphia, 3 from Borden Town, and 2 from Croſwick's Meeting-Houſe. For Terms of Sale, enquire of JOHN IMLAY, at Borden Town. tbctf.

Newtown, Bucks County, February 6, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 2d Day of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of William Reeder, Inn-keeper in Plumſted, a Lot of 5 Acres of Land, be it more or leſs, bounded by Land of Benjamin Rich, and others, on which there is a Stone Houſe; late the Property of Samuel Rich, taken in Execution, and to be ſold by ‖ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks County, February 6, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, at the Houſe of Eleanor Kelly, Inn-keeper, on the 3d Day of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, in Hilltown Townſhip, a Plantation and Tract of 190 Acres of Land, be it more or leſs, bounded by Lands of Eleanor Kelly, and others; late the Property of William Williams, taken in Execution, and to be ſold by ‖ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks County, February 6, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 4th Day of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at John Craig's Tavern, in Warrington Townſhip, a Plantation and Tract of 202 Acres of Land, in New-Britain Townſhip, bounded by Land of Richard Walker, Eſq; and others, on which there is a good Stone Houſe, a Log Barn, 15 Acres of good Meadow, and a good Orchard; late the Property of John Davis deceaſed, and now in the Poſſeſſion of Henry Darrough; taken in Execution, and to be ſold by

‡ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, February 4, 1767.

TO be SOLD by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 10th of March next, or any Time before at private Sale, by JOSEPH PHIPPS, Senior, of Uwchland Townſhip, in Cheſter County, all his real Eſtate, conſiſting of about 900 Acres of Land, which is allowed by good Judges to be one of the beſt Tracts of Land in Cheſter County; it will ſuit to divide in four Farms, or more, viz.

1. A valuable Farm of about 500 Acres, 200 Acres cleared, and in good Fence, the Remainder well timbered and watered; it is kind good Land for Grain and Graſs, a ſufficient Quantity of watered Meadow cleared, and in Clover, Timothy and other fine Graſs, to feed 100 Head of Cattle yearly. On ſaid Premiſes is pleaſantly ſituated a good Stone Houſe, Barn, and other Out-houſes, a good bearing Orchard, &c.

2. About 100 Acres of Land, whereon is a Log Dwelling-houſe, a good Merchant Mill, with two Pair of Stones, will grind 10 or 15 Buſhels in One Hour; the Mill-Houſe is large, and built of Stone, and has Plenty of Water; the Land is good for Grain and Graſs; about 35 Acres cleared, the reſt well timbered; 40 Acres of Meadow may be made on this Part.

3. About 200 Acres of Land, whereon is a Stone Dwelling-houſe, a Barn, a good bearing Orchard, about 60 Acres of cleared Land, the reſt well timbered and watered; 30 Acres of watered Meadow may be made on this Part; alſo a good Conveniency to build a Saw-Mill and Fulling-Mill.

4. About 100 Acres of Land, whereon is a Log Dwelling-houſe, a good Merchant Mill, with two Pair of Stones, will grind 10 or 15 Buſhels in One Hour; the Mill-Houſe is large, and built of Stone, and has Plenty of Water, about 40 Acres is cleared Land, 10 Acres whereof is Meadow, the Remainder well wooded and watered. The above-mentioned Tract of Land is 33 Miles from Philadelphia, on the Provincial Road leading to Lancaſter, where Plenty of choice good Wheat may be had, more than they can grind.

N. B. The Purchaſer of any of the above Premiſes may have ſeveral Years to pay the Purchaſe Money, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the above recited Premiſes before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subſcriber, living on the firſt-mentioned Farm, who will give an indiſputable Title for the ſame, or any Part thereof.

❊ 4 W. JOSEPH PHIPPS, Senior.

To be SOLD,

A VALUABLE Lot or Tract of unimproved Land, ſituate in the County of Suſſex, New-Jerſey, about 3 Miles from Andover Furnace, bounded as follows. Beginning at a White Oak, in Briarley's Line, marked G. G. being Richard Green's Corner; thence S. W. 46 Chains to a Stone, for a Corner in Briarley's Line; thence 46 Chains S. E. along the Line that croſſes the Tract, to a Stone for a Corner; thence N. E. 46 Chains, to a Spaniſh Oak, it being a Corner of the whole Tract, whereof this was a Part; and thence N. W. 46 Chains, to the firſt mentioned Corner; containing upwards of 200 Acres. The Soil is good, Meadow Ground plenty, and the Timber, of which there is great Plenty, muſt be very valuable, being ſo nigh to a Furnace. The Title is indiſputable. For Terms apply to Mr. Jonathan Furman, at Amwell, Joſeph Reed, junior, Eſq; at Trenton, or Moore Furman, Merchant at Philadelphia. †

Philadelphia, February 7, 1767.

TO be Sold, purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of Samuel Hopper, deceaſed, at public Vendue, to the higheſt Bidder, on the 30th Day of March next, on the Premiſes, a Tract of Land, pleaſantly ſituated near the Mouth of Raccoon Creek, in Greenwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, Weſt New-Jerſey, containing 133 Acres, with a new Frame Dwelling houſe, having two Rooms on a Floor, a Kitchen, and other Out-buildings, and a good Orchard; the Fields well fenced, and the Woodland chiefly well timbered, being about a Mile from a good Landing on Raccoon Creek. Alſo a Lot of good drained Meadow, free for ever from maintaining Bank or Sluice, lying about one Mile diſtant from ſaid Plantation, near Delaware. Likewiſe 25 Acres of Cedar Swamp, about a Mile and an Half from ſaid Plantation; the whole containing 163 Acres. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock. Where due Attendance will be given, and the Conditions made known, by

⊕ JAMES HINCHMAN, Executor.

TO be SOLD, at public Vendue, on the Second Day of March, a Plantation, ſituate in Plumſted Townſhip, Bucks County, containing about 125 Acres, whereon are erected two Dwelling-houſes, and a Barn; there are on ſaid Plantation two young Orchards, about 8 Acres of Meadow cleared, and more may be made; 70 Acres of Upland cleared, and the reſt well timbered. The great Road leading from Philadelphia to Eaſtown goes through the above Plantation, which makes it very convenient for Trade. The Title is indiſputable. Attendance and reaſonable Credit will be given at the Time and Place of Sale, by MARGARET JONES, and SAMUEL JONES, Execut. ‡

February 4, 1767.

STOLEN, laſt Wedneſday Night out of the Smoke-houſe of Henry Court, near Pool's Bridge, in the Northern Liberties, ſix Skins, viz. two large Buckſkins, one middle ſized Ditto, and three Fawn Skins. Whoever brings them to HENRY COURT, *in Second-ſtreet, near the Barracks, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward.* ¶

A CHINESE ANECDOTE.

THE laſt Emperor of China was one of the greateſt Monarchs of his age, and for nothing more celebrated, than the vigour and ſtrictneſs of his juſtice; but he was warm in his purſuits of pleaſure, and impatient of interruption, when his mind was intent upon it.---The Viceroy of one of the provinces of that vaſt empire, that lay moſt remote from the imperial city, had wrongfully confiſcated the eſtate of an honeſt merchant, and reduced his family to the extremeſt miſery.---The poor man found means to travel as far as to the Emperor's court, and carried back with him a letter to the Viceroy, commanding him to reſtore the goods which he had taken ſo illegally.

Far from obeying this command, the Viceroy put the merchant into priſon; but he had the good fortune to eſcape, and went once more to the capital, where he caſt himſelf at the Emperor's feet, who treated him with much humanity, and gave orders that he ſhould have another letter. The merchant wept at this reſolution, and repreſented how ineffectual the firſt had proved; and the reaſons he had to fear, that the ſecond would be as little regarded.

The Emperor, who had been ſtopt by this complaint, as he was going with much haſte to dine in the apartment of a favourite Lady, grew a little diſcompoſed, and anſwered with ſome emotion,---"I can do no more than ſend my commands; and if he refuſes to obey them, put thy foot upon his neck."---I implore your Majeſty's compaſſion, replied the merchant, holding faſt the Emperor's robe, his power is too mighty for my weakneſs; and your juſtice preſcribes a remedy, which your wiſdom has never examined.

The Emperor had, by this time, recollected himſelf; and raiſing the merchant from the ground, ſaid, "You are in the right--To complain of him was your part, but it is mine to ſee him puniſhed.---I will appoint Commiſſioners to go back with you, and make ſearch into the grounds of his proceeding; with power, if they find him guilty, to deliver him into your hands, and leave you Viceroy in his ſtead:---For ſince you have taught me how to govern, you muſt be able to govern for me."

BRIDGE-TOWN (*Barbados*) December 29, 1766.

ON Saturday evening laſt, between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock, a fire broke out in a ſtore ſituated to the windward of the dwelling-houſe of Mr. Paul Bedford and Co. the flames communicated themſelves to the ſaid dwelling-houſe, from thence to the buildings of Gedney Clarke, Eſq; and took their courſe all the way to the Stepping Stones wharff. On the other hand (notwithſtanding the wind was very high, and blew from the north-eaſt) it took its courſe up one ſide of the Green, carrying before it every building from that of John Hall, Eſq; to that of Mr. Duncan, near the church, including, in the deſtruction, the houſe tenanted by Irenæus Moe, Eſq; To mention the exact number of buildings deſtroyed by this fire is impoſſible at preſent, but according to computation, upwards of forty principal dwelling-houſes, beſides ſtores, have fallen a ſacrifice to the flames. To what means this unhappy accident was owing, is very uncertain; but ſuch is now our miſerable ſituation, that thoſe very ſtores which providentially eſcaped the late dreadful conflagration, and whoſe humane owners contributed ſo much to the relief of the poor ſufferers thereby, are now deſtroyed, and with them almoſt every lumber yard in town. In ſhort, words can but faintly convey an idea of the diſtreſſes of the inhabitants, whoſe lamentations pierced the air, and muſt have drawn forth pity from the moſt obdurate heart.

By Captain Styles, from Anguilla, we are informed, that on the firſt inſtant the ſloop Bee, William Robertſon Maſter, from South-Carolina, was run over the Reef, and ſtill lies there. They report that the Maſter was drowned, but there is great reaſon to believe both he and the Mate were murdered. She was loaded in Charles-Town by Colonel Laurence, and is ſaid to belong to John Tarleton, of Liverpool, and bound to Grenada.

St. George's-Town, Grenada, October 25, 1766.

This iſland, whoſe happy ſituation has hitherto ſcreened it from thoſe accidents, which lately befel almoſt all the neighbouring ones, was on the 21ſt inſtant expoſed to very great danger, by the moſt alarming earthquake that has been felt for many years. It began about 5 o'clock in the morning, and continued without intermiſſion for above 2 minutes, in a direction from about S. E. to N. W. a duration of which perhaps there is hardly an example. However, very providentially, no damage has happened in town; but the country has not eſcaped ſo well, as ſeveral ſtone buildings on many eſtates, particularly to windward, have been ſhattered, and others have loſt their roofs. On the 24th at night, 2 ſmart ſhocks were felt here, without doing any hurt. They write from St. Vincent and Coracoa, that it was alſo felt in both theſe iſlands at the very moment it happened here; but the accounts received from Trinidad, by a launch which arrived yeſterday, are truly dreadful, the deſcription they give of it is beyond conception. They alledge the face of the iſland is totally changed, whole mountains being levelled, and that the earth was ſo ſtrongly agitated, as to make it impoſſible to ſtand on one's feet.

St. CHRISTOPHER's, December 17.

Yeſterday died at his houſe in Baſſeterre, the amiable, benevolent, humane, and truly ingenious JAMES GRAINGER, M. D. and F. R. S.

Jan. 3, 1767. On Thurſday laſt the 1ſt inſtant died, in the 51ſt year of his age, the Honourable Peter Thomas Tyſon, Eſq; Speaker of the Honourable the Aſſembly in this iſland, and Colonel of the Baſſeterre Diviſion of the Militia.

Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, December 23.

The ſnow Indian Trader, Thomas M'Min, maſter, from Georgia for Jamaica, was caſt away on the 10th of September, on a reef of rocks near the Grand Caicas (one of the Bahama-Iſlands) where the Captain, paſſengers and crew happily got on ſhore, and were treated with great humanity by ſome wreckers, who afterwards carried them to Providence.

Jan. 6. Our laſt accounts from Florida, give hopes, that the Creek Indians are not only reſolved to keep in peace with us, but uſe every means in their power to ſhew their friendſhip; an inſtance of which we have in their putting to death the murderer of Goodwin and Davis.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, December 24.

On Saturday laſt, as a Soldier of the 14th regiment was carrying a large piece of wood on his ſhoulder, the ground being very ſlippery, he fell down, and the wood falling upon his head, he received ſuch a violent blow from it that he expired ſoon after.

QUEBEC, December 29.

On Friday night laſt, between 10 and 11 o'clock, as Mr. Thorn, Sail-maker of this city, was coming from the Upper to the Lower-Town, he was knocked down, near the old Barrier Gate, by one Benjamin Hilton, a ſoldier in the 52d regiment, with an intent, as is ſuppoſed, to rob him; but on Mr. Thorn's reſiſting, a ſcuffle enſued, and two or three gentlemen coming down the hill, apprehended the ſoldier, and carried him before Samuel Gridley, Eſq; who thereupon committed him to priſon.

BOSTON, January 29.

This morning the goal in this town was diſcovered to be on fire; it is apprehended two criminals that were confined for ſtealing of leather, &c. at Roxbury, perpetrated this crime, they having eſcaped before the diſcovery; and a hole was found burnt in the floor over their room, into the chamber through which they made their eſcape.

Yeſterday the Great and General Court or Aſſembly of this Province met here, when His Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to make the following SPEECH to both Houſes, viz.

Gentlemen of the Council, and
Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

AT the Opening of this Seſſion, I have nothing by Command of His Majeſty to lay before you: What I have to propoſe from myſelf, ſhall be communicated by ſeparate Papers.

At preſent, I have only to recommend to you, that the Support of the Authority of the Government, the Maintainance of the Honour of the Province, and the Promotion of the Welfare of the People, may be the chief Objects of your Conſultations. Theſe are Duties common to us all; and whilſt they are truly purſued, there can be no Room for Diſagreement or Diſſatisfaction.

Council Chamber, Jan. 28, 1767. FRA. BERNARD.

NEW-YORK, February 5.

Captain Macky, in 20 days from Nevis, ſpoke with the brig King George, Capt. Ball, from New-York, bound for the Bay, on the 24th of January, in lat. 56, long. 71, all well. A Schooner from New-York for Jamaica, was in company with Capt. Ball, but Capt. Macky could not learn the Captain's name.

Capt. Jones, in 31 days from Porto Prince, ſays the French are extremely ſcrupulous of trading with any Engliſh Veſſels; and none of the Engliſh people ſuffered to go aſhore. Capt. Campbell, in a ſloop for this port, ſailed from Porto Prince a few days before Capt. Jones; but was to touch at the Mount in his way home, ſo that he may be expected every hour.

Yeſterday morning arrived here Capt. Hodge, in a ſloop in 16 days from St. Euſtatia; but brings nothing material. Six days ago off the Capes of Virginia, he ſpoke with Capt. Boyd, in a brig from this place for South-Carolina.

Lately died at Groton, in the county of New-London, Mr. Edward Aſhley, in the Hundred and Eighth year of his age: He retained his reaſon, and the uſe of his limbs well, till a few days before his death.

On Sunday morning laſt (at the requeſt of the poor unhappy condemned criminals) the Rev. Mr. John Rodgers, one of the Paſtors of the Preſbyterian congregation, of this city, preached a moſt excellent ſermon to them, and the debtors in goal; from the 6th chapter of St. Paul the Apoſtle's epiſtle to the Romans, and 23d verſe, viz.---*For the wages of ſin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life, through Jeſus Chriſt our Lord.*---His whole diſcourſe was delivered with ſo much emphatic brevity and energy, as rendered it every way adapted to the meaneſt capacity; and certainly did not fail of having its deſired effect---there were preſent, ſeveral ladies and gentlemen of diſtinction in this city, who all of them ſeemed to teſtify their approbation of this moſt worthy miniſter of Jeſus Chriſt's excellent ſermon, on ſo melancholy an occaſion.

⁂ An example this, well worthy of imitation; as there are numbers of poor unhappy ſouls, confined in that dreary place of exile, who have been debarred the opportunity of divine worſhip for ſeveral years paſt.

ANNAPOLIS, January 22.

On Sunday morning, the 4th inſtant, being a rainy ſleety time, one William Woodward, a lad of about 15, ſon to Francis Woodward, of Rock-Creek, in Frederick County, carrying a log of wood on his ſhoulder to lay on the fire, his feet ſlipped, juſt as he came to the threſhold, and he fell on his back, and the log on his face and breaſt; his little ſiſter holding the door, cried out, on which the father ran out and took him up, finding him with the blood guſhing out at his mouth, noſe and ears. He was perceived once to move his hand and neck, and died in about an hour, without a ſtruggle.

Jan. 29. We hear that a veſſel from St. Kitts, belonging to Patowmack, was lately loſt at Cape-Henry, and the maſter and three of the people drowned; but we cannot yet learn the particulars.

PHILADELPHIA, February 12.

By Captain STILES, from Barbados, we have the following Extracts, viz.

Extract of a Letter from Barbados, December 30, 1766.

"Such a diſmal Train of Misfortunes have ſo cloſely followed each other during this unhappy Year, that our diſtreſſed Iſland will, for a Century to come, feel their oppreſſive Weight. Bridge-Town has again ſuffered by another dreadful Fire; 60 or 70 Dwelling-houſes were deſtroyed by the raging Flames laſt Saturday Night, the 27th Inſtant, beſides Stores, and ſmaller Buildings. The Part of the Town that is burnt, was the Reſidence of moſt of our principal Merchants, ſeveral of whom have ſuffered very conſiderably. The Fire might have been eaſily extinguiſhed, I am told, in its Infancy; but through the ſupine Indolence and Inactivity of the People, was ſuffered to ſpread itſelf. The Barbadians have no Notion of preventing the Progreſs of Fires. Inſtead of running to give their Aſſiſtance at the Houſe on Fire, they employ themſelves in removing their Houſhold Goods, &c. into the Suburbs, while the Flames fly in Triumph over their Houſes. To the hardy Sailors the Preſervation of many Houſes is owing, who, by their Induſtry and Activity, did conſiderable Service in the late Fire. You muſt note, that ſince the laſt Conflagration, the People have been rebuilding the Town on the ſame irregular Plan it formerly ſtood; notwithſtanding they had experienced how many Inconveniences that Irregularity occaſioned in the Time of their terrible Diſaſter. However, none of theſe new Houſes are burnt. The Loſs by this laſt Fire is pretty large; and muſt it not ſeem amazing to all Strangers, that after the dreadful Fire in May laſt, no Means were fallen upon by the Inhabitants of this Iſland, in order to prevent the like calamitous Misfortune for the future; I mean as far as human Sagacity and Induſtry could effect it?---My Heart bleeds for the Diſtreſſes of my Country; but I hope, I flatter myſelf, that your Countrymen will not ſo far diveſt themſelves of the Feelings of Humanity, as to neglect following the charitable Example of our Mother Country, which has ſo generouſly contributed to alleviate our Misfortunes.

"It is evident to thoſe who are in the leaſt acquainted with Commerce, that no Iſland can be in a flouriſhing Condition without it. Barbados was lately elevated by Trade far beyond any of the neighbouring Iſlands. She enjoyed this Superiority chiefly from her advantageous Situation, being placed to Windward of the other Iſles. From her Extent of Commerce, our Metropolis was very much enlarged; and Merchants were daily coming over to make a Settlement among us. The pleaſing Scene is now altered. Near half the Houſes of our late flouriſhing Town is now a Heap of Rubbiſh; many of our Merchants ruined, and others greatly diſcouraged from Trade by their Loſſes, and the conſtant Dread of the like Calamities.---Unleſs proper ſalutary Meaſures are purſued, to prevent and extinguiſh Fires, the Town will never be rebuilt; and thus Trade and Commerce will decay, and the whole Iſland be ruined. But I hope they will now be convinced of the Neceſſity and Expediency of forming the Town on a regular Plan; of providing Fire Engines, and forming themſelves into Fire Companies, as with you; fixing Pumps in the Streets, Ladders on their Houſes, getting Leather Buckets, &c. &c. all which Conveniences they want."

Extract of another Letter from Barbados, December 31, 1766.

"We cannot tell the exact Number of Houſes and Stores that are burnt, but we imagine at leaſt One Hundred are deſtroyed; a large Share of which were fine large Houſes. The People here ſeem infatuated; for notwithſtanding many great Fires have happened here within ten Years, yet they had no Conveniences for extinguiſhing the Fire, not even Buckets or Pails were to be had, to bring Water to put it out. The Fire gradually went to the Windward, and burnt all the Houſes, till there were no more left; and we really think not a Hogſhead of Water was thrown on it. Not a Fire Engine in Order; for if only one good Engine could have been got, not one Half of the Houſes would have been conſumed. It continued burning till Day-light in the Morning of the 28th. People now ſeem to be reſolved on forming Fire Companies, and ſome of the principal Men here, have met on the Occaſion; and they have requeſted us to ſend to you for Copies of your Fire Company Articles, in order that they may conform to them as much as poſſible."

Extract of a third Letter from the ſame Place, January 16, 1767.

"I am ſorry to give you the following fatal News. On Saturday Night, December 27th, about Nine o'Clock, there was the Cry of Fire, on which myſelf and People repaired to the Place, where I found above 500 Perſons (White and Black) rather looking on, and endeavouring to ſave what was in their Houſes, than uſing any proper Means to ſtop the Progreſs of the Fire. We were once in Fear, that the Houſe of Mr. Duncan muſt have been burnt; which, had that been the caſe, I don't know but the whole Town would have been laid in Aſhes. There are from Forty to Fifty principal Houſes deſtroyed, beſides Stores, &c. and, I may ſay, every Lumber Yard. The Loſs is hardly to be computed, as every Yard was filled with Lumber, and the Stores with Proviſions, and empty Caſks, for the enſuing Year. I much fear, that many will never recover this Blow, and I fancy that your Friends in Philadelphia, and elſewhere, will ſuffer, as it happened amongſt the Merchants, who ſell chiefly on Commiſſion. We are now about ſettling ſix Fire Companies, in caſe of another Accident of the like Kind (which God forbid:) You may wonder we ſhould let it go ſo far to the Windward; but as the Lumber Yards were all adjoining, it was ſcarcely to be prevented, although it was at the Edge of the Water."

There are many other Letters in Town relating to the above melancholy Affair, but as they are chiefly to the ſame Purport with thoſe inſerted, we thought it needleſs to repeat the ſame Things over again.

Laſt Week Colonel GEORGE CROGHAN arrived here from the Ilinois, by the Way of New-Orleans, Penſacola, and New-York.---And we have the Pleaſure of informing our Readers, that this Gentleman has not only happily confirmed the Peace he made the Year before, with the numerous Tribes which compoſe the Weſtern Confederacy; but he has adjuſted, on Terms very beneficial to His Majeſty's Intereſt, the great Conteſt which ſubſiſted between the Northern and Weſtern Confederacy.

On Monday, the ſecond Inſtant, departed this Life, in the 94th Year of her Age, Mrs. ELIZABETH MORRIS, in whom were happily united the Chriſtian and the Gentlewoman, by Virtue of which amiable Endowments, ſhe paſſed through the various Scenes of her long Life with Honour; juſtly meriting the univerſal Regard paid her by all Ranks.---She was bleſſed with an uncommon Share of Health, until near the Cloſe of Life---and then bore the gradual Decay of Nature, and the Proſpect of her important Change, with truly Chriſtian Fortitude; had her Senſes preſerved to the laſt Period, and continued to manifeſt her Knowledge of the Chriſtian Religion, by her humble Confidence in GOD, and Love to her Fellow-Creatures.---Thurſday following, her Remains were attended by a large Number of her Fellow-Citizens to the Burial Place of the Quakers, whoſe Principles ſhe adopted in the early Part of her Life, and lived and died a worthy Member of that Society.

By Captain Craig, from St. Euſtatia, we learn, That the Schooner Union, Jonathan Maſon, Maſter, ſailed from Monto-Chriſti the 24th of November, bound to Salem, in New-England, and on the 24th of December got Soundings on St. George's Bank, but on the 30th, meeting with a hard Gale of Wind, after loſing his Mainſail and Boat, he was obliged to bear away for the Weſt-Indies, and arrived at St. Euſtatia the 20th of January, in a ſhattered Condition, tho' the People all well.

ARRIVALS from this Port.

At Barbados. Captains Roſs, Harris and Auld.----Captain Roſs had ſailed again for St. Chriſtophers.
At Antigua. Captains Harper, Alliſon, Wade, Scott and Marſhall.
At St. Chriſtophers. Captains Gregory, Callender and Higgins.
At Martinico. Captains Boone, Tabary and Harvey.
At Dominica. Captains Wright and Moore.
At St. Euſtatia. Captains Jenkins, Young, Blewer and Edgar.
At St. Croix. Captains Carliſle and Williams.
At Surrinam. Captain Richards.

The Ship NEWRY PACKET, Captain HOOD, ſails for Newry and Liverpool, on Saturday next.

COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES, 1767.

Mr. HILLEGAS, Mr. ROSS, Mr. FOULKE, Mr. HUMPHREYS, Mr. WEBB, Mr. M'PHERSON, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. WHITMAN, Mr. TAYLOR.

In ASSEMBLY, January 22, 1767. *P. M.*

Upon Motion, Ordered,

THAT the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES do meet as often, during the preſent Sitting of ASSEMBLY, as there may be Occaſion, to hear the Complaints of Perſons, who conceive themſelves aggrieved by any Public Officer of this Province, in the taking exorbitant Fees for Services done in the Diſcharge of his Office, or any other Public Grievance.

Ordered,

That the above *Order* of ASSEMBLY, with the Names of the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES, be publiſhed in the next weekly News-Paper.

A true Extract from the JOURNALS, *examined by*
CHARLES MOORE, *Clerk of* ASSEMBLY."

⁂ Mr. SMITH's HISTORY of NEW-JERSEY is now ready to be delivered by D. HALL, at the *New-Printing-Office*, in *Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Duke of Northumberland, C. Lindſay, and Brig Scarborough, A. Seton, from Maryland. Ship Yewart, R. Bowes, New-Caſtle on Delaware. Schooner Sally and Jenny, S. Davidſon, St. Euſtatia and Virginia. Brig Chance, J. Craig, St. Euſtatia. Brig Hannah, H. Stiles, Barbados.

OUTWARDS. Brig Willing Maid, W. Allibone, for Grenades. Ship Patient Mary, W. Singleton, Barbados. Snow St. Peter, W. St. Barbe, Liſbon. Ship Argo, W. Cutter, South-Carolina. Sloop Sally, R. Albertſon, New-York.

CLEARED. Sloop Sally and Betſy, J. Taylor, to Penſacola. Brig Fanny, J. Anderſon, and Sloop Lloyd, T. Rogers, Madeira. Ship Achilles, J. Walker, Antigua. Sloop Squirrel, J. Monk, North-Carolina. Brig Abigail, J. Guitton, Dominica. Brig Elizabeth, J. Erwin, Falmouth. Brig Tryal, J. Plaſket, Whitehaven.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY Evenings,
At JUDAH FOULKE and ROGER BOWMAN's
AUCTION-ROOM, in Front-ſtreet,
Will be continued the Sale of a valuable Collection of BOOKS.
Among which, this Evening, the Univerſal Hiſtory, in Octavo.

Thoſe that have Books to diſpoſe of in this Manner, are deſired to be ſpeedy in ſending them, as they intend to cloſe the Sales in two Weeks.

Thoſe Gentlemen that bought Books at the Commencement of this Auction, are deſired to call at the Auction-Room, where Attendance is given to receive Payment for the ſame.

Philadelphia, February 12, 1767.

ROBERT MONTGOMERY hereby gives Notice to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of THOMAS MONTGOMERY, late of this City Merchant, deceaſed, or to the late Partnerſhip of THOMAS MONTGOMERY and SON, either by Bond, Bill, or Book Accompt, that if the ſame are not diſcharged before the Firſt Day of May next, he will be under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of putting them into the Hands of an Attorney, to recover the Money according to Law.

To be SOLD by the Subſcribers,

A PLANTATION, whereon JOSEPH COOK lives, containing 410 Acres of very valuable Land, lying on Saſquehannah, in Paxton Townſhip, near Pine Ford, Lancaſter County. It can be divided into three Plantations. The Purchaſer may have Credit for Part of the Purchaſe Money.

REESE MEREDITH, and JEREMIAH WARDER.

WHEREAS PETER MURPHY, a Youth about 11 Years old, of good Countenance, and fair Complexion, was ſome time ago bound an Apprentice to a certain Giles Sheperd, late of this City, Cordwainer, who hath ſince abſconded, taking the Lad with him, contrary to Engagement. Now I, the Subſcriber, do hereby Promiſe a Reward of Forty Shillings, to any Perſon who ſhall give me proper Information of the ſaid Youth, ſo that he can be had back to his Friends.

DANIEL SWAN.

A COMMODIOUS TAN-YARD, South Eaſt of the Barracks, to be Lett by JOSHUA EMLEN. ¶

Lately imported, and to be ſold by

JACOB HOWELL,

At his Store in Water-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq;

MUSCOVADO SUGAR in Hogſheads, Tierces, and Barrels. ¶

Philadelphia, February 12, 1767.

THOMAS HALE, Carpenter,

LATELY from London, undertakes the Buſineſs of hanging Bells through all the apartments of houſes; any Perſon who inclines to employ him, will be readily waited on, by applying to him, at his Houſe, on the South-ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, the ſecond Door above Fifth-ſtreet; he being a Stranger, any Perſon can be credibly aſſured of his Integrity. ¶

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the Firſt of March next,

FORTY Acres of very good drained Meadow, and 15 Acres of Up-land, equally good, with a good Dwelling-houſe, a new Barn, Stables, and Cow-houſe, known by the Name of Penroſe's Iſland, ſituate in Paſſyunk Townſhip, within four Miles of Philadelphia; there is a fine Road 60 Feet wide, leading from the Mouth of Schuylkill to Town, which paſſes thro' the Middle of ſaid Place, ſo that it renders it very convenient for attending Market. The whole is in good Repair, and all under Engliſh Graſs and Garden. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber, living in Pine-ſtreet, and next Door to the new Quaker Meeting-houſe.

JOSEPH PENROSE.

N. B. Said Penroſe has a few Barrels of beſt Eſſence of Spruce, which he will ſell cheap, and engage it as good in Quality as any that has been imported into this Province. ¶

Province of Pennſylvania, ſſ.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to the Honourable Proprietaries for Quit-rent, that Attendance will be given at the Receiver General's Office, in Philadelphia, from Monday, the 2d Day of March next to Saturday, the 7th. At Cheſter, from the 10th to the 14th. At Pennſbury, from the 17th to the 21ſt. And at Lancaſter, from the 24th to the 28th incluſive; to which Places all Perſons concerned, are required to repair, and pay off their Arrears.

RICHARD HOCKLEY, EDMUND PHYSICK.

Philadelphia, Feb. 9, 1767.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A VALUABLE Tract of good Land, containing 90 Acres, ſituate in Upper Merion, Philadelphia County, about Half a Mile from the Gulph, and Joſeph Ingels's Merchant Mills; joins the Sign of the Bird-in-Hand Plantation, and convenient to ſundry Places of Worſhip; there is on the Premiſes two Log Dwelling-houſes, a good Barn, and Stables, two good conſtant Springs, convenient to one of the Houſes, and the Gulph Creek running through the whole Breadth of the Place, and convenient for any Kind of Water Works, where a good Quantity of Meadow may be made, being already near cleared, a young bearing Orchard, moſtly grafted Trees; there are now about 40 Acres cleared, and under good Fence, the Wood-land well timbered, the Situation is high, healthy and pleaſant, the Road from the Swedes Ford to the Gulph Mill, running through the ſame; the clear Land good for Paſturage and Grain; about 3 or 4 Acres of mowable Meadow cleared, and as much more almoſt finiſhed; the whole under good Fence. For further Particulars, enquire on the Premiſes, of

JACOB WEIGHRALINE.

N. B. An indiſputable Title will be made to the Purchaſer. ‖

AS Doctor HUGH TOMB intends leaving this City early in the Spring, he takes this Method of informing all thoſe indebted to him, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame before the Firſt of April next, they may depend they will be ſued without further Notice; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt him, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be ſettled by

HUGH TOMB. ‡

Lately imported, and to be ſold by

RICHARD PARKER,

In Third-ſtreet, the fifth Door above Market-ſtreet,

PERSIANS, black and cloth coloured pelongs, paduaſoy, ſattin and taffity ribbons, figured ditto, ſilk ferrets, thickſets, pillow fuſtians, platt hats, mens and womens caſtor ditto, allopeens, poplins, camblets, barragons, figured grogram, cotton gown patterns, calimancoes, damaſks, tammy, durants, ſhaloons, rattinets, breeches patterns, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, 7-8ths and yard wide linens, cambricks and lawns, blue and white, and check handkerchiefs, ſilk and cotton velvet, Engliſh ſilk damaſk, Mantua ſtock tapes, cotton velvet ſhapes, ſilk valure ditto, hair ſhapes, figured thickſet and wrought nankeen ditto, mens and womens hoſe, mens and womens ſhammy glazed and lamb gloves, womens mitts ditto, thread ditto, worſted and cotton caps, bed lace, ferret and ſilk laces, cotton ditto, buckrams, ozenbrigs, duck, Flanders bed ticks, looking glaſſes, pocket ditto, balladine ſewing ſilk, ſilk knee garters, coloured threads, white and brown ditto, Scotch and nuns ditto, Highland, ſtriped, ſcarlet, tully and lettered gartering, ſilk ſtriped ditto, bobbin and tapes, mohair, ſilk and hair and horſe hair buttons, white and yellow metal ditto, gilt and plated and inlaid ditto, horn ditto, ſhirt buttons, waiſtcoat ditto, mens and womens horſe whips, chaiſe ditto, whip laſhes, writing paper, ink powder, ſealing wax, wafers, receipt books, pocket books, ſnuff in bladders, ditto in bottles, black, blue, green and cloth coloured mohair and ſilk hair, ſcarf twiſt, cords, broad and narrow worſted bindings, galloon and ſtay cord, ſlacks and crewels, broadcloths, ſtrouds, napt ſerges, German ditto, napt halfthicks, womens ſhort cloaks, blankets, pins, common needles, Whitechapel and ſquare ditto, darning ditto, Kirby perch hooks, rock ditto, fiſhing lines, ivory and horn combs, ditto in caſes, H V double wormed box haft gimblets, ſingle wormed and common ditto, ſaddlery, braſs cocks, candleſticks, ſnuff boxes, tobacco ditto, braſs inkpots, leather ditto, knitting needles, curtain rings, key ditto, taylors ſhears, ſciſſars, locks, hinges, handles and eſcutcheons, wood ſcrews, tenter hooks, ſteel and braſs thimbles, Pinchbeck ditto, common ſtay hooks, ſtone ſet in ſilver ditto, white and yellow metal and braſs ſleeve buttons, Pinchbeck gilt ditto, temple and common ſpectacles, ſilvered watch chains, ſteel and Pinchbeck ditto, watch keys, ſeals, beads, necklaces, penknives of different ſorts, ſhoemakers ditto, table knives and forks, pocket ditto, drawing knives, carpenters and ſhoemakers hammers, pinchers, nippers, tacks and aul blades, Pinchbeck, ſteel, white metal and braſs ſhoe buckles, knee buckles, buckle chapes, ſtock buckles, ſnuffers, lancets, horſe fleams, braſs kettles, japanned tea kettles, waggon boxes, hoes, axes, flat irons and box irons, roſin, indigo, brimſtone, black lead, earthen ware in crates, quart decanters, lanthorns, ſilver watches, one clock, coffee mills, curry combs, joint yards, foot rules, 2 foot ditto, Teneriffe, Fyal and Madeira wines, fine Port and Claret ditto, in bottles, &c.

Tbc 2 M.

Philadelphia, February 7, 1767.

STOLEN, on the Fifth Inſtant, from the Subſcriber, in Wilmington, a light bay Horſe, about 14 Hands and one Inch high, ſhod before, a ſhort Mane and Foretop, with a ſmall white Strip down the near Side of his Face to the Noſtril, ſhort bodied, ſhort ſwitch Tail, paces and trots, three Years old; alſo a Hunting Saddle, with a Buckſkin Seat, and Leather Houſings. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe and Saddle, and brings them to the Subſcriber, or to Samuel Minſhall, in Pewter Platter Alley, in Philadelphia, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges.

GRIFFITH MINSHALL. ❁

To be SOLD, purſuant to the Directions of the laſt Will and Teſtament of John Roſs, Eſq; deceaſed, the following Tracts of Land, in Frederick County, Maryland, viz.

NEW-LONDON, containing 1360 Acres. The main Road that leads from Frederick Town to Philadelphia runs through this Tract, about 20 Miles from Frederick Town, and two from Tawney Town; it is well wooded, and extremely level, every Acre of it being fit for Cultivation; the Soil is adapted for Farming, being capable of producing almoſt all Kinds of Grain; there are 3 or 4 Springs, if not more, on this Tract.

THE CORNER, containing 112 Acres. ROSS's RANGE, containing 3400 Acres. Theſe two Tracts join to one another, and lie 5 or 6 Miles to the Northeaſtward of New-London, Great Pipe Creek, Bear Branch, and the Meadow Branch run through them, and afford ſeveral convenient Sites for Mills, and on the Banks of theſe Streams there is a large Quantity of excellent Bottom Land, capable of either bearing Hemp, or being made into Meadow Ground. The Upland is of much the ſame Quality with that of N. London, but more broken.

THE PLAINS, containing 50 Acres, lies on Piney Creek, a Draught of Monococy River. Mr. Normand Bruce, who lives in the Neighbourhood, if called upon, will ſhew any of the above Tracts to ſuch as incline to purchaſe.

WALNUT LEVELL, containing 390 Acres, lies about 10 Miles Weſt of Fort Cumberland, on a Branch of Wills's Creek.

ROSS's TOWN CREEK LOT, containing 530 Acres, lies on Town Creek, about 12 Miles from the Mouth of it, near a Place, called the Devil's Hole. Theſe two Tracts are both of them well timbered, and excellent Soil.

WINGFIELD's DELIGHT, contains 1300 Acres, and lies on a Branch of Linganore. The Soil is in general good, it has Plenty of both Timber and Water on it, and there is, from the Appearances, great Reaſon to believe that it contains within it a very valuable Copper Mine. The Purchaſers may either pay ready Money, or will be indulged in Time for the Payment, upon giving good Security. The Terms may be known by applying to Doctor Upton Scott, in Annapolis, who is impowered to diſpoſe of the above Lands. FRANCIS KEY, UPTON SCOTT, Executors. Tbc 3 M.

TO be ſold by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 10th Day of March, on the Premiſes, a valuable Plantation, in Eaſt Fallowfield Townſhip, Cheſter County, near Warwick Miller's, at the Sign of the Ball, containing 106 Acres of Land, on which are two Dwelling-houſes, two Springs of choice Water, and a Houſe on each Spring, a Barn, Stable, and two Orchards of good Fruit, eight Acres of watered Meadow, all in Clover and Timothy Graſs, which will produce two Crops a Year; about 70 Acres cleared, and under good Fence, the reſt well timbered. The Title is good. The Vendue to begin at Ten o'Clock on ſaid Day; where due Attendance will be given by the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes. WILLIAM M'ILVAINE. *

Carliſle Goal, Cumberland County, Jan. 24, 1767.

NOW in ſaid Goal, on Suſpicion of being Runaways, the two following deſcribed Fellows, viz. Daniel Edwards, a Molattoe, near ſix Feet high, a very ſtout well built Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, plays on the Fiddle, ſays he is a free Man, and was born in the City of Boſton. James Sweney, a young ſlim Lad, ſays he belongs to, and run away from, Stephen Mendenhall, of New-Caſtle County, near Wilmington. Their Maſters (if any they have) are hereby notified to come and take them away, otherwiſe they will be ſold out for their Fees within ſix Weeks from the Date hereof, by

¶ HENRY CUNNINGHAM, Goaler.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Monday, the 23d day of this inſtant February, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a certain lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia (between Sixth and Seventh-ſtreets) containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 20 feet, and in length or depth, 114 feet back to a 10 foot alley running into Sixth-ſtreet, of which alley it has the privilege; on which is erected a barn and ſtable. Alſo a certain two other lots, or pieces of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet aforeſaid (between Arch and Race-ſtreets) containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, in the whole 32 feet, and in length or depth, 79 feet, having two unfiniſhed three ſtory brick meſſuages thereon erected, having likewiſe the privilege of the aforeſaid 10 foot alley. The above lots are ſubject to a ground rent of 14l. 6s. 9d. currency per annum.

Alſo two three ſtory brick houſes, and kitchens, and lots, or pieces of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet aforeſaid (between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets) each containing in front on ſaid ſtreet 18 feet 8 inches, and in length or depth 65 feet; each having the privilege of a certain 3 feet alley bounded by ground of Benjamin Davis, and the Preſbyterian burying ground. Alſo two certain other meſſuages, or tenements, and lots, or pieces of ground thereunto belonging, each containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 14 feet, and in length or depth 50 feet, the northermoſt thereof having the privilege of a certain 8 feet alley. Alſo two certain other lots, or pieces of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Cherry-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets aforeſaid, each containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 8 inches; the weſtermoſt of theſe two lots hath a frame two ſtory building thereon erected, divided into three tenements; and the eaſtermoſt hath two tenements thereon erected. And alſo ſeven ground rents iſſuing out of ſundry lots of ground ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, and on the weſt ſide of Fifth-ſtreet aforeſaid, amounting to 33l. 6s. currency, per annum. Plans whereof, and of the premiſes herein before mentioned, may be ſeen at the London Coffee-houſe, and at the Sheriff's office, any time before ſale. The whole ſubject to a ground rent of 17l. ſterling, per annum; late the eſtate of Thomas Bartholomew, ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 24th day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at five o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in front, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia aforeſaid, 20 feet, and in length or depth, 80 feet. A certain other lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Spring Garden, in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, on the weſterly ſide of a certain new ſtreet running thro' from Vine-ſtreet to Pegg's Run, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet about 40 feet, and in length or depth about 160 feet, more or leſs, having two two ſtory brick kitchens thereon erected. A certain other lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſterly ſide of the aforeſaid new ſtreet, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, about 20 feet, and in length or depth about 160 feet, more or leſs, bounded by ground of Philip Altbergher, Martin Fiſher, and ground reputed the proprietaries. A certain other lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſterly ſide of Fifth-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, about 40 feet, and in length or depth about 75 feet, more or leſs, having two two ſtory kitchens thereon erected, bounded weſtward with Fifth-ſtreet aforeſaid, northward by a lot of Jacob Graff ſenior, eaſtward and ſouthward by ground claimed by the Streepers. Alſo a certain frame meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſterly ſide of Second ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, between Pine and Lombard-ſtreet, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, about 18 feet, and in length or depth about 70 feet, bounded eaſtward by Second-ſtreet, ſouthward by ground of Mr. Snowden, weſtward by ground of William Pyewell, and northward by ground of John Stamper, late the eſtates of Jacob Baker, John Wolfe, and Jacob Barrs, ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Monday, the 23d Day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt-ſide of Front-ſtreet continued ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia (between South and Argyle-ſtreets) containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, 20 feet 3 inches, and in length or depth 60 feet; ſubject to a ground-rent of Forty Shillings and Six-pence ſterling per annum, late the eſtate of Robert Ferguſon, ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 24th day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt-ſide of Third-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia (between Arch and Race-ſtreets) containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet, 15 feet 6 inches, and in length or depth 50 feet, bounded northwaad by ground of John Buckingham, ſouthward with ground now or late of John Naglee, and weſtward with Third-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a ground rent of Sixty-two Shillings Sterling per annum, late the eſtate of Robert Sherrer, ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

Philadelphia, February 10, 1767.

ALL perſons who have any demands on the eſtate of Clarke and Giffin, late of Reading, in the county of Berks, ſhopkeepers, are hereby deſired to bring in their accounts, duly authenticated, to us the ſubſcribers, on or before the firſt day of April next, otherwiſe they will be excluded the benefit of the firſt dividend; which, tis hoped, we ſhall be able to make in May next. Thoſe perſons who are indebted to them, may conſult their own convenience, whether to pay, or ſuffer themſelves to be ſued, as we have directed all accounts, not paid before ſaid firſt of April, to be collected in that manner, without reſpect to perſons. THOMAS DUNCAN, SAMUEL C. MORRIS, aſſignees for the uſe of the creditors.

TO BE SOLD,

THE noted Tavern in Briſtol, Bucks County, known by the Name of the Ferry-Houſe, pleaſantly ſituated on the River Delaware, the Poſt Road from Philadelphia to New-York going by the Door; the Houſe is three Story high, with four good Rooms below Stairs, with Fire Places, five Rooms on the Second Story, with three Fire Places, and very good Garrets; there is a Store Houſe on the Premiſes, Smoak Houſe, Fowl Houſe, and Neceſſary Houſe over the Water; alſo a very good Stone Stable, large enough to hold forty Horſes, with a Loft ſufficient to hold 15 Tons of Hay; likewiſe a good Kitchen Garden, and a good Pump of excellent Water by the Door; there is alſo a vacant Water Lot adjoining ſaid Houſe for building upon, and four Years of a Leaſe to come from next May, for the Ferry which is conſtantly kept from ſaid Houſe to Burlington, a very good Chair Houſe and Shed; it is eſteemed to be as good a Standing as any between Philadelphia and New-York. The Purchaſer on paying one Third of the Purchaſe Money down, may have reaſonable Time of Payment for the Remainder, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required. For Terms of Sale apply to the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes, by whom a good Title will be given. JONATHAN HAIGHT.

N. B. Good Entertainment at ſaid Houſe as uſual. ¶

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Goſhen, Cheſter County, about the beginning of May laſt, a brown horſe, 13 hands and a half high, a natural trotter, 9 years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, and a remarkable ſeam round his noſe, the bone being broke with the halter. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ THOMAS GOODWIN, junior.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, the Evening of the 23d of January laſt, on the Road leading from Philadelphia to Buſſeltown, near Jacob Laughlin's, a large white Horſe, about 14 Hands high, 14 or 15 Years old; as alſo an old Saddle, a good ſnaffle Bridle, his Mane trimmed, ſhort Tail, and newly ſhod before, has a large Bile on his Back. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid; but if ſtolen, and the Thief convicted of the ſame, ſhall have, for the Thief and Horſe, Fifty Shillings, paid by the Subſcriber, living in Oxford Townſhip, near John Hall, Inn-holder, on Briſtol Road. § JOHN WESSELL, junior.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the new THEATRE, in Southwark, To-morrow, being Friday, the 13th of February, will be preſented, a TAGEDY called

ROMEO and JULIET.

ROMEO, by Mr. HALLAM.
MERCUTIO, by Mr. DOUGLASS.
Capulet, by Mr. MORRIS.
Fryar Laurence, by Mr. ALLYN.
Mountague, by Mr. TOMLINSON.
Eſcalus, by Mr. BROADBELT.
Tibalt, by Mr. WALL.
Paris, by Mr. WOOLLS.---Benvolio, by Mr. GODWIN.
Balthazar, by Mr. GRAVILLE.---Fryar John, by Mr. PLATT.
Lady Capulet, by Mrs. DOUGLASS.
Nurſe, by Mrs. HARMAN.
JULIET, by Miſs CHEER.

With the
FUNERAL PROCESSION of JULIET
To the
MONUMENT of the CAPULETS;
And a SOLEMN DIRGE.

The Vocal Parts by Mr. WOOLLS, Mr. WALL, Miſs WAINWRIGHT, Miſs HALLAM, Mrs. HARMAN, Mrs. MORRIS, &c.

With Dances incident to the Play, viz.
A Comic Dance, by Mr. GODWIN.
A Maſquerade Dance.
And a Minuet, by Mr. HALLAM, and Miſs CHEER.

To which will be added, a FARCE, called

CATHERINE and PETRUCHIO.

CATHERINE, by Miſs CHEER.
PETRUCHIO, by Mr. HALLAM.

To begin exactly at Six o'Clock.----*Vivant Rex & Regina.*

No Perſons can, on any Pretence whatſoever, be admitted behind the Scenes.----Tickets are ſold at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Mr. Francis's, at the Queen's Head, in Water-ſtreet, at Mr. George Hawkins's, in Walnut-ſtreet, and at Mrs. Scott's, in Lombard-ſtreet, where Places for the Boxes may be taken.-----Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o'Clock, to keep their Places in the Boxes.----BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in Greenwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, New-Jerſey, bounding on Oldman's Creek, containing about 350 acres of land, about 28 acres thereof excellent dry ſwamp, about 70 acres of marſh, and about 45 acres of cleared land; the wood land chiefly well timbered. On the premiſes is a good dwelling-houſe and orchard; it is diſtant from Philadelphia market about 21 miles. For terms of ſale, enquire of JACOB STILLE, on the premiſes, or of JOHN STILLE, in Philadelphia. ‡ 6 W.

To be SOLD by
Captain JOHN SIBBALD
Oppoſite the New-Market,

GOOD Old Madeira Wine, Jamaica Spirit, and Rack, Wholeſale and Retail. 6 S W.

A Liſt of LETTERS remaining at the Poſt-Office New-Caſtle.

JOHN ARTHUR, and William Arthur, Kent County; John Armſtrong.

B. James Blaney, near Red Lion; Daniel Bailey (2) Daniel Bean, Henry Brooks, near Nottingham, Maryland.

C. Hugh Campbell, New-Caſtle County (2) John Craig, in Dover, Kent County (2)

D. Richard Doherty, near N. Caſtle; John Dowe, Cooper, Newport; James Deniſton, Peruke-maker, Rev. David Davis, Newark.

E. Captain Abraham Emmitt.

F. Joſh. Fury, New-Caſtle

G. John Griffith (2) James Gipſon, near N. Caſtle; Allen Gillaſpie, N. Caſtle County; Edward Gibſon, William Gibſon, Head of Elk; William Gibbon, near N. Caſtle.

H. Thomas Haffey, James Hagarty, Abraham Honkway, Richard Holliday, Sarah Harley, Archibald Holmes, Newark; Hugh Harper, Jacobus Hawkins, Mary Hopkins, John Hall.

I. John Jackſon, Cumberland County.

K. Tobias Kelly.

L. William Lovell, William Lavens, George Lawſon, near the Head of Elk.

M. James Marſhall, Samuel M'Intire, Mr. M'Mullen, Alexander M'Beath, White-clay Creek; Patrick M'Gill, Merchant, Elk-ridge, Maryland; Hugh M'Whorter, New-Caſtle County; John M'Coor, Robert Maxwell, Iſaac Matthew, Kent County; Robert Moore, Chriſteen Bridge (2) Alexander Moore, near N. Caſtle; John Murphy, near Red Lion.

P. Hugh Patterſon, near N. Caſtle.

S. Cornelius Sheriff, John Shannon, Apoquinimy Hundred; John Stewart, near N. Caſtle; Richard Stacy, near Witherſpoon's; Thomas Savin, John Squires.

T. Matthew Taylor, near New-Caſtle; Catherine Taylor, Head of Indian River.

W. William Warren, Reedy Iſland; Robert White, Merchant, near N. Caſtle.

HIS Honour the GOVERNOR, having been pleaſed to appoint the Subſcriber, NOTARY and TABELLION PUBLICK, for the French and Spaniſh Languages, and Interpreter of the ſame, for this Province, begs Leave to inform the Publick, and more particularly, the Gentlemen Traders of this City, who have any Dealings, either to contract or ſettle, in foreign Colonies, that he will draw any French or Spaniſh Writings, Contracts, Letters, or Accounts, and ſtate them in the proper Methods and Uſes of thoſe Countries, and in the moſt mercantile and accurate Manner, as his long Reſidence in thoſe Colonies, has procured him ſufficient Experience for this Purpoſe.

And, as in Affairs of this Nature, Secrecy, Prudence, and Intelligence, are equally required, he flatters himſelf, that his Character is ſufficiently eſtabliſhed, to render him worthy of the Confidence of thoſe who pleaſe to employ him.

Any Writing, in the aforeſaid Languages, drawn by him, proved, and recorded, according to the Forms requiſite in thoſe Countries, ſhall be ſufficient Proof and Evidence, according to the Laws, Uſes, and Cuſtoms, of thoſe Nations.

He is to be ſpoke with at his Office in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, the back of Joſeph Yeates's Houſe, where he alſo keeps his French and Spaniſh School, having removed ſolely to ſaid Place, that he may give the more cloſe and punctual Attendance to the Inſtruction of all ſuch Ladies and Gentlemen, who are deſirous of being accurately taught by him in thoſe uſeful and polite Languages.

He gives his Attendance till Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon wholly to the Ladies; from that Hour till One in the Afternoon, to young Gentlemen; and in the Evening to ſuch Gentlemen, whoſe daily Employment prevents their coming at the above Hours.

It would afford him great Pleaſure, that all Gentlemen of this City, who are converſant in the abovementioned Languages, would, when convenient to them, come and ſee how he conducts his School, and his Method of teaching; as his principal Study is to merit the Approbation of ſuch, and the Publick in general.

Tbctf. PAUL FOOKS.

STRAYED away, the 31ſt of January, from the Subſcriber, in Vine-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, Philadelphia, a dark bay Horſe, about fourteen Hands high, lately trimmed under his Jaws, and atop of his Head, ſhod before, paces and trots, has a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and ſome white on his Noſe, one white hind Foot. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Owner, or acquaints him thereof, ſhall have Two Dollars Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

† JOHN BALDWIN.

To be SOLD by

JOHN WINTER,

In Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, at the Green Door and Poſt,

A CHAMBER Organ, containing four Stops and a Half, in good Order, except being a little out of Tune. The ſaid Organ will be ſold on reaſonable Terms, by applying as aforeſaid.

The ſaid Winter hereby informs the Public, that he continues his Buſineſs as uſual of painting Coaches, Chariots, Chaiſes and Chairs, with Ornaments of different Kinds, Cyphers, and all other Sorts of ornamenting; Painting and Gilding in general; alſo cleaning, mending and varniſhing Pictures of all Sorts, writing and gilding Letters on Signs, &c. in the neateſt Manner.

Philadelphia, February 2, 1767.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to the Publick Vendue Office of this City, that unleſs they pay off their reſpective Ballances before the 20th Day of February inſtant, their ſeveral Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without reſpect to Perſons.

¶ THOMAS LAWRENCE, Vendue Maſter.

WHEREAS George and John Kidd, late of Philadelphia, Shop-keepers, have aſſigned over all their effects and debts whatever, to us the ſubſcribers (truſtees in behalf of their creditors) we therefore deſire all perſons indebted to them to pay off their reſpective accounts by the firſt of March next, or otherwiſe they will be put into a lawyer's hands, as there is an immediate neceſſity for ſo doing; and all perſons having any demands againſt them, are deſired to ſend in their accounts ſpeedily to the ſubſcribers, who are fully empowered by Warrant of attorney, and otherwiſe, to tranſact and ſettle their affairs. MURRAY and BLAIR, MEASE and MILLER, JAMES STEWART, THOMAS DICAS.

To be SOLD or LETT on Ground-rent,

A Few Lots of Ground, bounded on Second-ſtreet, near the Barracks. For Terms apply to MICHAEL HILLEGAS, or to SAMUEL LEECH, the Owner, at Abington. †

Annapolis, December 18, 1766.

PURSUANT to the Directions of the laſt Will and Teſtament of Edmund Key, Eſq; deceaſed, the following Tracts of Land will be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, at public Vendue, on the third Wedneſday in March next, preciſely at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick Town, in Frederick County, Maryland, viz. Paradiſe, containing 335 Acres. Good Hope, containing 300 Acres. And Friendſhip, containing 206 Acres. Theſe three Tracts almoſt join one another; one of them binds upon Potowmack; and all of them lye betwixt Great Conecocheague and Little Conecocheague Rivers. They will be ſold for Ready Caſh, or Six Months Credit will be given, on proper Security.

¶ U. SCOTT, Executor.

TO BE LETT,

A Very convenient Houſe and Lot, ſituate on Fourth-ſtreet, next Door but one to the Academy; it has been a publick Tavern for ſome Years paſt, being well provided with Stables, and other Conveniencies ſuitable to entertain Travellers; it may be entered upon the 15th of February next. Any Perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may have further Information, by applying to PETER DEHAVEN, Innkeeper, at the Sign of King George the Second, at the Corner of Arch and Fourth-ſtreets. ‡

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on Thurſday, the 12th Day of February, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the North Side of Saſſafras, or Race-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street 16 Feet 11 Inches (including half of a 4 Feet Alley) and in Length or Depth 109 Feet and a Half, bounded by Ground late of John Dillwyn, and others, having three ſmall Tenements thereon erected. Alſo a certain other Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Third-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia aforeſaid, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street 30 Feet 6 Inches, and in Length or Depth 60 Feet, bounded by Ground of Samuel Preſton Moore, and others, having a three Story Brick Dwelling-houſe, a two Story Kitchen, a back Tenement, and a Frame Stable thereon erected. The Lot whereon the Stable is built, and the firſt above deſcribed Lot, are ſubject to a Ground-rent of Two Shillings and Six-pence Sterling per Foot per Annum, and alſo ſubject to the yearly Rent or Sum of Four Pounds, lawful Money of Pennſylvania, per Annum, payable unto a certain Anne Biles (an antient Woman) during the Term of her natural Life. The whole late the Eſtate of Edward Morris, and Joanna his Wife; ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Friday, the 20th day of February next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 5 o' clock in the evening, A certain lot of ground, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, eaſt and weſt, 33 feet, and in length 141 feet, bounded ſouthward by a certain 30 feet lane, and land of Jacob Caſdorp and others. A certain other lot or piece of ground, ſituate in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, containing in breadth, eaſt and weſt, 33 feet, and in length or depth 141 feet, bounded ſouthward with the aforeſaid 30 feet lane, and land of Joſeph Wills and others. A certain other two ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 40 feet, and in length or depth 200 feet, bounded eaſtward with Franckford road, ſouthward with ground of Paul Miller and others. A certain other lot or piece of ground, ſituate in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, and on the northweſt ſide of Franckford road aforeſaid, bounded by ground of Peter Hillegas and others, containing 4 acres. And likewiſe a certain one fourth part, and one third part of ſuch fourth part; the whole into four equal parts to be divided, of, in and to a certain piece of land, ſituate as aforeſaid; containing in the whole 4 acres, bounded by the road leading to Harper's Mill, and ground of Hillegas and others; the whole late the eſtate of Jacob Stonemitz, ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

RUN away from his Bail (the Subſcriber) living in Philadelphia, near the Drawbridge, about the Firſt of December laſt, one Charles Dallomar, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, of a ſlender Stature, by Trade a Cooper, dark Complexion, wore a brown Coat, and black Wig, and reports in common, it is for getting a Girl with Child he was obliged to leave this Place. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Dallomar, in any Goal in this Province, or brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ JOHN SPENCE.

Philadelphia, February 12, 1767.

TO be ſold by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, this Evening, at 6 o' Clock, A very valuable Houſe and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Second-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia; bounded on the North with the Meſſuage and Lot of Jacob Udree; on the Eaſt by Second-ſtreet; on the South by Ground of William Allen, Eſq; and on the Weſt by other Ground of the Subſcriber; the Houſe is 21 Feet two Inches Front (including the Moiety of an Alley, which the Premiſes hath the full Extent of, under and over) and the Lot in Depth about 165 Feet; a good two Story Brick Kitchen, with a Cellar, a Brick Waſh-houſe joins the Houſe by a Piazza; a Pump in the Yard. The Situation of the Premiſes is well calculated for Buſineſs, and is one of the moſt improving Parts of the City; ſubject to a Term of about 3 Years and an Half (yet to come) of a Leaſe to Mr. Philip Bohm, at 60l. per Annum. Any Perſon may view the Premiſes, and be informed of the Terms of Sale, by applying to WILLIAM STURGEON.

TO be ſold, by publick vendue, by the ſubſcribers, auditors appointed by the court of common pleas of the county of Philadelphia, upon attachment againſt the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Anthony Ottman, on Saturday, the 28th of February inſt. all the goods and chattels of the ſaid Anthony Ottman, conſiſting of a feather bed, and two other beds, walnut table, cheſt of drawers, and ſundry other houſhold and kitchen furniture, viz, chairs, pots, a braſs kettle, a nudle preſs, grindſtone, and an iron plate ſtove, with pipes. Alſo a certain lot of ground, ſituate in Hudſon's Square, on the north-ſide of South-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 8 inches, and length or depth 100 feet; together with a two ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and a two ſtory brick kitchen, with a cake-baker's oven thereon erected, almoſt new, ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of thirteen pieces, and one third part of a piece of eight, and ſubject to a mortgage for £100. The ſale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, where due attendance will be given by THOMAS TILBURY, STEPHEN PASCHALL, JOHN PETERS.

N. B. All perſons who have any demands againſt the ſaid Anthony Ottman, are deſired to bring them to the ſubſcribers before the fourth day of March next, that they may have the benefit of a dividend of his eſtate; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Anthony, are deſired to pay, in order to prevent being troubled.

To be LETT, for a Term of Years, and may be entered on the Firſt Day of March next,

A Valuable Plantation, near the Mouth of Chriſtiana-creek, diſtant from Philadelphia 30 Miles by Land, and the Paſſage by Water generally made in four or five Hours; it contains 300 Acres, or thereabouts, about 130 of which is choice MEADOW, ſecured with excellent Banks and Drains; 110 Acres of the Upland cleared, and in good Order for Graſs or Grain, being divided into Fields of 15 and 20 Acres, with Poſt and Rail Fence. The Advantage of Situation is great, being handy to three Markets, Wilmington, New-Caſtle and Philadelphia, to which laſt Place, from the two former, two Stage Boats paſs and repaſs twice a Week; it joins a public Road, and good Landing to and from the Water; there are on it an excellent Barn, Dwelling-houſe, out Buildings, and exceeding good Water, and will be lett with Servants and Stock, or otherwiſe. For Particulars, enquire of Mr. JOHN MALCOLM, in Philadelphia. Tbc.

WANTED, as an Overſeer to a Farm, about the ſame Diſtance from Philadelphia, a ſingle Man, well recommended, that underſtands buying, ſelling and grazing of Cattle, raiſing and managing of Hemp; ſuch a Perſon, by applying as above, may hear of very good Encouragement. ¶

DANIEL MAUSE, Hosier,

At the Sign of the Hand-in-Hand Stocking Manufactory, on the Weſt Side of Second-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, and nearly oppoſite Mr. George Schloſſer's, informs the Public,

THAT he makes, in the beſt and neateſt Manner, and ſells at the moſt reaſonable Rates, the following Hoſiery, viz. Mens and Womens fine, middling and coarſe Thread, Cotton, Worſted and Yarn Stockings; Boys Ditto; milled Yarn and Worſted Stockings, Gloves and Caps; Cotton and Thread Caps; Thread, &c. Gloves and Mitts, &c. &c. &c. Said Mauſe will work up Thread, Cotton, &c. at the loweſt Prices, for Gentlemen in the Country, or others that may pleaſe to employ him; and he aſſures them, it ſhall be his conſtant Endeavour to merit their Favours. Orders for the above Manufactures are received at the Manufactury, and at Mr. Thomas Bond's, jun. in Second-ſtreet, which are executed with the greateſt Diſpatch, there being as conſtant a Supply of the Goods as poſſible at both Places. §

TO be Sold, by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on the 21ſt Day of February, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning; 1. A commodious large Bake-houſe, and Lot of Ground, being upwards of 100 Feet front on Chriſtiana Creek, containing upwards of a Quarter of an Acre of Ground; there is likewiſe a good Stable and Garden on the ſaid Lot. 2. A Piece of Land, containing about 8 Acres, all incloſed with good Cedar Poſt and Rail Fence, and has a young thriving Orchard on near one Half of the Ground. 3. A Lot of Ground, containing near a Quarter of an Acre, on a very pleaſant Hill; all ſituate in the Borough of Wilmington, and late the Eſtate of Thomas Canby, deceaſed. The Purchaſers of the above Premiſes, on paying one Half of the Purchaſe Money down, may have ſix Months Credit for the other Half, giving Security. Attendance will be given at the Time and Place of Sale, by

‡ THOMAS and BENJAMIN CANBY, Executors.

The Twenty-fourth of the Firſt Month, 1767.

TO be ſold, by public Veudue, on the 18th Day of the Second Month, being the 4th Day of the Week, by the Subſcriber, a valuable Plantation, containing 250 Acres of good Lime Stone Land, ſituate on Mill-creek, in Leacock Townſhip, Lancaſter County, between 5 and 6 Miles from Lancaſter Borough, and one Mile from the Tavern at Mill-creek, formerly Joſeph Stear's, now James Gibbons's. The above Plantation is very pleaſantly ſituated, and there is on it a very good Stone Dwelling-houſe, large Stone Barn, Stables, Cow-houſes, and a good Stone Spring-houſe, and Granary, over a never failing Spring, very convenient to the Houſe; a good pailed Garden, and young Orchard of the beſt grafted Fruit Trees. There is likewiſe a very good and convenient Mill-ſeat as any on the Creek, the Mill Dam good Part made, the Race already dug, the Mill-head in, and the Water running through the ſame. There is about 120 Acres of cleared Land, 8 or 10 Acres of Meadow Ground cleared, and as much more may be made, and good Part of the above Meadow Ground may be watered by a large Stream of Water; the Remainder is good Wood Land; the whole in tolerable good Repair. Any Perſon or Perſons inclining to purchaſe the above Plantation, or any Part thereof, are deſired to view the ſame before the Day of Sale, which will be ſhewn them by James Gibbons, adjoining the Place. The Terms of Sale will be made known on the Day of Sale, where Attendance and reaſonable Credit will be given by

JOHN GIBBONS.

N. B. The Title is indiſputable. The Sale to begin at Two o'Clock on the Premiſes. Alſo for Sale on ſaid Day, ſome few Stacks of good Hay. ¶

TO be Sold, by way of publick Vendue, on Tueſday, the 17th of February, a Tract of Land, lying and being in the Townſhip of Londonderry, Cheſter County, and Province of Pennſylvania, containing 225 acres of Land, about 90 whereof is cleared, 15 Acres watered Meadow, and about 30 more may be made; the Land is extraordinary well timbered, and well watered; there are two good Dwelling-houſes, a large Barn, and good Stables; a large Orchard of bearing Apple Trees, and 150 young Trees planted; and 50 bearing Peach Trees. The Title is indiſputable; late the Property of James Frier, deceaſed. The Vendue to begin at 12 o'Clock, where Attendance will be given by

¶ ABEL HODGSON, Executor.

N. B. There is alſo a Quantity of Hay, and Wheat in the Ground, to be ſold on ſaid Day.

ON the 19th Day of February inſt. will be ſold, by public Vendue, at the Widow Riſley's, in Great Egg-Harbour Townſhip, Glouceſter County, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, lying in Great Egg-Harbour Townſhip.

No. 1. Beginning at a Pine Tree, ſtanding near the Head of the North Branch of Abſecomb Creek, and from thence it extends South 69 Degrees Weſt, 140 Chains, to a Black-oak Tree, for a Corner; thence North 21 Degrees Weſt, 84 Chains, to a Pine Tree, for a Corner; thence North 69 Degrees Eaſt, 140 Chains, to a Poſt; thence South 21 Degrees Eaſt, 84 Chains, to the Pine Tree firſt named, containing 1133 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 2. One other Tract, beginning at a Poſt ſtanding on the South Eaſt Side of a ſmall Iſland, by the Channel that comes from Abſecomb Inlet, and runs into the Bay; and from thence it is bounded by the ſaid Channel Northweſtwardly to the Bay; thence bounding by the Edge of the Bay to the Mouth of a Thoroughfare; then bounding by the ſaid Thoroughfare, to the Poſt firſt named, containing 93 Acres, and the uſual Allowance.

No. 3. One other Tract, beginning at a Pine Tree by the Head of Tanner's Run, and runs North 15 Chains, to a Black-oak Sapling; thence North 74 Degrees Eaſt, 14 Chains, to a Black-oak Sapling; thence South 24 Degrees Eaſt, 23 Chains, to a Pine Tree, by the ſaid Tanner's Run; thence up the ſaid Run the ſeveral Courſes thereof, and bounding therewith, to the Place of beginning, containing 37 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 4. One other Tract, beginning at a White-oak, about 20 Perches from the Bridge on Beaver Run, and on the North Side of ſaid Run; thence North 13 Degrees Weſt, 32 Chains, to a Pine Tree; thence Weſt 57 Chains, to a Black-oak; thence South 13 Degrees Eaſt, 43 Chains, to a ſtake near a White-oak, marked on four Sides; thence North 85 Degrees Eaſt, 46 Chains, to a Black-oak Sapling; thence North 48 Degrees Eaſt, 11 Chains, to the Place of beginning, containing 223 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 5. One other Tract, beginning at a White-oak, on the South Side of a Branch of Little Egg-Harbour River, and runs thence North 55 Degrees Weſt, 20 Chains, to a White-oak; thence South 56 Degrees Weſt, 29 Chains, to a Stake; thence South 20 Degrees Eaſt, 14 Chains, to a White-oak Sapling; thence North 66 Degrees Eaſt, 20 Chains, to a Stake; thence North 61 Degrees Eaſt, 20 Chains, to the Place of beginning, containing 54 Acres, with the uſual Allowance.

No. 6. One other Tract, containing 126 Acres; all lying in Egg-Harbour Townſhip. The original Purchaſer was Thomas Simpſon of London, and now to be ſold by Joſeph Mitchell, of Blockley, in the County of Philadelphia, who will make an indiſputable Title. Any Perſon or Perſons that may be inclinable to purchaſe all or any Part of the above Lands before the Day of Sale, may know the Terms, and Quality of the Land, by applying to WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq; of Philadelphia, JOHN LADD, Eſq; who ſurveyed Part of the above Lands, or JOSEPH MITCHELL.

Said Mitchell has ſome French Burr Millſtones, lately arrived, which will be ſold very reaſonable. Enquire of Mr. Daniel Williams, Merchant in Philadelphia.

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February 19, 1767. NUMB. 1991.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the NEW-YORK GAZETTE.

To Lieut. Col. Irving, Major of the 15*th Regiment; Mr. Walter Murray; Mr. Adam Mabane, Surgeon; Mr. Francis Mounier, Merchant; and Mr. James Cuthbert.*

GENTLEMEN,

AS Lieutenant Col. Irving has ſignified to you, that the Part of my Conduct you think worthy your Reprehenſion, happened by Accident, let him explain his Reaſons for ſo doing, he had no Authority from me. But that there may be no further Doubts, I do hereby make known to you, that I both have and will, on all Matters that do require the Conſent of Council, call together ſuch Counſellors, as I ſhall think beſt qualified to give me Information; and further, that I will aſk the Advice and Opinion of ſuch Perſons (tho' not of the Council) as I ſhall find Men of good Senſe, Truth, Candour and impartial Juſtice: Perſons who prefer their Duty to the King, and the Tranquility of his Majeſty's Subjects, to the unjuſtifiable Attachments of Party Zeal, and to all ſelfiſh mercenary Views: After I have obtained ſuch Advice, I will ſtill direct as to me ſhall ſeem beſt for his Majeſty's Service, and the Good of this Province, committed to my Care.

I further make known to you, and for this firſt Time I give an Opinion, that for the preſent his Majeſty's Council conſiſts of 12 Members; thoſe named and approved immediately by the King have the Preference, next follow thoſe appointed by Governor Murray, till the Seats are all full. You will be pleaſed to recollect, Gentlemen, that Mr. Stuart, tho' ſworn into Council after Mr. Mounier, has, by Virtue of the King's immediate Appointment, conſtantly taken Place of you all. I muſt alſo remind you, that his Majeſty's Service requires Tranquility and Peace in his Province of Quebec, and that it is the indiſpenſable Duty of every good Subject, and of every honeſt Man, to promote ſo deſirable an End.

Quebec, November 28, 1766. G. C.

Copy of a letter to the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, from Col. Jones, Col. Irving, and Capt. Morris, in anſwer to his to Col. Irving, of the 29*th of November*, 1766, *inſerted in our laſt but one.*

SIR,

WITH the reſpectful attention due to a letter from you, we have peruſed that ſent to Lieut. Col. Irving, and directed to be communicated to all that ſubſcribed a petition in behalf of the gentlemen brought priſoners from Montreal. Leſt any unfavourable impreſſion may have been conveyed; leſt the ſilence even of thoſe amongſt the preſenters, not particularly charged, ſhould countenance ſuch impreſſion, we beg leave to lay before you the whole of our proceedings and intentions: Intentions, which, we flatter ourſelves, would be ſome apology, even had we been ignorantly led into a breach of a poſitive law.

Saturday night it was told, the Gentlemen confined were not to be bailed, and that it was expected they would be ſent back priſoners the next afternoon; that having no other reſource, they intended to apply to the Governor by memorial, and would be obliged to their friends to preſent it. They found, on this occaſion, more friends than they expected; all were touched with their very particular circumſtances; all freely offered their ſervice (few or none who had opportunity declined.)

The memorial was a requeſt to the Governor to interpoſe, whether by cauſing bail to be accepted, or otherwiſe, we were not informed, for none of us read it, but heard it was drawn up by proper advice. It was decent to accompany it with a petition; ſeveral motives offered for ſo doing; no time was to be loſt; as ſoon as a fair copy could be made out, it muſt be delivered: The expreſſions muſt remain ſuch as they were, ſuch as were inſpired by a warm zeal for our friends; for gentlemen unexpectedly thrown into the moſt mortifying circumſtances men could fall into; yet, ſo unanimous were all, that not one of the various perſons who read and ſigned it, all unſolicited (as far as we know) moſt unconnected by any but the ties of humanity, and an opinion of the priſoners innocence, made the leaſt exception to a ſingle ſentence. They thought it would be but juſtice to theſe gentlemen, to give the ſtrongeſt teſtimony of their characters, and the eſteem in which they ſtood in the country: They thought it humanity to alleviate the odium which their unhappy ſituation muſt throw on thoſe characters, and to obviate, as far as in them lay, the ill conſequences likely to enſue on their affairs and intereſts: In fine, that it was a proper occaſion to inform thoſe who had not opportunities of being acquainted with this province, that an impreſſion very different had been made here in regard to the perpetration of the outrage on Mr. Walker, from what may have been given in England.

To lay open theſe their ſentiments, they flattered themſelves would not be unacceptable, and as they thought it incumbent on them to propoſe the moſt perſuaſive motives for every poſſible indulgence, they hoped every becoming meaſure for juſtifying ſuch indulgence, would be pleaſing. They never preſumed to preſcribe in what manner authority was to be interpoſed; if the law did not allow bail to be taken, ſome mitigation in the manner of the priſoners confinement was hoped for: Theſe were the views in which we gave that evidence of our ſincerity, as well as dependance on theſe gentlemens honour, in offering the moſt unlimited ſecurity we could for them.

By authority, we meant no other than the authority uſually veſted in Governors, neither did we conceive that that word implied any thing arbitrary. Were we miſtaken in ſuppoſing an authority for doing ſomething that could not be done; were the application of that authority (did it really exiſt) improper, a word or hint would have been taken, as the rebuke of our Governor, our General, and our Friend. As ſuch we looked upon what you ſaid to us, Sir, on our preſenting the memorial, and ſhould have come off thankful for what could legally or conveniently be done for their relief: But had any ſuch authority exiſted, had we not, the only moment when our endeavours could avail, exerted ourſelves in behalf of our friends and brother officers; had we ſeen them after ſcandal, impriſonment and vexation, prove their innocence; had we then remembered that we left undone any thing poſſible to be done for their relief, we ſhould certainly reproach ourſelves, and the world would probably aſk, why were we ſo luke-warm?

Theſe were our thoughts; theſe our motives, and ſeemed to be of all that ſigned; if from their ſpeeches and behaviour then, we are to judge, for on theſe matters we have had no communication before, and very little, even in common diſcourſe ſince, with any of them, we declare, that we never had any intimation that our petitioning would be ill received: The Town-Major, ſent to give notice of our intention, brought back no ſuch meſſage: Major Mills, indeed, ſaid it would be diſagreeable to go in numbers; it was inſtantaneouſly decided, a few only ſhould go; moſt ſeemed willing to be of theſe few. We thought it would be wanting due reſpect, to ſuffer to be preſented to the Governor by perſons of an inferior rank to ours, a petition to which our names were ſigned.

The bare expoſition of theſe our motives and proceedings, will, we hope, be their apology. The ſpring of them all was zeal for our brother officers, whoſe fortunes, lives, and honours, are cloſely attacked. Even this ſhould never lead us to an undutiful act; for we were, and remain, with unalterable obedience to publick authority; and with the higheſt reſpect,

SIR,

Your moſt obedient,
And moſt humble ſervants.

St. JOHN's (in Antigua) January 14.

The ſloop Hero, Dudley Salſtonſtall, maſter, from New-London, bound for the Grenades, out 19 days, ſtruck on the rocks of Barbuda the 1ſt inſtant; moſt of the cargoe is ſaved, but the veſſel is intirely loſt.

Laſt week the ſnow Swale, Capt. Livingſton, from Liverpool for New-York put in here in diſtreſs, after having been out 18 weeks: The veſſel is very leaky, and will take ſome time to refit, before ſhe can proceed on her voyage.

ANNAPOLIS.

Feb. 5. The veſſel mentioned in laſt week's gazette, to be aſhore at one of our capes, proves to be a new ſhip belonging to Liverpool, Capt. Gough, who ſtruck the ground in the night about 5 miles to the Southward of Cape Henry. Next morning the Captain, Mate, and one of the ſailors, attempting to go aſhore in the yawl, ſhe unfortunately overſet, and they were all drowned. The reſt of the crew remained on board the ſhip, but it was great matter of doubt whether ſhe could be got off or not.

NEW-YORK, February 9.

Captain Deane, in 9 weeks from Liverpool, ſays, that a ſhip was to ſail from thence for this port the day after him.

Laſt Wedneſday night, a woman named Elizabeth Ford, being in liquor, and pregnant, was forced out of the houſe of Mary Williams, alias M'Guire, into the commons, was aſſaulted at the ſame time, and next morning was found dead near the ſaid houſe: The coroner's inqueſt having ſat on the body, brought in their verdict, wilful murder. And,

On Friday night, a man, named Thomas Wilder, from Old-England, going to bed in liquor in a houſe in this city, was found dead the next morning: The coroner's inqueſt brought in their verdict, accidental.

GEORGE FREDERICK BOYER, CUTLER,

Living on the Bank Side of Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, Philadelphia; having a Sign in Front-ſtreet, and another in Water-ſtreet, with his Name thereon, and on which are painted Swords, Knives, Lancets, Razors, and Grinding Tools,

TAKES this Method, at the Requeſt of ſome of his good Cuſtomers, (who give him the Preference as to the beſt Hand in Philadelphia for grinding Cutlery Ware) to inform the Public, that he carries on his Buſineſs, as he has done for 16 *Years paſt, in this City, grinds and mends Swords, Knives, Penknives, Lancets, Razors, &c. and ſharpens in the beſt Manner Sciſſars of all Sorts; alſo makes Scabbards for Swords, Cutteaus, &c. Likewiſe ſells Hones, Knives, Penknives, Swords, common and Spring Lancets, Razors with and without Caſes, common Sciſſars, and Taylor's large and ſmall Shears. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their work done with the greateſt Care and Expedition, and at the moſt reaſonable Rates.*

N. B. Said Boyer lends Razors on Trial, which may be returned if not liked. ¶

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS the Adminiſtrators on the Eſtate of Anthony Wilkinſon, deceaſed, have obtained a Bond from me, the Subſcriber, for Eighteen Pounds, Ten Shillings, per Annum, payable to Elizabeth Wilkinſon, during her natural Life; this is to forewarn all Perſons from taking any Aſſignment of ſaid Bond, as I am determined not to pay it, for Reaſons which I don't chuſe to publiſh at preſent.

¶ THOMAS CUTHBERT.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in the Great Valley, Cheſter county, adjoining lands of the White Horſe Tavern, 26 miles from Philadelphia, on Lancaſter road, containing upwards of 200 acres, of which 10 acres are exceeding good meadow, producing clover graſs, a quantity more may be made, with the conveniency of watering the whole at a very ſmall expence, about 80 acres cleared, and under very good fence, the remainder is woodland, remarkably well timbered; there is on ſaid place a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, and other ſmall buildings, a good bearing orchard, ſeveral good ſprings of water; alſo a commodious tanyard, good mill houſe, and currying ſhop, in good repair, and now occupied in that buſineſs, where it has been carried on for upwards of 30 years paſt.

Alſo one equal undivided half part (the whole in two equal parts to be divided) of 250 acres of good land, ſituate in the Great Valley, adjoining the above deſcribed premiſes, of which 25 are exceeding good watered meadow, upwards of 100 acres cleared, in good repair, two good bearing orchards, the remainder well timbered; there is on ſaid place a ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, &c. To be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer or purchaſers. For terms of Sale apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, who will give a ſufficient title for the ſame. JAMES HUNTER. † 6 W.

Bert Townſhip, Lancaſter County, February 7, 1767.

WHEREAS Meſſieurs Ephraim Morriſon, and William Halladay, in September laſt, ſold unto the Subſcriber an unſound Servant, and received part Payment in Caſh, and a promiſſary Note for Eleven Pounds; theſe are therefore to requeſt and forewarn all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment on that Note, for I will not pay the ſame, neither to Morriſon and Halladay, nor their Aſſigns, until thereunto compelled by Law.

§ SAMUEL RUMSEY.

WHEREAS Samuel Atlee, and John Douglaſs, both of Lancaſter County, obtained of the Subſcriber, two Bonds, one conditioned for the Payment of £90, and the other for £66, which hath ſince been paid to them, but the Bonds have not been delivered to the Subſcriber; theſe are therefore to deſire all Perſons not to take an Aſſignment of ſaid Bonds, as I will not pay them, for the Reaſon aforeſaid.

¶ THOMAS DOWDLE.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in the Falls Townſhip, Bucks County, in Pennſylvania, on the 9th Day of this inſtant February, an Iriſh Servant Man, named Lewis Taylor, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, well ſet, of a pale Countenance: Had on, when he went away, an old light coloured Nap Coat, a ſtriped Linſey Jacket, with the Stripes acroſs, pale blue Stockings, old Shoes, an old Felt Hat, without Loops, a Leather Apron, and a Half-worn Flax and Tow Shirt. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, if taken in this Province, ſhall have Twenty-five Shillings, but if out of the Province Thirty Shillings Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by me

WILLIAM SHALLCROSS.

N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their Peril. ¶

RUN away, on the 10th of January, from the Subſcriber, living in St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle County, a Servant Man, named William Hewes, born in Philadelphia, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, fair Complexion, round Face, about 21 Years of Age, has loſt a Joint of the fore Finger of his Left Hand: Had on, when he went away, a knit Cap, with brown, red and white Diamonds, coarſe homeſpun Cloth Jacket, and a brown under Jacket, Buckſkin Breeches, blue Yarn Stockings, and good Shoes, with Braſs Buckles. He has been in ſeveral Parts of Europe, and came laſt from Ireland, ſays he ſerved ſome time with James Chattin, Printer. He is ſuppoſed to be gone towards Philadelphia. All Maſters of Veſſels are deſired not to harbour or carry him off. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſo as his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

† HENRY WALL.

Philadelphia, February 19, 1766.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber by Mortgage, Bond, Note or Book Accounts, are deſired to make Payment, before the Firſt Day of May next, otherwiſe they may expect their contracts to be put into Lawyers Hands, without any further Notice, which will be very diſagreeable to their humble Servant, ADAM HOOPS.

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION in Glouceſter County, Weſt-Jerſey, adjoining Raccoon Creek, about a Mile above the Bridge, on Salem Road, containing above 150 Acres of Land, about 30 of which tillable, and under good Fence; alſo about 7 Acres of mowable Meadow, and about as much more may be made; all exceeding good, and ever free from Banking; the Remainder Woodland, and great Part well timbered. There is on the Place, a ſquare Log Houſe and Kitchen, with a good Stone Chimney in each, a good Spring within three or four Perches of the Door; about 40 bearing Apple Trees of good Fruit; and a valuable Stone Quarry. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to JAMES ELLISON, on the Premiſes.

N. B. The Title is clear and indiſputable. And ſaid Elliſon propoſes alſo to ſell ſeveral Lots of rough Land, containing one, two or three Acres a Piece, adjoining Salem Road, about a Mile to the Northward of the Bridge aforeſaid, very ſuitable for public Buſineſs. ¶

CAME to the Plantation whereon Andrew Steell now lives, in Williſtown, Cheſter County, in December laſt, a dark bay Horſe, has neither Brand nor Ear-mark, and is about 14 Hands high, ſuppoſed to be 12 Years old, paces and trots, and has a Star in his Forehead. The Owner is deſired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

ANDREW STEELL.

TO BE LETT,

And entered on the 25th of March next,

THE ELK FORGE, Mills, Saw-mill, and Plantation, ſituate on the main Branch of Elk River, 3 Miles from the Landing, and 9 from Chriſteen Bridge, in a healthy Part of the Country. The Forge is well conſtructed, and in good Order for Buſineſs, having 4 Fires, and 2 Hammers, and 6 good Negroes, capable of carrying on 3 Fires, with a ſufficient Quantity of Wood cut for next Seaſon, and Plenty of Water. The Mills in good Order for Merchant and Country Buſineſs, having two Pair of good Stones, one whereof French Burr, with 3 Boulting Mills, a Fan and Hoiſting, all by Water, and Plenty of Wheat may be had. The Plantation contains about 600 Acres, one Half cleared, and within good Fence; a ſufficient Quantity of Meadow to keep Teams, Stock, &c. Alſo ſeveral Negroes to be Lett with the Premiſes, if wanted. Any Perſon inclining to rent the above Works and Premiſes, are deſired to meet the Owner, the 9th Day of March next, on the Premiſes, and know the Terms, &c. *

Cheſter County, Feb. 9. 1767.

MADE his Eſcape from before me, on the 7th Inſtant, while his Mittimus was writing, a certain William Johnſton; he is about 25 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, thin faced, ſtoop ſhouldered; had on, when he went away, a brown Coat, white Jacket, Buckſkin Breeches (but may change his Clothes, as it is ſuppoſed he has more with him) came from Ireland about two Years ago, and has been ſome Time in the Army. Whoever takes up ſaid Johnſton, and ſecures him, ſo as he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

§ JOHN CULBERTSON.

WAS left in my cuſtody, by Captain Benjamin Holland, of the Ship Royal Charlotte, ſome time in November, 1765, a ſmall box of merchandize, marked M. A. K. No. 31. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take it away. JAMES CRAIG.

N. B. Said box was advertiſed in the London Coffee-houſe books laſt fall.

LONDON.

November 22. Thurſday night a ſervant girl in this city went into an office in Change-alley, to enquire about the ſucceſs of a ſhare ſhe had purchaſed in a Lottery Ticket; when being told it was that day come up a Blank, ſhe was ſo much afflicted, that ſhe had nearly fainted. An elderly Lady, pitying her diſtreſs, made her a preſent of a guinea, to make up her loſs, which was a ſixteenth; but the Gentlewoman was no ſooner gone, than the girl immediately laid out the money in buying another ſhare, in hopes of better fortune.

Thurſday a perſon in Guildhall, attending the drawing of the Lottery, was perſuaded by a friend to buy a ticket, when the inſtant of his purchaſe, it was drawn a prize of 100l.

The ticket number 28m316, was preſented by a Gentleman to a young married Lady of this city, in a ſtate of pregnancy, for the benefit of her child, whether male or female: The Lady was delivered on Monday laſt of a fine girl; and the aforeſaid ticket came up on Tueſday a prize of 1000l.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Waterford, to his Friend in Dublin, dated Oct. 18.

"As I was on a party of pleaſure, with ſome friends, going Paſſage, the wind blowing hard at S. S. W. we perceived a large Whitehaven veſſel, with her ſails furled, and ſeemingly in diſtreſs; and perceiving no body on board, we made up to her, and hailed her; but receiving no anſwer, we ventured to go on board, where we found a parcel of poor women lying in a fever, quite delirious, and not able to give any account of themſelves, whom we relieved as well as we could, with what neceſſaries our little veſſel afforded.

"Upon ſearching further, we found the cocket of the veſſel, which diſcovered her to be a tranſport ſhip, -------- Ford, Commander, bound for Eaſt-Florida from Dublin, with 150 convicts on board. By all appearance, we ſuppoſe the hands have been murdered, and thrown overboard, as we found on board their compaſs, quadrants, clothes, &c.

"Upon coming into harbour, we gave notice of it to the Officers in the Cuſtom-houſe, who immediately went and brought her in here."

Nov. 25. They write from Dublin, that an expreſs arrived there on October 30, with the melancholy confirmation of the murder of Captain Ford, and his whole ſhip's company, by the convicts: In the night-time they had found means to knock off their chains, ſurprized the Captain and the crew, threw them overboard, and then making for the ſhore, got clear off before any diſcovery was made. Some of them, however, have been ſince apprehended, and committed to Dublin goal.

A foreign Nobleman, who, it is talked, intends to be naturalized, and to reſide in this country, has, within this fortnight, remitted bills of exchange to the amount of one million five hundred thouſand livres.

Private letters from Madrid mention, that the arrival of the next Flota of Cadiz was to be purpoſely delayed, until the preſent diſputes about the Manilla ranſom can be adjuſted.

Laſt Thurſday evening was drove on ſhore, two miles to the Northward of Fairtree, in the Channel, a clinker built boat, together with ſeveral pieces of broken ſhipping, ſuppoſed the remains of ſome late wreck on the coaſt.

The Saliſbury cutter has taken a ſloop in the Iriſh Channel, bound to Belfaſt, with a contraband cargo from Gottenburgh, and carried her into Douglaſs, in the Iſle of Man.

It is ſaid a foreigner, now in town, has offered to introduce the true method of making ſalt petre in the Britiſh American Colonies on proper encouragement, and that his propoſal has been accepted of.

The following is an Account of a very extraordinary Perſonage.

Near Lanſelin, in Denbighſhire, lives Jane Morgan, whoſe memory yet ſerves her to give an account of ſeveral things ſhe hath ſeen 130 years ago. She walks upright without a ſtick, her teeth are almoſt perfect, and ſhe can ſee well without ſpectacles; but her organs of ſmelling are ſo corroborated by age, that no ſtench can give her the leaſt offence. She has been reduced to the moſt unheard of ſhifts for food, and by the keenneſs of her ſtomach, ſhe may be thought now to be in the meridian of her age, for of whatſoever diſeaſe cattle, horſes, &c. die, ſhe will eat them; and all carrion, in whatever ſtate ſhe finds it, are alike to her ſtomach. If any will beſtow corn upon her, ſhe will carry two buſhels to the mill, which is nothing to what ſhe has done formerly. Some people of 90 ſay, their fathers have told them ſhe was a very tall woman, and lived in a houſe out of which ſhe had ſeen buried 11 heirs, her height was taken above 100 years ago, but laſt year coming to the ſame place, ſhe was found to want near 18 inches of that meaſure, and is now only four feet four inches. She is as merry as a girl of fifteen, and will ſing from morning to night, &c.

N. B. She was married forty-five years before ſhe had any children, and in her 66th year had a daughter; and ſays her mother was ſix feet high, and before ſhe died ſhrunk to three feet ſix inches.

What ſort of menſtruum has her ſtomach, ſince no ſtench offends her?

How comes the whole contexture of her body, with ſuch conſent of parts, to be diminiſhed?

And, ſince the bones muſt be contracted, how come we to find bones, long buried, of the ſame length as when firſt interred?

LIVERPOOL, November 28.

A few weeks ago a perſon came to this town, who called himſelf Thomas Vibert; he ſaid he was a reſident in North America, not far from Philadelphia, and that he came here to purchaſe a quantity of goods, ſuitable for that Country; accordingly he gave orders to ſeveral tradeſmen in town, to furniſh him with a proper aſſortment, to the amount of upwards of two thouſand pounds, for which he propoſed to pay ready money; when his orders were compleated, and the veſſel ready to ſail, he feigned an indiſpoſition, hoping that his goods might be ſhipped whilſt he kept his room, but his ſcheme not quite anſwering his purpoſe, propoſed a day for payment, and ſeveral of his tradeſmen met him at the place and time appointed, when Mr. Vibert appeared, and the account being produced, and the reſpective ſums caſt up, he drew to his pocket to pay 'em in Bank notes, but to the great mortification of all preſent, could find none; he pretended that he had them ſealed up in a paper, and loſt them on the road from his lodgings to that place; being aſked the numbers of them, he could not tell, but he ſaid he had them from two gentlemen, the one living at Southampton, the other at Andover. Letters were immediately ſent to both places, to know if ever he had any ſuch bills, and alſo their numbers; when, by a letter returned from Andover, it fully appeared, that he never had any ſuch things, but was a villain, and a common cheat; that he had been rambling about the country upwards of eighteen months, ſometimes appearing in the character of a gentleman, at others, as an object of diſtreſs; he left this place on Tueſday morning laſt; he is a perſon of a very mean appearance, low in ſtature, ſcarcely five feet high, thin viſaged, wears his own black hair; had on, when he went off, a blue ſhabby ſurtout coat, but none under it, a black velvet waiſtcoat; and as it is probable he may go to ſome other place, and attempt to impoſe upon people, we thought a deſcription of his perſon neceſſary, that the public may, in ſome meaſure, be guarded from the falſe pretenſions of ſuch an accompliſhed villain, and deſigning knave.

BOSTON, February 5.

Saturday laſt came to Town Captain William Scott, and informs, that on his Paſſage, about 20 Days ago, in a Brig, bound from Liſbon for this Place, his Veſſel ſprung a Leak, upon which he endeavoured to get into Nantucket, but the Wind coming contrary, he came to an Anchor upon the Shoals laſt Monday, in 12 Fathom Water, where, notwithſtanding the utmoſt Efforts of the People, who were quite ſpent with Pumping, the Water gained upon them ſo faſt, that the next Day ſhe foundered; the Crew took to their Boat, and after about 6 Hours got aſhore at Nantucket.

It muſt give great Pleaſure to every one, to ſee that the People of this Province have gone ſo much into the raiſing of WHEAT the Summer paſt: There has been brought for Sale within a few Days upwards of Twenty Tons of fine Flour, well boulted, equal in Quality, if not ſuperior to any imported from the other Governments: It ſold at the Rate of 5l. 15s. per 100 Weight.-- Chiefly brought from the Frontier Towns, one hundred Miles diſtant from hence: Eight Tons were brought from Northfield, and it is ſaid forty Tons more are expected from that Town, beſides great Quantities from other Towns.

Tueſday Night laſt, a few Minutes after 10 o'Clock, the Bake-houſe improved by Mr. George Bray (formerly Mr. Davenport's) nigh the Mill-bridge, burſt into Flames, which immediately communicated to ſeveral Buildings contiguous thereto: The Wind blowing high, and not ſteadily at one Point, the flaming Cinders ſoon drove on the Roofs of the Houſes on every Quarter, and Water being ſcarce, the Flames for ſome Time baffled the Efforts of the Firewards, and Engine-men; and while they were employed in extinguiſhing the Fire where it firſt broke out, it was found neceſſary for ſome to attend at diſtant Places; and being uncertain what Courſe the Flames would principally take, obliged a great Number of Families to remove their Goods and Furniture, few thinking themſelves ſafe in that Neighbourhood: A large Brick Houſe, belonging to John Hancock, Eſq; which was ſlated, in a great Meaſure ſtopped its Courſe Southward, and a Brick Wall of Mr. Bullfinch's prevented his Houſe, and thoſe on the South-ſide of the Mill-creek, from being burnt; but the Flakes of Fire drove moſtly to the Northward, paſſing over the Creek, catched the Houſes of Captain Ball, the Pilot, Mr. John Griffith, Mr. Jacob Emmons, with many others, and conſumed all as far as Croſs-ſtreet; excepting thoſe which fronted that Street, Middle-ſtreet, and Fore-ſtreet, the back Part only of ſome of theſe were burnt, tho' all were on Fire ſeveral Times; the large Manſion-houſe of Mr. Jonathan Williams, Merchant, was the laſt that was entirely conſumed: Many other Houſes were on Fire ſeveral Times, and conſiderably burnt, eſpecially in Fore-ſtreet; but the Tide coming up into the Docks, the Engines were plentifully ſupplied with Water; by which they were prevented from being conſumed, and the Fire from ſpreading further. It was about Three o'Clock in the Morning before the Flames were ſubdued; during ſo many Hours the Inhabitants were indefatigable in ſupplying the Engines with Water, and helping the Diſtreſſed, notwithſtanding the Extremity of the Weather, which was ſo cold, that the Water which fell on their Clothes immediately froze---Nothing ſeemed favourable at the firſt Breaking out of the Fire, excepting the Time, being before the Inhabitants were generally in Bed---the Weather had come on very ſevere in the Evening, and the Wind high at W. and N. W. the Streets ſlippery, being covered with Ice, and low Water:---It was really diſtreſſing, eſpecially for thoſe who had Children and ſick People to take out of their Beds, and remove with their Goods to a great Diſtance: Many Goods, which were bulky and heavy, were obliged to be left in the Street, whereby they were much damaged.---The Loſs to the ſeveral Sufferers we pretend not to eſtimate, but certainly muſt be very great, as it is ſaid above 20 Dwelling-houſes were conſumed, and between 40 and 50 Families deprived of their Habitations: But by a gracious Providence no Lives were loſt, nor do we hear of any dangerouſly wounded, tho' many were expoſed to imminent Dangers, being confined to narrow Paſſages, among the Flames of Fire, and the falling of Houſes.

We have not yet obtained a Liſt of thoſe Families who are burnt out.

This is the ſecond or third Time that Mr. Bray has unfortunately been deprived of his Bake-houſe by Fire.

BOSTON, February 2.

Laſt Saturday the Committee of the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives waited upon His Excellency the Governor, with the following ANSWER to his SPEECH at the opening of the preſent Seſſion, viz.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

YOUR ſpeech to both houſes of the General Aſſembly, at the opening of the preſent ſeſſion, has been duly conſidered by the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

Your Excellency has been pleaſed to recommend "the ſupport of the authority of the government, the maintainance of the honour of the province, and the promotion of the welfare of the people, as the chief objects of our conſultations."

By the authority of the government, this houſe underſtand, the charter rights and powers of the great and General Court or Aſſembly of this province, and the ſeveral branches of the ſame, and the powers with which the civil officers of the province are by law veſted. While the members of that Aſſembly firmly maintain thoſe rights and powers, and the body of the people ſteadily and vigorouſly ſuſtain and protect the civil officers in the exerciſe of their reſpective powers, in the full execution of the good laws of the province, and the diſcharge of their ſeveral truſts, whether judiciary or miniſterial, we apprehend the authority of the government is then ſupported: It is neceſſary for the ſupport of this authority, that the Houſe of Repreſentatives well inform themſelves of the true extent of thoſe rights and powers, and ſacredly adhere to their own rights, as one branch of the legiſlature: That they zealouſly aſſert the rights of their conſtituents, the people of this province; without tranſgreſſing the bounds of their own power, or invading the rights and prerogative of the other branches of the Aſſembly: And that they endeavour, that the body of the people be alſo well acquainted with their own natural and conſtitutional rights and privileges; and the liberty, ſafety, peace and happineſs, which they will not fail to enjoy, while the General Aſſembly is protected in the due exerciſe of their rights and powers, and the laws of the land have their free courſe, and are faithfully and impartially executed. This, may it pleaſe your Excellency, being our own apprehenſions of the authority of the government, and its ſupport, we ſhall always greatly rejoice to find your Excellency exciting and animating us in the diſcharge of this important duty: As it would be unpardonable in us ever to loſe ſight of it, your Excellency may be aſſured, that we ſhall always make the ſupport of the authority of the government one great object of our conſultations.

Upon this occaſion, we cannot forbear to obſerve to your Excellency, with concern, that when the two Houſes were directed to attend your Excellency in the Council Chamber, at a time when none but the General Aſſembly and their ſervants are intended to be preſent, his honour the Lieutenant Governor was pleaſed to appear in General Aſſembly, and there to continue till the houſe returned to their chamber, while your Excellency was not only in the province, but actually in the chair: We are of opinion that this conduct is not ſupportable by any precedent; but ſhould there be found, upon ſearching antient records, any inſtance of the kind, it is not only in itſelf an impropriety, but repugnant to the conſtitution, and the letter of the charter, which declares the great and General Court to conſiſt of the Governor, and Council or Aſſiſtants for the time being, and ſuch freeholders of the province as ſhall be from time to time elected or deputed by the major part of the freeholders and other inhabitants, qualified by the royal charter to give their votes. If the honourable gentleman was introduced by your Excellency, we apprehend that the happieſt means of ſupporting the authority of the Government, or maintaining the honour of the province, was not conſulted therein: But if he came in and took a ſeat of his own motion, we are conſtrained to ſay, that it affords a new and additional inſtance of ambition, and a luſt of power, to what we have heretofore obſerved.

If your Excellency, in recommending to our conſultations the ſupport of the authority of the government, intends that the executive power is become weak, and calls for the aid of the legiſlative; and that an ill temper, and a factious ſpirit, ſo far prevail in the province, as to require ſeverer methods, we can with great ſatisfaction inform you otherwiſe: Your Excellency may be aſſured, that a diſpoſition of the people to yield all due obedience to his Majeſty's authority, and the laws of this province, renders it altogether unneceſſary that any extraordinary methods ſhould be taken for that purpoſe. And as the welfare of the people ſo much depends upon it, we have juſt reaſon to expect, that every branch of the legiſlature will take the moſt effectual meaſures to remove from the mind of our Sovereign ſuch unfavourable ſentiments of the province, as have been occaſioned by the malignant whiſpers of its enemies.

We cannot promiſe your excellency that there ſhall be no diſagreement or diverſity of ſentiments in matters of importance that may come before the General Court: This is ſcarcely to be expected in a free Aſſembly: In ſuch caſes, this houſe, as they ever have, will ſtill conſider their own honour concerned, to debate with candor, and to decide with judgment: While the true end of government is kept in view, and invariably purſued in the ſeveral departments of it, the honour of the province, and the welfare of the people, will be maintained and promoted, and there can be no room for diſſatisfaction.

Had your Excelleney any command from his Majeſty to lay before us, we ſhould attend to it with the utmoſt loyalty and reſpect: Being fully perſuaded that our gracious Sovereign will require of us nothing but what is juſt and wiſe: When you ſhall be pleaſed to communicate to us any propoſal of your own, we ſhall duly conſider its nature, importance and tendency, and act agreeable to the beſt light of our own underſtanding.

NEW-LONDON, January 23.

A great variety of articles have been found on the north ſide of Long Iſland, ſuppoſed to have been drifted from this colony, in the late great freſhes; among which are boats, timber, parts of houſes, one ſtack of hay, with hoops round it, that remained entire.

NEW-YORK, February 12.

By Capt. Hibbs, who arrived here Tueſday laſt, in 11 days from Newbern, in North-Carolina, we have intelligence, that about the beginning of December laſt, a French Ship of above 400 tons, Monſieur Richard, commander, bound from Leoganne, for Nants in France, with a valuable cargo of ſugar and indigo, having met with much bad weather, and ſprung a leak at ſea, had put into Port Look-Out, in North-Carolina, in diſtreſs:---Where, upon the ſurvey of carpenters, the ſhip was adjudged irreparable, and condemned.-----Capt. Hibbs has brought part of her cargo in here.

As the Seaſon now approaches for killing Lamb, it is hoped that all humane Perſons will abſtain from buying a few Months, to increaſe the Breed of Sheep, and provide Wool for the Employment and Clothing of the induſtrious Poor.

On Monday laſt, the four condemned Criminals, mentioned in our former Paper, were executed, purſuant to their Sentence, on a Gallows erected for that Purpoſe, near the Freſh Water. Their Execution had been ſuſpended a Week, at the Interceſſion of the Rev. Dr. Auchmuty, who finding them all remarkably ignorant, even of the firſt Principles of Religion, had, ever ſince their Condemnation, and eſpecially the laſt Week, been very aſſiduous, as have alſo the other Miniſters of this City, in giving them ſuch ſpiritual Aſſiſtance as their unhappy Caſe required.

At the Place of Execcution the Criminals ſeemed reſigned to their Fate. Crawford, Carrol, and the Negroe Woman, ſaid little or nothing, and appeared much terrified at the Approach of Death; but Williams ſpoke ſome Time to the People, adviſed them to ſhun the vicious Courſes that had brought him to ſo ſhameful an End, and acknowledged the Juſtice of his Puniſhment.

PHILADELPHIA, February 19.

Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, December 3, 1766.

"Two Acts were paſſed a few Days ago, for importing Corn free from any Part of Europe till the Firſt of March; and from America to the Firſt of Auguſt next, which may be of great Service to your Continent, provided your Crops have been good."

By Captain Alliſon, from Antigua, we have Advice, that a Snow, in ſix Weeks from London, bound for Turks Iſland, with Governor Seymour on board, had put in there in Diſtreſs, having ſprung a Leak at Sea, but was to ſail again about the 8th Inſtant.

The Brig Pompey, Captain Torbert, bound from this Port for North-Carolina, was drove aſhore in a Gale of Wind, on the 28th of December laſt, on Cape Look-out; the Veſſel entirely loſt, but the People, with Part of the Cargoe and Rigging, happily ſaved.

On Sunday laſt ſailed for Newry, the Ship Newry Packet, Captain Hood; in which went Paſſenger the Reverend Mr. EDWARDS, *Miniſter of the Baptiſt Church in this City.*

Arrived at Antigua. From Piſcataqua, Captains Clark, Philips, and Eve.------Rhode-Iſland, Captain Rhodes.------New-Haven, Captains Feſlols, Matthis and Burritt.------New-London, Captains Wattles, Eggerton and Forbes.-------New-York, Captain Stevenſon.-----Virginia, Captain Bouch.-----Maryland, Captain Thompſon. And from Philadelphia, Capt. Wood.

Captain Devonſhire is arrived at North-Carolina from this Port; as is Captain Moore at St. Chriſtophers.

A Gentleman at the Head of Cheſapeak-Bay, intends to erect, in the moſt conſpicuous Part of his Garden, an OBELISK, with the following Inſcription on it.

A TRIBUTE, due to
The ILLUSTRIOUS *PITT*,
(Now LORD CHATHAM)
And all thoſe WORTHIES
Who ſo eminently diſtinguiſhed themſelves
By reconciling the PARENT and the CHILDREN,
In the Year M,DCC,LXVI.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Maryland, to his Friend in Philadelphia, February 12, 1767.

"His Excellency Governor SHARPE, has been pleaſed to grant an Induction to the Rev. Mr. HUGH NEILL (late Miſſionary of Oxford, in your Province) for the Pariſh of St. Paul's, in Queen Ann's County, appointing him Rector of the ſaid Church---A living of very conſiderable Value.

"The Church of St. Paul's, in the City of Philadelphia, has preſented that Gentleman with a handſome Piece of Plate, whereon is the following Inſcription, neatly engraved:

THE GIFT OF
ST. *PAUL's* CHURCH, in PHILADELPHIA,
To the Rev. *HUGH NEILL*,
In GRATITUDE for his diſintereſted
MINISTERIAL SERVICES to that CHURCH.
A. D. 1766.

To the PRINTERS.

Tho' I believe the Character of ELIZABETH MORRIS, inſerted in the laſt Gazette, to be juſt, yet I think the following Particulars (perhaps unknown to the Eſſayiſt of that Account) are worth preſerving----"She was born at Elizabeth Town, in New-Jerſey; married to ANTHONY MORRIS in 1700; lived with him above Twenty Years, and ſurvived him above Forty-ſix Years; and her Conduct, in every Station of Life, was truly honourable. Her Huſband was a noted Preacher among Friends; one of the firſt Settlers, and held conſiderable Offices in the Government of this City and Province; and ſome of his Deſcendants (by preceding Wives) of the Fifth Generation, followed the Corpſe of his Widow to the Place of Interment.

A. B."

On Sunday Morning laſt one William Johnſton hanged himſelf in his Houſe, at the Corner of Front and Race-ſtreets, in this City.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 17s. 6d. to 18s. Wheat 7s. Indian Corn 3s. Ship Bread 16s. 6d. Middling Ditto 28s. Pipe Staves 9l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. 7s. 6d. Beef 55s. Pork 65s. to 75s s. Weſt-India Rum 2s. 10d. New-England Ditto 2s. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 40 to 60s. Melaſſes 23d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 13d. Pitch 16s. Tar 12s. Turpentine 22s. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Liſbon Salt 2s. 2d. Flax-ſeed 6s. Bohea Tea 5s. 3d. Hemp 5d. Halfpenny to 6d. Halfpenny. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 9l. 10s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Muggy, B. Alliſon, from Antigua.

OUTWARDS. NONE.

CLEARED. Ship Argo, W. Cutter, and Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, to South-Carolina. Ship Harding, W. Wilſton, Alicant. Ship Newry Packet, S. Hood, Newry.

This EVENING and SATURDAY, and TUESDAY Evenings next,
At JUDAH FOULKE and ROGER BOWMAN's AUCTION-ROOM, in Front-ſtreet,
Will be continued the Sale of a valuable Collection of BOOKS.

They that have Books to diſpoſe of in this Way, are deſired to ſend them before Tueſday Evening next.

The firſt Purchaſers of Books at this Auction, are requeſted to call at the Auction-Room, and pay.

*** This Evening will be ſold Salmon's Univerſal Traveller, 2 Vols. Folio. Weſtley on the New-Teſtament; And a Baſkerville Edition of Barclay's Apology; both in Quarto.

Juſt publiſhed, in one Volume Octavo, and to be ſold by D. HALL, *at the New Printing-Office, in* Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, *Price, bound in Calf, 12s. 6d. in Sheep 12s.*

THE HISTORY of the COLONY of *NOVA CÆSAREA,* or *NEW-JERSEY.* Containing, An Account of its FIRST SETTLEMENT; progreſſive IMPROVEMENTS; the Original and Preſent CONSTITUTION, and other EVENTS, to the Year 1721. With ſome Particulars ſince; and, *A ſhort View of its* PRESENT STATE.

By *SAMUEL SMITH.*

THIS is to give Notice, that there will be ſold, by Way of Publick Vendue, on Wedneſday, the 11th Day of March next, at 10 o'Clock, at the Houſe of John Silver, the Plantation whereon be now dwells, containing 389 Acres, 160 cleared, and 12 Acres of good Meadow, and more may be made; a large bearing Orchard on ſaid Place, of the beſt Fruit, containing upwards of 400 Trees. There are two very good Dwelling-houſes on ſaid Place, with a good Well of Water near one of ſaid Dwelling-houſes, with a good Barn and Out-houſes; the whole ſituate in the Townſhip of Windſor, and County of Middleſex, and Eaſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey; where the Conditions will be made known by us the Executors of James Silver, deceaſed, JOHN SILVER, ISAAC COBBERLY, NATHANIEL ROBINS. ¶

Cæcil county, Maryland.

ON Wedneſday, the 25th of March, at the late dwelling-houſe of Colonel PETER BAYARD, on Bohemia, will be ſold by public vendue, all the houſhold furniture of the deceaſed, conſiſting of a variety of very valuable articles, many of them almoſt new; the negroe men, women and children; the carts, waggons, plows, and other farming utenſils; with all the ſtock of horſes, cows, ſheep, hogs, &c. The terms of the vendue will be made known at the opening of the ſales.

JONATHAN B. SMITH.

Lately imported, and to be ſold by

NEAVE and HARMAN,

At the houſe of SAMUEL NEAVE, the corner of Second and Spruce-ſtreets, on the loweſt terms, for caſh or ſhort credit,

A VERY large and neat aſſortment of fine, ſuper and ſuperfine broadcloths, drab cloths, rattinets and ſhaloons, blue, black and red ſtrouds, bearſkins, blue and red naps, black headed ſhags, napt and plain blue Bath coatings, 8-qr. 9-qr. and 10-qr. roſe blankets, brown, blue and black druggets, napt and plain, white and purple halfthicks, ſpotted ſwanſkins, red, ſcarlet and emboſſed flannels, ſcarlet and cloth coloured ſhort cloaks, ſcarlet duffils, blue double and ſingle allopeens, dorſettees, meſſinets, figured duroys, nonpareils, fine and ſuperfine worſted camblets, calimancoes, dutants, tammies, half yard venetians, ſaggathies, ſingle and double damaſks, green, blue and ſcarlet everlaſtings, white ruſſel, mourning crape, thickſets, white jeans, ſtriped hollands, 3-qr. checks, a neat aſſortment of Iriſh linens, 3-qr. and 7-8ths garlix, piſtol lawns, clear lawns, Swiſs ſpotted lawns, cambricks, tandems, gulix holland, damaſk and diaper tablecloths, ozenbrigs, ſail duck, ravens duck, brown Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting, 10-qr. cotton carpets and counterpanes, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, a variety of ſilk ditto, calicoes, cottons and chintzes, blue calicoes and linens, bluſh and pink half yard perſians, black, cloth coloured and ſtriped perſian taffeties, black taffeties, ſilk ferrit, cotton and linen laces, gartering, ſadlers lace and fringe, bed lace, bobbins, tapes, needles and pins, coloured Scotch and nuns thread, ſewing ſilk, mens wove worſted, thread and cotton plain hoſe, mens ribbed cotton ditto, womens wove worſted and thread ditto, blue yarn hoſe, beſt ſcarf, baſket and plain lap buttons, mohair and ſilk twiſt, plate pattern coat buttons, braſs breaſt ditto, yellow and white gilt ditto, mens and womens Bath lamb gloves, womens ſhammy ditto, womens worſted gloves and mitts, horſe whips, dreſſed babies, warming pans, frying pans, hooks and eyes, braſs and iron jews harps, tortoiſeſhell lancets, razors, awl blades and hafts, pegging awl blades, ſhoe tacks, ſhoe pincers and nippers, ſhoe hammers, fine ſteel tinned and braſs jointed ſpurs, painted and paper ſnuff boxes, ſteel tobacco boxes, bone, buck, fine large ſtag and ivory handle table knives and forks, ivory hunters ditto, ſundry ſorts of ſpring knives, neat penknives and ſhoeknives, ſciſſars, ſmall, middling and large taylors ſhears, inkpowder, writing paper, ſealing wax and wafers, horn ſpectacles, ſteel frame temple ditto, in ſhagreen, leather and fine ſteel caſes, with beſt London chryſtal glaſſes, variety of copper, braſs, whitemetal and ſteel ſhoe and knee buckles, copper tea kettles, braſs kettles, curtain rings, Bath metal, whitemetal and ſtone locket ſleeve buttons, leather ink-pots, and braſs ditto, with penknives, compaſs dials, braſs and iron candleſticks, fine ſteel ditto, pewter and hard metal table and tea ſpoons, baſons, plates, diſhes and water diſhes, porringers, tea pots, dram bottles and cream pots, gun locks, black gun flints, ſplinter and black padlocks, ſundry ſorts of locks and hinges, ſprigs, ſadlers tacks, carpenters adzes, broad axes and hatchets, handſaws, augers, chiſſels, gimblets, carpenters compaſſes and rules, neſts of gilt trunks, womens ſtirrup irons, mens plain 3 barred and ſwivel ditto, full nobbed colt, rippon and ſnaffle bits, white ſetts, and black girth buckles, diaper ſtraining and twiſt web, blue, white and green worſted ditto, ſaſh pullies and pins, thumb latches, egg nobbed bow ſpring latches, ſad irons, box irons, ſteel coffee mills, curry combs, ſundry ſorts of files, womens braſs thimbles, mens braſs and iron ditto, bar lead, duck ſhot, F and F F gunpowder, vermilion, horn combs, bend leather ſoles, braſs wire, necklaces and ſmall beads, nails; a large aſſortment of looking glaſſes, which they will ſell at prime coſt, with many articles not here inſerted; alſo choice Madeira and Teneriffe wines, of the vintage 1762, 1763, 1764 and 1765, by the pipe, hogſhead and quarter caſk; old Jamaica ſpirit, melaſſes, alſpice, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace.

Thoſe who are indebted above ſix months, are deſired to make immediate payment; and all thoſe who are indebted to SAMUEL NEAVE, are once more requeſted to diſcharge their debts, or they may expect to be ſued.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

Northampton, Bucks County, Feb. 10, 1767.

RUN away from his Bail, a certain William Kinſey, about 24 Years of Age, about 5 Feet high, of brown Complexion, has dark coloured Hair, pretty full faced, grey Eyes, apt to wink, and blow through his Noſe, when he talks, was born in the Jerſeys, and is a Shoemaker by Trade; had on, when he went away, a dark coloured Saggathy Coat, and Jacket without Sleeves, the Jacket double breaſted, a Pair of old Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of old Leather Ditto, a halfworn Hat, with Hair Loops to it, a Pair of black ribbed Stockings, and a Pair blue Ditto, and new Shoes. Whoever takes up the ſaid Kinſey, and ſecures him in any of His Majeſty's Goals, or brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOSEPH ADDIS. ¶

To be SOLD by

THOMAS, JAMES *and* SAMUEL PENROSE,

In Southwark,

A FEW Hogſheads of WEST-INDIA RUM, and a few Bags of FRENCH COTTON. §

The MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY

ARE deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, at Mr. *M'Intire's* Tavern, on *Saturday*, the 28th Inſtant, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening.

JOHN ROSS, *Secretary.*

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on Friday, the 27th Day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, a certain Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the North Side of Saſſafras, or Race-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, concontaining in Front on ſaid Street 16 Feet 11 Inches and a Half (including half of a 4 Feet Alley) and in Length or Depth 209 Feet and a Half, bounded by Ground late of John Dillwyn, and others, having three ſmall Tenements thereon erected; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Two Pounds Two Shillings and Threepence Currency per Annum, being deemed the proportionable Part of a certain Ground-rent of Eight Pounds Currency per Annum.

Alſo a certain other Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Third-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia aforeſaid, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street 30 Feet 6 Inches, and in Length or Depth 60 Feet, bounded by Ground of Samuel Preſton Moore, and others, having a good three Story Brick Dwelling-houſe, a two Story Kitchen, a back Tenement, and a Frame Stable thereon erected; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Thirty-four Shillings Sterling per Annum, being deemed the proportionable Part of a certain Ground-rent of Four Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Four-pence Sterling per Annum. The whole ſubject to the yearly Rent or Sum of Four Pounds Currency per Annum, payable unto a certain Anne Biles, during the Term of her natural Life; late the Eſtate of Edward Morris, and Joanna his Wife; ſeized and taken in Execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Friday, the 27th day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick Bank-houſe, ſituate on the weſt-ſide of Water-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, between Spruce and Pine-ſtreets, containing in front on Water-ſtreet aforeſaid, about 14 feet, and in length or depth 40 feet; late the eſtate of George Fadel, alias Fortin; ſubject to a ground-rent of 40 Engliſh ſilver ſhillings per annum; ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Monday, the 9th day of March next, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in New Providence townſhip, containing about 203 acres and a half, with a good tanyard, a two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, a large kitchen and barn thereon erected; late the eſtate of Joſeph Richardſon. Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold ſundry houſhold-furniture, and implements of huſbandry, ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

JOSEPH STRETCH,

COLLECTOR of Exciſe for the City and County of Philadelphia, being required, by the Provincial Treaſurer, to pay the Outſtandings of his Office, hereby gives Notice to all Retailers of ſpirituous Liquors, from whom any Exciſe is due, that unleſs they make immediate Payment thereof, he will proceed againſt them as the Law directs, without further Notice or Delay.

N. B. The Hatting Buſineſs is carried on as formerly, where Store-keepers, and others, may be ſupplied, as uſual. §

To be SOLD by public vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on the 12th of the Third Month March next, being the fifth day of the week, at 5 o'clock in the evening, three lots of ground, with three brick houſes thereon, in Philadelphia; late the eſtate of Doctor Lloyd Zachary, deceaſed.

1. A Lot, 21 feet front, on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, and 160 feet back, having a large ſhop on the Second-ſtreet front, and near the eaſt end of ſaid lot a brick houſe, where Doctor Zachary dwelt, with the advantage of a court yard 40 by 21 feet, in front of the ſaid brick houſe, and the privilege of a paſſage thence, through a 10 feet alley, into Walnut-ſtreet.

2. A lot, 21 feet on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, with a brick houſe, 21 feet front by 42 feet deep, and brick buildings adjoining back of the ſaid houſe, about 40 feet long, now in the tenure of Daniel Rundle, merchant; the lot extends 200 feet weſtward to the court yard aforeſaid, with the advantage of the ſaid court, and privilege of the paſſage through the 10 feet alley abovementioned into Walnut-ſtreet.

3. A bank houſe and lot, 31 feet and a half on Front-ſtreet, and continues the ſame breadth into Water-ſtreet, ſituate nearly oppoſite Daniel Rundle's aforeſaid, which letts at 55 l. per ann.

Alſo a ground-rent of 10l. per annum, iſſuing out of a water lot in tenure of Joſeph Wharton, oppoſite the bank houſe aforeſaid. ¶

GEORGE SCHLOSSER,

In Second-ſtreet, betwixt Race and Vine-ſtreets,

ACQUAINTS his cuſtomers, and others, who will favour him with their cuſtom, that he has a pretty parcel of the very beſt and middling Engliſh muſcovado ſugars, which he laid in laſt ſpring on good terms, and will ſell very reaſonable for caſh, wholeſale and retail. ¶

Philadelphia, February 12, 1767.

RUN away, the 8th Inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man, who calls himſelf an Engliſhman, but ſpeaks much like a Welchman, named William Jones, by trade a tanner, about 5 feet 9 inches high, of a dark complexion, wears ſhort black hair, a well made fellow, about 25 years of age; had on, when he went away, a light coloured nap coat, with a bluiſh home-made lining, a light coloured cloth jacket, without ſleeves, remarkably ſhort, black buckſkin breeches, black ribbed yarn ſtockings, a pair of halfworn Calf-ſkin pumps, buckles not fellows, a new wool hat; he is very fond of fighting, and values himſelf much on his ſtrength. He came into the country about 4 or 5 months ago. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT HOLLAND, or ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD, in Philadelphia.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

Philadelphia, February 2, 1767.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to the Publick Vendue Office of this City, that unleſs they pay off their reſpective Ballances before the 20th Day of February inſtant, their ſeveral Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without reſpect to Perſons.

¶ THOMAS LAWRENCE, Vendue Maſter.

CAME to the Plantation of JOHN HOLMES, in Lower Dublin Townſhip, Philadelphia County, ſome Time in November laſt paſt, three ſtray Cattle, two Heifers, and one Cow; one of the Heifers light red, the other brindle; the Cow dark brown. The Owner or Owners coming and deſcribing their other Marks, proving their Property, and paying Charges, may have them again. ¶

ROBERT MONTGOMERY hereby gives Notice to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of THOMAS MONTGOMERY, late of this City Merchant, deceaſed, or to the late Partnerſhip of THOMAS MONTGOMERY and SON, either by Bond, Bill, or Book Accompt, that if the ſame are not diſcharged before the Firſt Day of May next, he will be under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of putting them into the Hands of an Attorney, to recover the Money according to Law.

WANTED.

A STRONG, Gentle, Eaſy Saddle HORSE. He muſt both pace and trot, be full 15 Hands high, and not more than 6 or 7 Years old, of any Colour except white, grey, or light roan. Enquire of the Printers of this Paper. ¶

A COMMODIOUS TAN-YARD, South Eaſt of the Barracks, to be Lett by JOSHUA EMLEN. ¶

The MANAGERS of the *Pennſylvania* HOSPITAL

HEREBY give Notice, That there is now Occaſion for a MATRON, to undertake the Care and Management of that Inſtitution. Any Perſon who is WILLING and CAPABLE to perform thoſe Services, is requeſted to ſend her Name, and Place of Abode, to ſome one of the Managers. Tbc.

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the new THEATRE, in Southwark, To-morrow, being Friday, the 20th of February, will be preſented, a COMEDY called,

The INCONSTANT,
Or, The Way to Win Him.

YOUNG MIRABEL, by Mr. HALLAM.
CAPTAIN DURETETE, by Mr. DOUGLASS.
Dugard, by Mr. WALL.
Old Mirabel, by Mr. MORRIS.
Petit, by Mr. TOMLINSON.
Firſt Bravo, by Mr. ALLYN.
Second Bravo, by Mr. BROADBELT.
Third Bravo, by Mr. WOOLLS.
Fourth Bravo, by Mr. GRAVILLE.
Oriana, by Mrs. HARMAN.
Lamorce, by Miſs WAINWRIGHT.
BISARRE, by Miſs CHEER.

After the Play, a new Comic Dance, called the

PEDLARS.

By Mr. GODWIN, and Mr. MATTHEWS.
To which will be added, a Muſical Entertainment, called

THOMAS *and* SALLY;
Or, the Sailor's Return.

The Squire, by Mr. WOOLLS.
The Sailor, by Mr. WALL.
Dorcas, by Miſs CHEER.
Sally, by Miſs WAINWRIGHT.
The Dancing by Mr. MATTHEWS.

To begin exactly at Six o'Clock.----*Vivant Rex & Regina.*

No Perſons can, on any Pretence whatſoever, be admitted behind the Scenes.----Tickets are ſold at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Mr. Francis's, at the Queen's Head, in Water-ſtreet, at Mr. George Hawkins's, in Walnut-ſtreet, and at Mrs. Scott's, in Lombard-ſtreet, where Places for the Boxes may be taken.-----Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o'Clock, to keep their Places in the Boxes.----BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

JOSEPH SWIFT,

TAKES this Method of acquainting the Public in general, and his Cuſtomers in particular, that he has removed his Store from Market-ſtreet, where he uſed to keep it, to the Weſt-ſide of Front-ſtreet, about the Mid-way between Market and Cheſtnut Streets, adjoining his Dwelling-houſe; where he has for Sale, A large and neat Aſſortment of Merchandize, which he will diſpoſe of upon reaſonable Terms for Caſh, or the uſual Credit; and embraces this Opportunity of making his Acknowledgments to thoſe who have been pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, and hopes a Continuance of the ſame. 3 m.

WILL COVER THIS SEASON,
The BELLSIZE ARABIAN.

HE is a Horſe of ſuperior Form, in Size, Strength and Beauty, to any in America; and, from his genuine Blood as an ARAB, is better ſuited for getting Race-Horſes than any other blooded Horſe amongſt us; but beſides this Encouragement for the Gentlemen of the Turf, his Beauty, Strength and Carriage, renders him equally fitted for mixing his Blood with our Country Mares, either for the Saddle or Carriage, the Arabian Horſes being remarkable for ſtamping their Figure and other Qualities on their Stock. He was advertiſed laſt Year more fully, but as he has been ſeen, and greatly admired, by the beſt Judges from different Parts of the Continent, it is now thought unneceſſary to ſay more. He is kept by JOHN WING, near the Sign of King George, in Arch-ſtreet, and will cover at Four Guineas a Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom; the Money to be paid when the Mare is covered, or when taken from Paſture; the ſaid John Wing will take proper Care of all Mares that are ſent to him, and has procured good and ſecure Paſtures for them, at a moderate Rate. 6 M.

Annapolis, December 18, 1766.

PURSUANT to the Directions of the laſt Will and Teſtament of Edmund Key, Eſq; deceaſed, the following Tracts of Land will be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, at public Vendue, on the third Wedneſday in March next, preciſely at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick Town, in Frederick County, Maryland, viz. Paradiſe, containing 335 Acres. Good Hope, containing 300 Acres. And Friendſhip, containing 206 Acres. Theſe three Tracts almoſt join one another; one of them binds upon Potowmack; and all of them lye betwixt Great Conecocheague and Little Conecocheague Rivers. They will be ſold for Ready Caſh, or Six Months Credit will be given, on proper Security.

¶ U. SCOTT, Executor.

To the PUBLIC,

THE Subſcriber having removed from the Forks of the Roads (on Lancaſter Road) which lead to the Upper and Middle Ferry, to Market-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, next Door to Mr. Samuel Howell's, Hatter, four Doors above Third-ſtreet, and oppoſite to the Goal, continues to make all Sorts of Leading Halters, ſtitched with Wax Ends or Thongs, and common Ditto; Hames, with and without Irons; Collars, lined with Leather, Linen, and twilled Linen, and new lines old Ones; Collar Houſings; Back-bands; Cruppers and Belly-bands; Bridge-bands, both for double and ſingle Teams; Cart-Saddles, and Sleigh-Gears, made in the beſt and neateſt Manner, and ſundry other Things, too tedious to mention. Thoſe that will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may be well aſſured that he will furniſh them with the beſt and neateſt Work, and with Diſpatch. He returns his hearty Thanks to his old Cuſtomers, and will be much obliged to thoſe that ſhall be pleaſed to employ him for the future.

ADAM FOULK.

N. B. He will engage his Collars ſhall not hurt the Horſes. There was a Hogſhead of Salt left with the ſaid Foulk about a Year ago, when he lived on the aforeſaid Road. The Owner is deſired to pay Charges, and take it away, or it will be ſold for the ſame. ‡ 6 W.

To be LETT for the Term of 2 Years, from the firſt of March,

THAT valuable and noted Plantation, ſituate in Derry Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the great Road from Lancaſter to Harris's Ferry, whereon James Semple, deceaſed, lately dwelt, and known by the Sign of the Plough, being a very good Stage; there is a great Quantity of Meadow, and good Water, three bearing Orchards, a large Quantity of Upland cleared, and other Conveniences; alſo two good labouring Negroe Men, to be hired by the Year. For further Particulars and Terms, enquire of the Subſcriber, in Carliſle, WILLIAM MILLER. §

JOHN HOLLIDAY, TAYLOR,
Late from London, next Door to Mr. Samuel Head, in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets,

UNDERTAKES to make Clothes in the neateſt and neweſt Faſhion; any Gentlemen that ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Commands, he flatters himſelf will not be diſappointed in their Expectations, as he has been Foreman and Cutter-out to ſome of the moſt eminent Maſter-Taylors in London, and never tires Gentlemen with trying and altering their Clothes.

Mr. Holliday humbly begs Leave to refer to thoſe Gentlemen who have favoured him with their Commands, ſince the Commencement of this Advertiſement, as their Approbation has been equal to his higheſt Expectation.

Mrs. Holliday's new-invented curious Compound will, in Half a Minute, take out by the Roots Hair which grows too low or irregular on the Forehead and Temples, on the Arms, or between the Eyebrows, and Hair which grows on Ladies Cheeks, or round the Mouth. It forms the Eyebrows that are too large into a curious Arch, without Hurt to the fineſt Skin; and is ſo very innocent, that it is uſed to Children under 20 Months old. She ſells this uſeful Compound at Ten Shillings an Ounce; no leſs Quantity is ſold. ¶ 5s. Tbc.

TO be ſold by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 10th Day of March, on the Premiſes, a valuable Plantation, in Eaſt Fallowfield Townſhip, Cheſter County, near Warwick Miller's, at the Sign of the Ball, containing 106 Acres of Land, on which are two Dwelling-houſes, two Springs of choice Water, and a Houſe on each Spring, a Barn, Stable, and two Orchards of good Fruit, eight Acres of watered Meadow, all in Clover and Timothy Graſs, which will produce two Crops a Year; about 70 Acres cleared, and under good Fence, the reſt well timbered. The Title is good. The Vendue to begin at Ten o'Clock on ſaid Day; where due Attendance will be given by the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes. WILLIAM M'ILVAINE. *

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Monday, the 23d day of this inſtant February, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a certain lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia (between Sixth and Seventh-ſtreets) containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 20 feet, and in length or depth, 114 feet back to a 10 foot alley running into Sixth-ſtreet, of which alley it has the privilege; on which is erected a barn and ſtable. Alſo a certain two other lots, or pieces of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet aforeſaid (between Arch and Race-ſtreets) containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, in the whole 32 feet, and in length or depth, 79 feet, having two unfiniſhed three ſtory brick meſſuages thereon erected, having likewiſe the privilege of the aforeſaid 10 foot alley. The above lots are ſubject to a ground rent of 14l. 6s. 9d. currency per annum.

Alſo two three ſtory brick houſes, and kitchens, and lots, or pieces of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet aforeſaid (between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets) each containing in front on ſaid ſtreet 18 feet 8 inches, and in length or depth 65 feet; each having the privilege of a certain 3 feet alley bounded by ground of Benjamin Davis, and the Preſbyterian burying ground. Alſo two certain other meſſuages, or tenements, and lots, or pieces of ground thereunto belonging, each containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 14 feet, and in length or depth 50 feet, the northermoſt thereof having the privilege of a certain 8 feet alley. Alſo two certain other lots, or pieces of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Cherry-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets aforeſaid, each containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 8 inches; the weſtermoſt of theſe two lots hath a frame two ſtory building thereon erected, divided into three tenements; and the eaſtermoſt hath two tenements thereon erected. And alſo ſeven ground rents iſſuing out of ſundry lots of ground ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, and on the weſt ſide of Fifth-ſtreet aforeſaid, amounting to 33l. 6s. currency, per annum. Plans whereof, and of the premiſes herein before mentioned, may be ſeen at the London Coffee-houſe, and at the Sheriff's office, any time before ſale. The whole ſubject to a ground rent of 17l. ſterling, per annum; late the eſtate of Thomas Bartholomew, ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 24th day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at five o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in front, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia aforeſaid, 20 feet, and in length or depth, 80 feet. A certain other lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Spring Garden, in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, on the weſterly ſide of a certain new ſtreet running thro' from Vine-ſtreet to Pegg's Run, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet about 40 feet, and in length or depth about 160 feet, more or leſs, having two two ſtory brick kitchens thereon erected. A certain other lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſterly ſide of the aforeſaid new ſtreet, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, about 20 feet, and in length or depth about 160 feet, more or leſs, bounded by ground of Philip Altbergher, Martin Fiſher, and ground reputed the proprietaries, having a 2 ſtory brick kitchen thereon erected. A certain other lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſterly ſide of Fifth-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, about 40 feet, and in length or depth about 75 feet, more or leſs, having two 2 ſtory kitchens thereon erected, bounded weſtward with Fifth-ſtreet aforeſaid, northward by a lot of Jacob Graff, ſen. eaſtward and ſouthward by ground claimed by the Streepers, ſubject to a ground-rent of £ 3 1 10 halfpenny ſterling per annum. Alſo a certain frame meſſuage or tenement and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſterly ſide of Second-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, between Pine and Lombard-ſtreet, containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, about 18 feet, and in length or depth about 70 feet, bounded eaſtward by Second-ſtreet, ſouthward by ground of Mr. Snowden, weſtward by ground of William Pyewell, and northward by ground of John Stamper, late the eſtates of Jacob Baker, John Wolfe, and Jacob Barrs, ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Monday, the 23d Day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt-ſide of Front-ſtreet continued ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia (between South and Argyle-ſtreets) containing in front on ſaid ſtreet, 20 feet 3 inches, and in length or depth 60 feet, having the privilege of a certain 3 foot alley on the ſouth ſide thereof; ſubject to a ground-rent of Forty Shillings and Six-pence ſterling per annum, late the eſtate of Robert Ferguſon, ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 24th day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt-ſide of Third-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia (between Arch and Race-ſtreets) containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet, 15 feet 6 inches, and in length or depth 50 feet, bounded northwaad by ground of John Buckingham, ſouthward with ground now or late of John Naglee, and weſtward with Third-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a ground rent of Sixty-two Shillings Sterling per annum, late the eſtate of Robert Sherrer, ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A LOT of ground, within a half a mile of the city of Philadelphia, whereon is a commodious dwelling-houſe, ſtable, and other out-houſes, a large convenient and old accuſtomed tan-yard, with a ſufficient number of vatts, handlers, lime-pits, bark-mill, &c. together with all the utenſils neceſſary for carrying on the ſaid buſineſs; all in exceeding good repair. Enquire of the printers.

Lately imported, and to be ſold by

JAMES and DRINKER,

At their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, a large and general aſſortment of merchandize, which they will ſell, on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, among which are the following articles.

FINE and coarſe three thread ſeine twine for nets, ſeaming twine for ſails, ſhop twine, Hamborough twine; cotton and wool cards, hatters jacks or clothiers cards; ſweeping, hearth, duſt, dairy and clothes bruſhes, clamps, boxes of ſhort pipes, empty quart bottles in crates of one groce each, ditto, full quarts ditto, ditto half gallon and gallon, ditto, wickered bottles, or carboys, from one quart to ſeven gallons, white proof bottles, dutch ſtone bottle jugs, water jugs, pint and quart mugs, butter pots and chamber pots; ſmall crates of glaſs ware, containing tumblers, wine glaſſes, cruits, ſalts, &c. ſmall boxes of china aſſorted, iron pots and ſkillets, cart, waggon and chair boxes, neatly flaſked; 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 20 d. nails; hob nails, pump nails, clout nails, braſs garniſhing nails, ſprigs, ſadlers tacks, pidgeon, duck, gooſe and ſwan ſhot, bar and pig lead, milled ſheet lead, red and white lead, F, and FF gunpowder, grindſtones, Engliſh and Iriſh glue, ſaltpetre, brimſtone, Spaniſh whiting, double Glouceſter and Cheſhire cheeſe, new rice in whole and half caſks, Engliſh loaf ſugar, bohea and hyſon tea, indigo, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, pewter plates, diſhes, baſons, &c. warming pans, frying pans, ſtrong light copper tea kettles, bellows, ſmall boxes womens calimancoe and damaſk ſhoes well aſſorted, mens and boys felt hats, Leghorn and chipped hats, mens and womens horſe whips, pot and fools cap writing paper, brown ſheathing ditto, paſteboards, bibles, pſalters, ſpelling and ſundry other books, Dutch quills, paper and braſs ink pots, half yard, 5-eights 3-qr. and yard wide hair cloth for floors and maltſters uſe, large French twilled match-coats, ditto ſtriped blankets, cloth coloured duffils, napt coating, Kendall cottons, red and black ſpotted ſwanſkins, croſs barred ſaddle cloths, 6, 7, and 8-qr. ſpotted rugs, 8, and 9-qr. beſt green ditto, ſcarlet ſerges, blue, green, ſcarlet, and cloth coloured hair pluſh, everlaſtings, plain and ſtriped camblets, blue and cloth coloured ſaggathy; emboſſed ſerges, cotton linceys, corded poplins, flowered Mecklenburghs, worſted and hair grazets, meſſinets, hatband crape, black ſpotted gauze, white cyprus ditto, a large aſſortment of coarſe, fine and ſuperfine broadcloths, forreſt cloths, plains, ſhaloons, rattinets, durants, tammies, calimancoes and damaſks, Engliſh ſilk damaſks, black Genoa velvet, cotton velvet, thickſets, pillow fuſtians and jeans, cotton counterpanes, 10 and 11 nail linen check, 3-qr. 7-eights and yd. 3-eights ditto, 7-eights, yd. and yd. 3-eights cotton ditto, 7-eights, yd. and 6-qr. wiggan or houſewife ditto, diaper check for furniture, 3-qr. linen ſtripes, ſtriped ginghams and hollands, brown roles, white and brown heſſens, heavy and light Ruſſia ſail duck, Engliſh ditto, 9-eights and 5-qr. brown Ruſſia ſheeting, 9-eights brown and white Iriſh ditto, 5-qr. white ditto, ſome very fine; Lancaſhire ſheeting, brown pomerania linen, Iriſh and Scots ozenbrigs, beſt flaxen and hempen ditto, ticklenburgh, Ruſſia drabs or drilling, Ruſſia towelling, brown buckrams, Engliſh, Scotch and Dutch dowlas, 3 qr. and 7-eights garlix, fine brown hollands for lining, 3-qr. bed ticken, Flanders bed ticks, yard and 1-eighth fine brown Iriſh linens, 7-eights and yard wide white ditto, large ſuperfine damaſk table cloths, long lawns, piſtol lawns, 7-eights and yard wide clear lawns, 7-eights and yard wide cambricks, 6-qr. coſſaes, and gold end muſlins, ſtriped Bengalls, nankeens, cottons and callicoes, black Engliſh taffeties, Mancheſter and Scots checked handkerchiefs, Barcelona, lungee and ſilk romal ditto, womens black ſilk handkerchiefs, mens black ſilk cravats, mens and womens thread, cotton and worſted hoſe, womens and girls thread, cotton and worſted mitts, mens ſilk hoſe, mens and womens leather gloves, womens leather mitts, ſewing ſilk, white and coloured thread, knee garters, ribbands, ferrits, qualities, gartering, ſtriped tapes, fine and coarſe white ditto, nonſopretties, ſilk cord for cloaks, worſted cord, ſhirt buttons, cotton, ferrit and ſilk laces, ſilk and hair, ſcarf twiſt, ſilk and hair buttons, white metal lacquered and gilt ditto, beſt gilt and platina philligree ditto, horn ditto, pearl veſt ditto, glaſs, Bath and white metal ſleeve links, ſilver-plated, ſteel, white metal, braſs and mourning ſhoe buckles, pins, London and Whitechapel ſewing needles, glovers and darning ditto, dandrif and horn combs, curry-combs, horſe bruſhes, braſs cocks, white metal tea ſpoons, looking glaſſes, glaſs caſtors or cruit frames, carpenters rules, ditto iron ſquares, cupboard, cheſt, pad and ſtock locks, braſs knobbed and caſed ditto, carpenters and ſhoemakers hammers, hand, tenant, mill and croſs cut ſaws, narrow and broad axes, drawing knives, augers, nail and ſpike gimblets, tap-borers, handſaw, croſs cut ſaw, mill-ſaw, and flat files, raſps, H, HL, and other hinges, ſhovels and tongs, roaſting jacks, chains for ditto, braſs wire, ſteelyards, ſad-irons, box-irons, weeding hoes, iron and braſs candleſticks, beſt ſteel and common ſnuffers, marking irons, thumb latches, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, bridle bitts, ſtirrup irons, girth webb, temple and Dutch ſpectacles, kirby bent fiſh hooks, with and without links, Barlow's and other penknives, butchers, cutteau and piſtol cap knives, table knives and forks, ſhoe knives, ſciſſars and ſhears, ſheep ſhears, common and beſt melted ſteel razors, braſs pins, land chains, pepper and coffee mills. Alſo Philadelphia rum, Muſcovado ſugars, and Durham pig iron; with a great variety of other articles, too numerous to be mentioned.

To be SOLD, and may be entered on the Firſt of March,

A VALUABLE Plantation, containing 194 Acres of Land, ſituate in the Great Valley, in Cheſter County, within 20 Miles of Philadelphia, eight of the Swedes Ford on Schuylkill, and Half a Mile of Samuel Weaver's Merchant Mills; having thereon a good Dwelling-houſe, with a conſtant Stream of Water running by the Door, a Barn, Stables, Cow-houſe and Barracks; 80 Acres cleared, and under good Fence, the reſt well timbered with Walnut, Poplar, &c. 9 Acres of Meadow made, and as much more may be made, and all watered, and a fine young Orchard of grafted Trees; ſaid Place may be convenient for burning Lime, as there is Plenty of Timber and Lime-ſtone on it. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms of Sale (which may be made eaſy) by applying to the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes,

¶ EMANUEL WALKER.

ON Saturday, the 21ſt day of February next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the White Horſe tavern, on Cheſter road, will be ſold, the right, title and intereſt of Philip Ford, Eſq; lately deceaſed, of and in a leaſe for 13 years unexpired and to come, from the 25th day of March next, of a meſſuage, plantation and tract, of about 175 acres of land, thereunto belonging, ſituate on Tinicum iſland, on which Benjamin Taylor, and Thomas Taylor, deceaſed, lately dwelt, with a good houſe, barn and orchard thereon, about 45 acres of drained meadow lately made, moſt of which was the laſt year ſown with timothy and clover feed, part of which is in excellent order, the remainder having been planted with Indian corn laſt year, renders it fit for hemp or graſs-ſeed this approaching ſeaſon; the upland is of a kindly ſoil, the meadow as good as any of the ſort, and very fit for grazing; the leaſe may be ſeen on application to

MARGARET FORD, and JOHN MORTON, Execut.

To be Sold by public Vendue, on the 25th Day of March next,

A Saw-mill, and a good new Griſt-mill, with two Pair of Stones, two Water Wheels, and boults by Water, 10 Acres of Land thereunto belonging, a good Dwelling-houſe, and a large Stable on the Premiſes; is ſituated on a very good Stream called Upper Bare Brook, in Windſor Townſhip, Middleſex County, New-Jerſey; is handy to both Philadelphia and New-York Markets. Alſo a Tract of Land, containing 174 Acres, joining the Mills, with a new Dwelling-houſe, a good Log Kitchen, a large Barn, a good large young Orchard, containing near 200 Apple Trees, and 20 or 30 Acres of Meadow may be made. Likewiſe another Tract of Land, containing upwards of 300 Acres, with a Cedar Log-houſe, and a young Orchard, about 10 Acres of Meadow cleared fit for the Scythe, and 100 more may be made; it lies in Nottingham Townſhip, Burlington County, and Province aforeſaid. The Vendue to begin at 10 o'Clock at ſaid Mills. ¶ 5 W.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on Friday, the 20th Day of February inſt. at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Peter Dehaven, at the Corner of Fourth and Arch-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, a certain two Story Brick Meſſuage or Tenement (very ſuitable for a Baker, as there is an Oven for that Buſineſs already erected) and a Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the North Side of Arch-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street, 18 Feet, and in Length or Depth, 70 Feet, bounded by Ground of Alexander Parker, and others; ſubject to a Ground-rent of 11l. Currency per Annum; late the Eſtate of Henry Clyne, and Catherine his Wife; ſeized and taken in Execution by

WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.

TO be ſold, by public Vendue, by the Subſcriber, on the Fourth Day of March next, at Michael Stadleman's, Innholder in Radnor, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, a valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 70 Acres, ten Acres whereof are extraordinary good Meadow Ground, and more may be made, as there is a conſtant Stream of Water running thro' the ſame; the Corn Land freſh and good; there are on ſaid Place a good Log Houſe, with two Fire-places, a Log Barn, and a good young bearing Orchard of above 100 Apple-trees, one Half whereof good grafted Fruit; the whole in tolerable good Repair. The Purchaſer paying one Half the Purchaſe-money down, may have twelve Month's Credit for the Remainder, giving Security if required, to SAMUEL DAVIS. ¶

The ſaid Place, by Computation, is 13 Miles from Philadelphia, and one Mile from Lancaſter Road.

STRAYED or ſtolen from JAMES LOWNES, at the upper End of Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to John Philips's Rope Walks, on the Second Inſtant, at Night, a white Horſe, about 14 Hands high, between 9 and 10 Years old, has a ſhort Mane, and ſwitch Tail, and lately trimmed about the Feet. Whoever takes up and brings ſaid Horſe to the Owner, ſhall have Two Dollars Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ JAMES LOWNES.

To be SOLD by

JONATHAN EVANS,

In Second-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets,

CHOICE old Madeira Wine in Pipes, Half Pipes, and Quarter Caſks, fit for immediate Uſe, old Jamaica Spirit in Hogſheads and Barrels, Barbados Rum by the Hogſhead. He likewiſe ſells by Retail, Jamaica Spirit, Rum, Brandy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Liſbon, Malmſey, and other Wines.

THOMAS and ISAAC WHARTON,

Have for Sale, at their Store in Water-ſtreet, a few Doors above Walnut-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite to William Coleman, Eſq;

A CHOICE Parcel of Weſt-India Rum, Melaſſes, Muſcovado and Loaf Sugar, &c. &c. &c. Tbc.

N. B. An Inſurance Office for Shipping is kept by them.

To be LETT, and may be entered on the firſt day of March next.

WOODSTOCK plantation, in the Northern Liberties, near Mr. Jacob Dubre's, about two miles and a half from this city, being conveniently ſituated to attend this market. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to PETER TURNER, junior.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the ſixth of this inſtant January, a ſervant man, named John Glanding, country born, 25 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well ſet, freſh coloured, and has light hair, pretends to be a ſhoemaker; had on, when he went away, a new caſtor hat, a light coloured broadcloth coat and breeches, the coat lined with green, and a ſaggathy waiſtcoat, of another colour, lined with green, white worſted ribbed ſtockings, old ſhoes, and plated buckles, a white ſhirt, and check one, and ſundry other clothes with him. Whoever takes up the ſaid Glanding, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, living in Queen Ann's county, Maryland, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges paid, or if ſecured in any goal, Forty Shillings, paid by HENRY WRENCH. § 5w.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living in Baltimore County, about two Miles from the Long Calm, and about 12 from Miles from Baltimore Town,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, lying at the above deſcribed Place, containing about 300 Acres, pleaſantly ſituated, with ſundry uſeful Houſes, ſuch as Dwelling Houſes, Stables, Cow Houſes, Kitchen, Barn, Milk Houſe, Meat Houſe, and ſome more neceſſary Houſes, with excellent Water, about 20 Acres of Meadow may be made, and ſome lies very convenient to be watered, very well wooded and timbered; the Land in general fertile and rich, and when properly managed, will produce to the Satisfaction of the moſt curious Huſbandman. An indiſputable Title will be made to any Perſon who purchaſes. For Terms apply to Mr. William Andrew, at Mr. Onion's Iron Works, or to the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes,

¶ 8 *W.* ABRAHAM ANDREW.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Cheſter Town, Kent County, Maryland, a Convict Servant Man, named Joſeph Sprout, aged 22 Years, or thereabouts, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, thin pale Face, and ſtoops in his Shoulders when he walks; he had on, when he went away, a thick white Cotton Cap, an old Felt Hat, a blue Surtout, with a Mancheſter Velvet Cape to it, a red Pluſh cloſe bodied Coat, an old thin Pair of black Silk knit Breeches, and a Pair of clouded Worſted Stockings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, and gives Notice thereof, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, from JOSEPH NICHOLSON, jun. tbc 5 w.

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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA.

A MESSAGE to the GOVERNOR *from the* ASSEMBLY.

May it pleaſe your HONOUR,

THE Houſe taking again into their Conſideration your Amendments to the Bill intituled, “A Supplement to the Act intituled, An Act for eſtabliſhing Courts of Judicature within this Province,” with their Anſwer to thoſe Amendments, and your Reply, are extremely concerned to find, that unleſs your Honour will think proper to recede from your laſt propoſed Amendment, confining the Limitation of the Act to three Years only, the good People of this Colony muſt labour ſtill longer under the moſt oppreſſive Delays and Obſtructions, in obtaining of Juſtice, which are daily increaſing.

This Bill the Houſe offered to your Honour, not only at the repeated and preſſing Solicitations of a great Number of the reputable Freemen of the different Counties of this Province, but from a full Conviction, that it is abſolutely neceſſary to a due Adminiſtration of Juſtice. And you cannot, we apprehend, be inſenſible, that by the Act for eſtabliſhing Courts of Judicature, the Judges of the Supream Court do not hold themſelves obliged to ride the Circuit into the diſtant Counties, from whence many Cauſes are removed, and that the Days for holding the Courts in *Philadelphia*, and going into *Cheſter* and *Bucks*, are thereby ſo inconveniently appointed, that it is impracticable for them to diſcharge their Duty even in theſe Counties. And you will alſo be pleaſed to conſider, that Jurors ſummoned for the Trial of Cauſes, removed from the neighbouring and diſtant Counties into the Supream Court, refuſe to give their Attendance, occaſioned by the Want of a Law to compel them; whereby Juſtice has been frequently long delayed, and often totally obſtructed. Beſides, would Jurors give due Attendance, when ſummoned, yet to oblige them, with the Plaintifs and Defendants, and their Witneſſes, to attend from thoſe Counties, the Trial of their Cauſes at *Philadelphia*, is unreaſonable, and muſt continue to be, as it has long been, a Burden and Expence, which renders it more eligible for Suitors, in many Inſtances, to give up their Rights, than to proſecute for them, on ſuch grievous Terms.

The Act to which this Bill is intended as a Supplement, is a perpetual Law, and ſuch we conceive all Statutes, where the due Adminiſtration of Juſtice is concerned, ought to be. Juſtice is the natural Right of every Man; and in our Mother Country is confirmed to the Subject, on Principles the moſt permanent and durable. And indeed that Government muſt be extremely defective, where it is either temporary, precarious, or dependent on the *Will* and *Pleaſure* of either Branch of the Legiſlature. And ſhould it happen, as it has more than once, that the Province ſhould be governed by a Preſident of the Council, who, by our Conſtitution, is not inveſted with the Powers of Legiſlation, and this Law ſhould expire, the People muſt ſuffer all the Miſchiefs they now experience, without a Poſſibility of a Remedy.---- Theſe Reaſons induced the Houſe to make this ſupplementary Bill alſo perpetual----by no Means ſuſpecting at the Time, that you could have the leaſt Objection thereto, nor are they yet ſo happy, as even to gueſs at the Motives to this Amendment.

It being therefore the unanimous Opinion of this Houſe, that the Bill ought to be perpetual, and that theſe, with many other Inconveniencies, may attend a temporary Duration of it, they once more earneſtly requeſt your Honour would withdraw your Amendment, and paſs the Bill, which is ſo abſolutely neceſſary to the Eaſe and Happineſs of the Province, that without it the People muſt be left in a Manner deſtitute of the Means of Juſtice.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,

February 12, 1767. JOSEPH GALLOWAY, *Speaker.*

A MESSAGE from the *GOVERNOR* to the *ASSEMBLY.*

GENTLEMEN,

AS I have been long ſenſible of the many Diſadvantages the People of this Province have laboured under, in being obliged, as Suitors, Jurymen and Witneſſes, to attend the Supream Court in this City, from the diſtant Counties, it gave me great Pleaſure to find, by the Bill ſent up from your Houſe, that you were inclined to relieve them from ſo great an Evil. Heartily diſpoſed therefore to concur with you, in every Meaſure which appeared to me conducive to the Eaſe and Happineſs of the People, I took the Bill into Conſideration, and though, on the Peruſal of it, I was doubtful whether, as it was framed, it would fully anſwer the good Ends propoſed, I was willing that the Utility or Inexpediency of it ſhould be proved by Experience, that great Teſt of human Wiſdom; with which View, I propoſed to limit the Continuance of the Bill to a certain Number of Years, and thence to the End of the next Sitting of Aſſembly, and made the Amendment accordingly. This Amendment is now the only one which retards the Bill, and I am ſorry to find, by your Meſſage of the 12th Inſtant, that you ſeem determined to loſe a Bill, which you yourſelves contend is ſo very uſeful, unleſs I recede from it. After what I have ſaid, it will be needleſs to take Notice of ſuch Parts of your Meſſage, as have a Tendency to prove that a Circuit Law is neceſſary; I ſhall therefore confine myſelf to your Reaſons againſt the Amendment, which to me are by no Means ſatisfactory.

You are pleaſed to obſerve, that the Act, to which this is a Supplement, is “a perpetual Law, and that ſuch all Statutes, where the due Adminiſtration of Juſtice is concerned, ought to be.” You cannot certainly mean, Gentlemen, to ſet up this as an invariable Rule. If you do, a little Reflection and Enquiry will furniſh you with many Inſtances, both in the Mother Country, and the Colonies, of temporary Laws, in which the due Adminiſtration of Juſtice hath been concerned. It is not uncommon, that Laws framed by the ableſt and beſt Men, for Purpoſes the moſt uſeful, are found defective in the Execution of them. It is therefore, in my Opinion, neither inconſiſtent with the Dignity, nor unbecoming the Wiſdom of a Legiſlature, to make Trial of ſuch Laws for a Time, that, if they ſhould in any Part be found inconvenient or inadequate, better may be framed in their Stead. That Juſtice is the Right of every Man will not be denied, but it does not therefore follow, that all Laws, which regard the Mode of adminiſtering it, ought to be perpetual.

The only Inconvenience of the Bill's being made temporary, which you have thought proper to point out, is, “that it may expire when the Province may be governed by a Preſident of the Council, who, by our Conſtitution, is not inveſted with the Power of Legiſlation; in which Caſe, the People muſt ſuffer all the Miſchiefs they now experience, without a Poſſibility of a Remedy.” This Objection, if it has any Weight, militates equally againſt all temporary Laws; and ſhould ſeem ſtrange, that the Diſcovery was never made before, tho' a great Number of ſuch Laws have been paſſed ſince the firſt Settlement of this Province: However, Gentlemen, as a further Proof of my earneſt Deſire, that the People may have a Trial of the Law, I will concur with you, even in guarding againſt this poſſible Miſchief, by a Proviſion in the Bill, to extend its Duration till there ſhall be a complete Legiſlative Power in the Government, which, I conceive, will fully obviate this Objection.

Upon the whole, Gentlemen, I am, on the moſt mature Deliberation, convinced of the Propriety and Expediency of the Amendment in Queſtion. If you agree to the Bill as it ſtands amended, the People will, during the Continuance of it, at leaſt, be relieved from thoſe oppreſſive Delays and Obſtructions, under which, you ſay, they have long laboured in obtaining Juſtice. Should the Act, at its Expiration, be found fully to anſwer all the good Purpoſes propoſed, there can be no Reaſon to doubt the Renewal of it: And why you ſhould deny the People a temporary Redreſs of their Grievance, becauſe I cannot, for the Reaſons I have given, join with you in making the Bill perpetual in the firſt Inſtance, I muſt confeſs, appears to me ſtrange. I hope, therefore, you will take the Matter again into your moſt ſerious Conſideration, and accede to the Amendment, without which I can, by no Means, agree to paſs the Bill.

February 17, 1767. JOHN PENN.

A MESSAGE to the GOVERNOR *from the* ASSEMBLY.

May it pleaſe your HONOUR,

HOWEVER “ſenſible” your Honour may be, “of the many Diſadvantages the People of this Province have laboured under, in being obliged, as Suitors, Jurymen, and Witneſſes, to attend the Supream Court in this City from the diſtant Counties,” we are ſorry to find, you have rejected a Bill, in every reſpect, calculated to remove thoſe *very Diſadvantages*, unleſs we will agree to adopt your propoſed Amendment, which, we conceive, muſt be productive of great Miſchiefs to the People we repreſent.

You are pleaſed to ſay, that “on Peruſal of the Bill, you were doubtful, whether, as it was framed, it would anſwer the good Ends propoſed, and was willing that the *Utility* or *Inexpediency* of it, ſhould be proved by Experience.” On this we beg Leave to remark, that had your Honour doubted of the *Utility* or *Inexpediency* of the Bill, “as it was framed,” it would, in our Opinion, have been more proper and Parliamentary, to have propoſed ſuch Amendments to the Houſe, as would render thoſe two important Objects evident, than to leave them to be proved by *Experience.* For you muſt allow, ſhould it be found neither *uſeful* or *expedient*, it might, in the Execution, be attended, not only with an unneceſſary Expence to the Province, but Inconveniency to the People, both which it is our Duty to avoid. But inſtead of this, you have contented yourſelf with only mentioning thoſe Doubts, without aſſigning the leaſt Reaſon for them, or pointing out the Defects in the Bill, ſave in one Inſtance relating to the Number of Judges, from which you have ſince thought proper to recede. Had you condeſcended to have done this, and had your Reaſons been juſtly founded, the Bill might and would have been amended, and the Public ſerved. And as we cannot preſume your Honour could expect that we ſhould know your Objections, without the leaſt Intimation of them, there ſeems Cauſe to ſuſpect that the Taſk was too arduous. The Bill was formed on the Plan of *Magna Charta*, and other Statutes, for eſtabliſhing the *Niſi Prius* Courts in our Mother Country: And the Terms in which it is conceived, are the very ſame, in this Reſpect, as the Law to which it was intended a Supplement, paſſed by one of your Predeceſſors, in the Year 1721; with this Difference only, that it leaves the Judges to appoint the Days for holding the Courts in the reſpective Counties, inſtead of naming them in the Bill, the only Point in which the original Act was defective and impracticable, and which was now intended to be remedied. It is true it makes other Proviſions, to defray the Expence of the Judges, to limit the Value of Actions to be removed, to regulate Appeals to *Great-Britain*, and oblige Jurymen to give their Attendance; but to theſe you have not made the leaſt Objection. Theſe Statutes, as well as that Law, have ever been perpetual, and we believe, as all good Policy directs, ever will remain ſo, until the Conſtitution of our Mother State and this Government ſhall be diſſolved. Juſtice there is not, nor ever has been temporary, but independent, and firmly eſtabliſhed by Laws, without Limitation. And why the People of this Province, from Time to Time, muſt depend on the Pleaſure or Humour of any Perſon whatſoever, in a Matter ſo eſſential to their Eaſe and Happineſs, we cannot conceive.

We did not “mean” to aſſert, that no “Inſtances” could be found, either “in the Mother Country or the Colonies, of temporary Laws, in which the due Adminiſtration of Juſtice hath been concerned.” We well know there are a few, among the many Statutes made to alter the *Mode* of adminiſtering Juſtice, and particularly ſome among the Statutes of *Jeofails*, which have been enacted not to eſtabliſh *Eſſentials*, but to take away the uſeleſs Forms which were required under the common Law, ſome antient Statutes, and the long accuſtomed Practice of the Courts: But we know of no Inſtance, ſimilar to the one before us, which is neceſſary to give the Subject a perpetual Remedy, where it has been made temporary. All the Statutes inſtituting the Aſſizes and *Niſi Prius*, which are the Laws in Point, are, and were, originally made perpetual. As to the Inſtances in the Colonies to the contrary, we muſt obſerve, that their Conduct never has been a Rule for us, nor are we ſo vain as to imagine ours will be to them. And there can be no Doubt, but we ſhall both exerciſe our Judgments in the beſt Manner we are able, for the Benefit of our Conſtituents. We are not unacquainted, that there has been ſeveral temporary Laws, ſimilar to this Bill, paſſed in a neighbouring Government, nor are we Strangers to the Miſchiefs the People of the Colony have ſuffered by their being ſo. This would render us ſtill more inexcuſable, were we to accept of the Bill on the like Terms, when we know, on “Trial,” they have been found inconvenient and oppreſſive. And yet we ſhall not do the Aſſemblies who paſſed them, the Injuſtice to ſuſpect, that they had not Virtue enough to endeavour to obtain them in a more conſtitutional Manner.

We do not diſagree with your Honour in Opinion, “that it is not inconſiſtent with the Dignity, or unbecoming the Wiſdom of a Legiſlature, to make Trial of Laws for a Time.” But we can perceive the Difference between thoſe Laws which ought to be temporary, and thoſe which ſhould be perpetual. Laws are made temporary, where the Things enacted are, in their Nature, of a limited Duration, and in ſome Caſes where the Regulations are entirely new and unexperienced before. But the riding of Circuits under an old eſtabliſhed Law, the Regulation under Conſideration, is neither novel or temporary. It has been ordered and practiſed in *England*, under the great Charter of *Engliſh* Liberty, and ſundry other perpetual Laws, for many Centuries, and in ſeveral of the Royal Governments for a Number of Years, to the great Eaſe and Happineſs of the Subject. We cannot, therefore, perceive the leaſt Reaſon to make this Bill temporary, that “the Utility or Inexpediency of it, ſhould be proved by Experience.” Beſides, we think it impoſſible, that either of them can admit of a Doubt: For it muſt appear obvious, on a little Reflection, that it will be of great “Utility” to the People, to have Juſtice carried in a Manner to their own Doors, and that it is much more *expedient*, that the Judges ſhould ride the Circuit into the ſeveral Counties, ſome of them at a great Diſtance from *Philadelphia*, than to bring ſeveral Hundred Perſons from thence, at a heavy and unneceſſary Expence, twice in every Year, to this City.

You were pleaſed to agree with us, that “Juſtice is the Right of every Man.” Would you permit the People we repreſent, to enjoy that “Right” hereafter, independent of the *Will* and *Pleaſure* of the Governors of this Province, it is all we aſk, and all we contend for. But you ſay, altho' “Juſtice is the Right of every Man,” yet “it does not therefore follow, that all Laws which regard the *Mode* of adminiſtering it, ought to be perpetual.” We think it would be better and ſafer for the People of this Province, as it is at preſent circumſtanced, ſhould even thoſe Laws, were it neceſſary to form ſuch, be made perpetual. But it is happy for us, that, at preſent, we have no Occaſion for them. And you will be pleaſed to conſider, that the Bill you have rejected, was not to regulate the *Mode*, but to eſtabliſh an *Eſſential.* The *Mode* is fully aſcertained, by the Act for the Advancement of Juſtice, which inveſts the Judges with all the Powers of the King's Bench; and that the Bill means no more than to enable them to adminiſter Juſtice, in the ſeveral Counties, agreeable to the *Manner* of Practice in that Court, by repealing the Appointment of the inconvenient Days, and enjoining them to ride the Circuit, when Occaſion requires. We cannot help expreſſing our Surpriſe, that you ſhould aſſert, “that the only Inconveniency of the Bill's being temporary, which we have thought proper to point out, is, that it may expire when the Province may be governed by a Preſident of the Council;” when, in Truth, it was the leaſt of our Objections. Much Pains have indeed been taken to invalidate it, while the more important One is paſſed over in Silence. And even this is done, by offering to our Conſideration, a new Amendment of your former Amendment, propoſing to extend the Duration of the Act, till there ſhould be a complete Legiſlative Power in the Government, which evidently proves, that even this Objection, before, ſtood in full Force. But on Reviſal of our Meſſage, you will find that our principal Reaſon for making the Bill perpetual, was, “that Juſtice ought not to be temporary, precarious, or dependent on the *Will* and *Pleaſure* of either Branch of the Legiſlature.”

This Objection then, being unanſwered, and unnoticed, by your Honour, remains with all the Weight and Importance it had when we firſt offered it.

You are pleaſed further to remark, that the firſt mentioned Objection, “militates equally againſt all temporary Laws, and it ſhould ſeem ſtrange that the Diſcovery was never made before.” It may, in ſome Meaſure, militate againſt all ſuch Laws: But we contend that it does not *equally.* And it “ſeems as ſtrange” to us, that your Honour has not yet diſcovered, that the Province would ſuffer much more by the Expiration of ſome temporary Laws than others, ſhould a Preſident of the Council preſide, who has not the Power of re-enacting them. The Province might, for a Time, be without the Act for erecting a Light-houſe, *&c.* or the Law for extending the Exciſe on ſtrong Liquors, with many others, without ſuſtaining any great Inconvenience or Loſs, not more than before thoſe Acts paſſed, or perhaps not ſo much: But to have Juſtice ceaſe in the ſeveral Counties, would be an Oppreſſion of a much more grievous Nature, and more ſenſibly felt by the People. And therefore, in our Opinion, although the Legiſlature may run the Riſk in the former Caſes, yet in the latter it ought never to be done.

Your Honour is pleaſed further to add, “ſhould the Act, at its Expiration, be found fully to anſwer all the good Purpoſes propoſed, there can be no reaſon to doubt the Renewal of it.” We heartily wiſh that in this we could concur in Opinion with you. But “Experience, that great Teſt of human Wiſdom,” has taught us to believe the contrary. Many Inſtances may be adduced, and that not long ſince, of the Refuſal of Bills abſolutely neceſſary, even to the Safety of the Province; and what has heretofore happened, we are not to conclude will not happen again. But if this act may be renewed on its “Expiration, ſhould it be found to anſwer the good Purpoſes propoſed,” why may it not be as well amended or repealed, ſhould it be found inconvenient, even at the next Sitting of Aſſembly after ſuch Inconvenience ſhall be diſcovered? It will be our Intereſt, as well as our Conſtituents, that this ſhould be done. We are the Perſons who are to reap the Benefits of the Act, and muſt experience the Miſchiefs, ſhould any ariſe. And it cannot, on any Principle of Reaſon, be preſumed, that thoſe who ſuffer by a Diſorder, will not ſeek a Remedy. “Why, therefore, you ſhould deny the People” a perpetual “Redreſs of this their great Grievance,” becauſe we “cannot, for the Reaſons” we “have given, join with you in making the Bill” temporary “in the firſt Inſtance,” we “muſt confeſs, appears not a little ſtrange” only, but unreaſonable and unjuſt.

Before we conclude, we cannot help declaring, that we eſteem your Refuſal of this important Bill, a Denial of an eſſential Right to which the People of this Province are intitled as *Engliſhmen.* By *Magna Charta*, the great Charter of *Engliſh* Liberty, ſo repeatedly confirmed, it is declared, that “*Juſtice* or *Right* ſhall not be *ſold*, *denied* or *delayed.*” By the Statute of *Weſtminſter*, the firſt, *Right* ſhall be done to *all*, without Reſpect of Perſons; and by ſeveral ſubſequent Laws, *Right* ſhall not be *delayed* for any Command under the *Great Seal.* Theſe Privileges we, and our Conſtituents, claim as a Birthright and Inheritance, and every Denial of them, is a Violation of our Liberties.

Without this Bill, you muſt be ſenſible, that *Juſtice* and *Right* cannot be duly adminiſtered to the People, and in many Inſtances, muſt remain not only *delayed*, but totally *denied.* And were we to accede to your Amendment, we cannot be certain but both muſt be purchaſed hereafter, or the People left deſtitute of them. It is expedient, that on this important Occaſion, we explain ourſelves with Freedom. It is impoſſible for this Branch of the Legiſlature to foreſee the Diſpoſition of a Governor, or whom he may be, when this Bill, had it paſſed agreeable to your propoſed Amendment, ſhould expire, nor on what Terms it might be again obtained for the People. We have ſeen Gentlemen in that Station diſpoſed to refuſe, and who have refuſed, many reaſonable Regulations, but on Terms the moſt injurious and oppreſſive.---We therefore, as your temporary Amendment has a Tendency to increaſe the Proprietaries Power and Influence in the Province, and to render the People, already too dependent on their Will and Pleaſure, ſtill more ſo,---we cannot ſo far wave the Rights of his Majeſty's faithful Subjects in this Province, as to paſs ſo neceſſary a Bill, with a Limitation which muſt increaſe that Dependence; but rather chuſe to wait, however inconvenient it may be, till a more favourable Opportunity ſhall preſent, of obtaining for them that Juſtice which they are now moſt unreaſonably denied.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,
Feb. 21, 1767. JOSEPH GALLOWAY, *Speaker.*

Saturday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY *of this Province adjourned to Monday the 4th of May.---During the Seſſion the following* LAWS *were paſſed, viz.*

1. *An* ACT *to enable the Owners and Poſſeſſors of the* Moyamenſing *Meadows, in the County of* Philadelphia, *to keep the Banks, Dams, Sluices, and Flood Gates in Repair, and to raiſe a Fund to defray the Expence thereof.*

2. *An* ACT *to amend the Act, intituled, "An Act to prevent " the Exportation of Bread and Flour not merchantable.*

3. *A Supplement to an Act, intituled, "An Act for the Advancement of Juſtice, and the more certain Adminiſtration thereof."*

4. *An* ACT *to regulate the Fiſhery in the River* Schuylkill.

5. *An* ACT *to appoint certain Perſons therein named, Superviſors and Directors of the Road and Bridge over* Hollanders Creek, *leading to the Weſt Diſtrict of* Greenwich *Iſland; and to enable them to lay ſuch Rates and Aſſeſſments, from Time to Time, on all Lands in the ſaid Diſtrict, accommodated by the Road and Bridge aforeſaid, as may be found neceſſary for ſupporting and maintaining the ſame in good Repair.*

6. *An* ACT *for amending the Act, intituled, "An Act for the " better Employment, Relief and Support of the Poor within the City " of* Philadelphia, *the Diſtrict of* Southwark, *the Townſhips of "* Moyamenſing *and* Paſſyunk, *and the* Northern Liberties."

7. *An* ACT *for amending the Act, intituled, a Supplement to the Act, intituled, a Supplement to the Act, intituled, "An Act for regulating, pitching, paving and cleanſing the Highways, Streets, " Lanes and Alleys, and for regulating, making and amending the " Water Courſes, and common Sewers, in the eſtabliſhed and ſettled " Part of the City of* Philadelphia, *and for raiſing Money to defray " the Expence thereof."*

8. *An* ACT *to prevent the Michiefs ariſing from the Increaſe of Vagabonds and other idle and diſorderly Perſons within the Province.*

9. *An* ACT *to enable the Commiſſioners therein named, to ſettle the Accounts of the Managers, and to ſue for and recover from ſeveral Perſons, their Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, ſuch Sums of Money as are now due and unpaid, on Account of the Lottery ſet up and drawn for erecting a Houſe of Worſhip in the Borough of* Lancaſter, *for the Uſe of the Preſbyterian Congregation in and about the ſaid Borough.*

10. *An* ACT *to prevent Inconveniences ariſing from Delays of Cauſes after Iſſue joined.*

11. *An* ACT *for the Relief of* Thomas Reily, *and* John Whitpane, *languiſhing Priſoners in the Goal of* Philadelphia, *with Reſpect to the Impriſonment of their Perſons.*

By the Lord HYDE PACKET, *Captain* GODDARD, *arrived at* New-York, *from* Falmouth, *we have the following Advices, viz.*

STOCKHOLM, *November* 4.

THERE was a Court at Dronningholm, for three ſucceſſive days, which began the 28th of laſt month.

The Princeſs Royal, after having received the compliments of the Senate, and of the States, at Carlberg, arrived at Dronningholm in the King's barge, accompanied by ſix others, about five o'clock in the afternoon; where her Royal Highneſs was received at the landing-place by all the officers of the Houſhold, and was led by the Prince Royal to the Queen's apartment, where the whole Court was aſſembled.

Copenhagen, Nov. 11. Her Daniſh Majeſty made her public entry into this capital on Saturday the 8th inſtant; and on the evening of the ſame day the royal nuptials were ſolemnized in the chapel of Chriſtiansburgh. As every body ſeemed to vie in their deſire of teſtifying the ſatisfaction this happy union afforded them, the ſplendor of the entry was as great as can well be ſuppoſed. The Court has continued in gala ever ſince, and propoſes to do ſo to the end of this week, during which time the feſtivities will laſt.

LONDON.

Nov. 25. It is ſaid that ſeveral conſiderable changes will happen this week, many more than are at preſent publicly expected, and among them ſome of the ſtaunchest friends to the Royal Family now upon the throne, will be reſtored to their former employments, and the wiſhes of the nation.

They write from Rochfort, that the Danube and Hardy men of war of the line were fitting out there, to carry over ſtores and ſettlers to be landed at the Mauritius, and Pondicherry, in the Eaſt Indies.

We hear that 16000 men will be granted for ſea ſervice for the enſuing year, including 4287 marines, and that 4 l. per man per month, will be granted for their pay.

We hear that the exportation of wheat, wheat-flour, barley, malt, bread, biſcuit, and ſtarch, will be prohibited to be exported till the 14th of September next.

Malt of barley declared for exportation, and ſhipped before the 14th of this month, it is ſaid, will be permitted to be exported.

It is ſaid the diſtillation of ſpirits from wheat, or wheat flour, will be prohibited for the ſame ſpace as the exportation of wheat.

And that no Diſtiller is to have in his poſſeſſion above five buſhels of wheat or flour, under the penalty of five pounds for each buſhel above that number, properly regulating the caſe of growers of corn, and millers, who may happen to be diſtillers.

It is ſaid, that his Majeſty in Council will be empowered to enlarge the prohibition of exporting corn till twenty days after the meeting of next ſeſſion of Parliament; or in time of vacation of Parliament, to take off the prohibition, if found expedient.

By letters from Bengal, brought home by the Admiral Watſon Eaſt Indiaman, we learn that all was quiet there, and that Lord Clive was gone up the country to Patna.

We are credibly informed, that late on Tueſday night laſt, it was determined, that the accounts, &c. of a certain opulent Company ſhould be laid before a great Aſſembly.

We are told, that in a late intereſting debate, there were 129 voices for, and 76 againſt the queſtion.

Nov. 29. Yeſterday the Duke of Portland reſigned his place as Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold.

The ſame day the Earl of Hertford reſigned his place of Maſter of the Horſe; and afterwards kiſſed his Majeſty's hand, on being appointed Lord Chamberlain, in room of the Duke of Portland.

It is ſaid the Duke of Richmond will this Day be appointed Maſter of the Horſe, in the room of the Earl of Hertford.

Yeſterday the Earl of Beſborough reſigned his place of Poſtmaſter General. And Sir Charles Saunders reſigned his place as Firſt Lord of the Admiralty.

The Earl of Scarborough alſo reſigned his place of Cofferer of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and Deputy Earl-Marſhal of England. As did Lord Monſon his place of Lord Chief Juſtice in Eyre of his Majeſty's foreſts ſouth of Trent.

We hear that on Tueſday and Wedneſday a deputation from the committee of Millers, Mealmen, &c. waited on the principal Nobility and Gentry in the Adminiſtration, with a memorial, praying to have the ſame bounty allowed on flour as on wheat, to the great benefit of the manufactures of this nation; when they were received with that condeſcenſion and attention, which this worthy Adminiſtration have ever ſhewed to the manufactures of Great Britain.

Among other ornaments erected to grace the entry of the Queen of Denmark into Copenhagen, was a triumphal arch, 43 cubits high, ſupported by 14 pillars of the Corinthian order; and near the town-houſe was a frontiſpiece, 35 cubits high, by 53 long, and 15 deep. This laſt repreſented a portico of the Corinthian order, reſting on ten curious columns.

At the ſolemnization of the marriage of her Daniſh Majeſty, the foreign Miniſters had places aſſigned them in the gallery, near the altar, but the two Envoys from England had the honour of ſtanding by the royal family. It is ſaid the French Ambaſſador was preſent at the ceremony incognito.

Orders are received at Toulon, to fit out the ſpy Felucca, on board of which two Lieutenant Generals of the French King's naval forces are to embark, in order to viſit all the coaſts of France, from Marſeilles to the mouth of the Rhone.

The Adventure, Bourke, from Briſtol to Boſton, is ſtranded near Youghal: The ſhip's materials are ſaved, and if the weather proves moderate, the ſhip and cargo will alſo be preſerved.

The Neptune, Elbrick, from Virginia to Whitehaven, went aſhore the 18th inſtant, in Wigton Bay, on the Scotch ſhore; but a veſſel being gone to lighten her, it is hoped ſhe will be got off.

We hear that the adminiſtration, which will ſoon be altered by a coalition, will be formed on a more probable permanent plan, than has ſubſiſted for many years paſt; and which will conſiſt of noblemen and gentlemen of the moſt diſtinguiſhed rank, fortune, and abilities, in the kingdom; and, to add a luſtre and dignity to their meaſures, we are told, they will be all volunteers, and not accept of any ſalary or penſion, for their ſervices; and that none will be admitted but on thoſe conditions.

Lord Barrington retires with an Engliſh Peerage; Colonel Barré ſucceeds as Secretary at War; Mr. Rigby is to be re-appointed Vice-Treaſurer of Ireland, and near twenty changes are expected, in order the better to forward the ſo much expected coalition.

It is ſaid, that a noble Lord has given it as his opinion, that the moſt proper method of treating with Portugal, on the ſubject of our trade with that Crown, would be to add dignity to the negotiation, by having a ſmall Engliſh ſquadron in the Tagus.

Some letters from Conſtantinople mention, that Mr. Murray, his Britannic Majeſty's Miniſter, has frequent conferences with the Grand Vizir, on the ſubject of a new treaty of commerce with Turkey.

Dec. 2. Moſt, if not all, of the reſignations mentioned in the public papers have been made, as perhaps ſome more will be; but we are well aſſured, that the pretended offers made of thoſe employments to others, and their rejections of thoſe offers, are impertinent and groundleſs falſhoods, and of courſe impoſitions on the public.

It is ſaid, that the attention of the Miniſtry will be employed principally this ſeſſion, in regulating, for the future, the price of corn and proviſions, and for preventing the monopolizing and engroſſing thoſe neceſſaries of life.

A propoſal is now under conſideration, for leſſening the bounty on wheat to four ſhillings; allowing that on wheat flour to remain as formerly.

They write from Rochfort, that ſix regiments of foot had juſt arrived there, to be embarked on board two men of war and ſeveral tranſports, for the French ſettlement of Domingo.

George Cockburne, Eſq; from Comptroller of the Navy, is appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, together with Dr. Hay.

It is ſaid that a certain noble Lord, of great abilities, has offered his ſervice to the Crown, without fee or reward.

Dec. 4. Yeſterday forenoon the Earl of Chatham had an hour's private conference with his Majeſty, at the Queen's palace.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland one of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council; and yeſterday he was ſworn in and took his ſeat at the board.

Yeſterday his Majeſty in Council was pleaſed to appoint Sir Edward Hawke, and Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq; to be Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty: One in the room of Sir Charles Saunders, and the other in the room of Sir William Meredith; and they immediately kiſſed the King's hand on their promotion.

We hear that Admiral Keppel, who has ſerved his country ever ſince he was twelve years of age, and among other ſervices took Senegal, Goree, and Belleiſle, was yeſterday diſmiſſed from his poſt of Groom of the Bedchamber to his Majeſty; having before reſigned his ſeat at the Admiralty: And that Colonel Harcourt, Equerry to her Majeſty, ſucceeds Admiral Keppel as Groom of the Bed-Chamber to his Majeſty.

Dec. 6. The Duke of Ancaſter, who was Maſter of the Horſe to the Queen, is appointed Maſter of the Horſe to his Majeſty, in the room of the Earl of Hertford, appointed Lord Chamberlain.

Earl Delawar is appointed Maſter of the Horſe to her Majeſty, in the room of his Grace the Duke of Ancaſter.

The following is ſaid to be the cauſe of the late great commotions among the Miniſtry. The laſt Adminiſtration, it ſeems, had intended to have remained without any violent oppoſition, had their Friends remained in poſt which were yet undiſmiſſed. By ſome accident it was diſcovered that Lord Edg----e was to be removed; the N------e, R------m, and C------h party received this intelligence with great diſlike, and ſent a meſſage to the M-----r, that if that Nobleman was removed, they would exert every nerve to oppoſe him. This declaration of open hoſtilities could not intimidate the M-----r from removing Lord Edg----e; but it induced him to bring about a reconciliation between the preſent Adminiſtration and the Duke of B----- and his Friends. The powers on both ſides are now extremely ſtrong, and the contention may probably be vigorous. Every man, I think, who is not bound by private intereſt to one of the parties, will ſincerely wiſh that ſome ſtability may take place for the ſake of his country.

The Lords of the Board of Trade have iſſued orders for the annual returns of the Britiſh Cuſtom-houſes, relative to exports and imports to and from Portugal, to be laid before them, in order that a due eſtimate may be made of the nature and importance of the Portugal trade.

Laſt year there were imported from the Portugueſe dominions into England upwards of 12000 *tons of wine; and it is conjectured, that Scotland, Ireland, Britiſh America, our Settlements in the Eaſt and Weſt-Indies, and on the coaſt of Africa, import and conſume, amongſt them, very nearly the ſame quantity. A conſideration to the crown of Portugal, ſurely to treat us in a very different manner from what ſhe does at preſent.*

It is ſaid, that on Monday evening the Duke of B-----d had a conference with Lord C-----m, in Bond-ſtreet, which laſted above four hours and a half. At midnight the Duke went to ſupper at Arthur's, in St. James's-ſtreet; where it was declared the negotiation was all at an end.

Dec. 9. Yeſterday their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland took the ſacrament at St. Martin in the Fields, in order to qualify themſelves for two important poſts under the government.

The Right Hon. Hans Stanley is appointed Cofferer of his Majeſty's Houſhold.

And his Grace the Duke of Bolton Governor of the Iſle of Wight.

The Hon. Edwin Francis Stanhope is appointed one of the Equerries to her Majeſty, in the room of the Hon. Colonel Harcourt, appointed Groom of the Bedchamber to his Majeſty.

December 11.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillſborough, and the Right Hon. Lord Le Deſpencer, kiſſed his Majeſty's hand at St. James's, on being appointed joint Poſtmaſters General.

As did the Right Hon. Hans Stanley, Eſq; on being appointed Cofferer of the Houſhold: And Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq; appointed one of the Lords of the Admiralty.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. Robert Nugent, Eſq; kiſſed his Majeſty's hand, on being appointed Firſt Lord of Trade and Plantations.

We hear that the above Right Hon. Gentleman is alſo created a Peer of Ireland, by the title of Lord Viſcount Clare, of that kingdom.

Dec. 13. Yeſterday the Duke of Grafton, and the Earl of Chatham, had again the honour of a conference with his Majeſty, at the Queen's Palace.

It is reported that the preſent ſtate and condition of the Royal Navy will be ſhortly enquired into by an auguſt aſſembly.

To the PRINTER *of the* LONDON CHRONICLE.

"SIR,

"You may aſſure your Readers, from undoubted authority, that the expectations which the Public ſeem lately to have formed of the permanency of the preſent Miniſtry, from a ſuppoſed coalition between Lord C. and Lord B. are abſolutely without foundation; no ſuch coalition having taken place, nor hath Lord B. been once conſulted in regard to any one public matter whatever.---The praiſe or cenſure, therefore, that may be thought due to the meaſures at preſent purſued, and to all the changes that have been made, and are daily making, is to be aſcribed or imputed entirely to Lord C. now the ſole Head of the Adminiſtration, and the SOLE GUIDE of Public Affairs.

Yours, &c."

Dec. 16. The following Bills this day received the royal aſſent, by virtue of a commiſſion from his Majeſty, viz.

The Bill to prohibit for a limited time the exportation of corn, grain, meal, malt, flour, bread, biſcuit, and ſtarch; and alſo the extraction of low wines, and ſpirits from wheat and wheat flour.

To continue the act for allowing the importation of beef, pork, bacon and butter, from Ireland, duty free, for a limited time.

The Act to amend an Act of laſt Seſſions for repealing certain duties in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in America, upon certain Eaſt India goods exported from Great Britain, and for encouraging, regulating, and ſecuring ſeveral branches of trade of this kingdom and the Britiſh dominions in America, as relates to the exportation of non-enumerated goods.

The Bill for allowing the importation of wheat and wheat flour from any part of Europe into this kingdom, duty free, till the firſt of March next.

For allowing the free importation of wheat and wheat flour from his Majeſty's Colonies in America into this kingdom, duty free, for a limited time.

For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the year 1767.

For the better protection and ſecurity of all perſons, who have acted in purſuance of, or in obedience to, the late order of council for laying an embargo on wheat and wheat flour, and for diſcharging all proceedings againſt any perſons for or on account of the ſaid embargo.

For allowing the free importation of oats, oatmeal, rye, ryemeal, &c.

NEW-YORK, February 23.

They write from Quebec, that next Spring they were in great Hopes of diſcovering a navigable Communication from Lake Superior to the South Seas, by Means of a great River, which the native Indians had reported to run many Leagues to the Weſtward.

By letters from Quebec, there is advice, that the number of white ſettlers in Major Rogers's government of Michilimakinac, already exceeds four thouſand families, excluſive of Indians, and Negroes, that they carry on a large trade in furs, peltry, &c. and will ſoon become a thriving colony.

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.

Extract of a Letter from London, November 25, 1766.

"In an Auguſt Aſſembly, the Oppoſition (that is, thoſe who are out of Place) headed by G. G---v--le, found much Fault with the great Stretch of the Royal Prerogative, in putting a Stop to the Exportation of Corn, contrary to ſeveral expreſs Acts of Parliament, without calling the Parliament together, which they inſiſted upon might eaſily have been done, at any Time, upon a Fortnight's Notice, inſtead of which, at the very Period when the Scarcity of Corn appeared to be certain and inevitable, it was prorogued (September 10) for an unuſual Length of Time, 61 Days, inſtead of 40, the common Period of Prorogations; that if they ſuffered this to paſs unnoticed, future Miniſters would be tempted to venture on like Exertions of the Prerogative, on Occaſions dangerous to the Liberty of the Subject, &c. &c. I have not indeed Patience, even to repeat all the Nonſenſe that was thrown out by G---v--le, who ſpoke evidently from a Spirit of Faction and Reſentment, and who ſets out this Seſſion, preciſely as he did the laſt, in the moſt virulent Oppoſition to all the Operations of the Miniſtry, without Reaſon, Senſe, or Argument. Were I his Maſter, no Motive whatever ſhould induce me to take him into my Service again, be his Abilities (and they are but ſecond Rate) what they will.----He was anſwered very pertinently by S-------y C----y, on Behalf of the Miniſtry, that this Exertion of the Prerogative, was made for the moſt ſalutary and neceſſary Purpoſes, no leſs than to prevent a general Scarcity; that he owned he was one that adviſed it; that he knew when he did ſo, that he became anſwerable to Parliament for ſuch Advice; that he ſubmitted it to them, whether this was a proper Exertion of the Prerogative, or whether it tended, in the remoteſt Degree, to infringe the Liberty of the Subject; that the honourable Gentleman who ſpoke laſt (Mr. G---v--le) muſt have certainly received ſome new Lights of late, who had himſelf laſt Year ſtrenuouſly argued in Behalf of General Warrants, an Exertion of Prerogative which moſt nearly affected the Liberty of the Subject, and which could not be vindicated by the Plea of Neceſſity, as in the preſent Caſe; that calling the Parliament together in the Summer Seaſon, when many of the Members were very variouſly and widely diſperſed, would, he apprehended, have given too great an Alarm to the Nation; that there was no Neceſſity for it; and that as to calling them together at any Time, at ſo ſhort a Notice as 12 or 14 Days, he appealed to the Houſe, whether this would not be a moſt dangerous Precedent, as a Miniſter, by that Means, would be able to ſurprize the Houſe into any pernicious Scheme he might be diſpoſed to carry.----He concluded with ſaying, that the Conduct of theſe Gentlemen was uniform enough; for when in Place, they wanted to deprive the People of their Liberty (referring to General Warrants) and now they wanted to deprive them of their Food.-----Mr. G---v--le then propoſed (in my Opinion moſt abſurdly) that for the preſent Relief of the Poor, they ſhould addreſs His Majeſty to adminiſter to their Neceſſities in ſuch Manner, as to his Royal Wiſdom ſhould ſeem meet; aſſuring him, that they would make good the ſame out of the firſt Aids granted by Parliament.---To this it was objected, that it was impoſſible to diſtribute ſuch Relief, in a proper Manner; that if it were poſſible, it would be highly improper, as it would ſeem to allow, there were no Means left to relieve them but by a Diſtribution of Publick Money, which at beſt would be very inefficient, and would appear, as if they bribed them to be quiet; that the Evil ought to be probed to the Bottom, and the real Cauſes of our preſent Situation ought to be explored, and ſuch Remedies applied as were more adequate to the Neceſſities of the Poor, than any temporary Relief could be.---To this G---v--le replied, that he having endeavoured to make our Colonies in America contribute to the Support of Government, they had bribed them to be quiet, by a total Repeal of that Law; and that it was very ſtrange, they would not do that for the Relief of their Poor at Home, which they did for the Americans, who were well able to bear the Tax.----G---v--le, as he well deſerved, was totally defeated; for he was but poorly ſeconded.---You ſee this is only another wicked Effort, to embarraſs our Councils, and to divert the Parliament from the neceſſary Buſineſs of the Nation.---For my own Part, I wiſh well to the State in general, whoever has the Management of our Affairs, and therefore I want to ſee a permanent, able, and honeſt Miniſtry, unmoleſted with Faction, in good Earneſt ſet about a thorough Enquiry into the real Cauſes of our preſent Diſtreſſes and Diſcontents; and every Man who attempts to divert the Miniſtry for the Time being from doing this, I conſider as an Enemy to his Country.---I ſhould have told you, by the bye, that S---y C---y behaved both with Modeſty and Spirit.----In anſwer to a Charge of Ignorance, that had been thrown out by G---v--le, in the Debate about the Proclamation for preventing the Exportation of Corn; he ſaid he pretended not to be very expert in the Duties of his Office, but that as he acted with the pureſt Intentions for the Good of his Sovereign, and his Country, and was conſcious of the Integrity of his Heart, for this Reaſon he thought he, in ſome Meaſure, deſerved the Place he held, tho' he was ready, with Chearfulneſs, to reſign it, whenever his Majeſty thought proper to fill it with one of greater Abilities.---In the other Houſe, Lord T--p-e, I am told, acted much the ſame Part with Mr. G---v--le, and with the ſame Succeſs.

"Upon the whole, I think it may be fairly concluded, that as the Oppoſition have at preſent ſo very little to find Fault with; as the Nation, in general, are quite tired with Oppoſition to Men only, without regarding Meaſures; as the State of the Nation requires immediate Attention; and as the Parliament is drawing near its Concluſion, the preſent Members will be induced to recommend themſelves to their Electors, by exerting themſelves this Seſſion, in doing ſomething for the People.

"One important Piece of Buſineſs will certainly come before them ſoon, that is, the Affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, as it is certainly neceſſary for the permanent Security of our great Acquiſitions and Conqueſts in that Part of the World, that they ſhould be taken more immediately under the Protection of the Government, and therefore I do not think the Company have any thing to apprehend from this Enquiry, that can be detrimental to their Intereſt."

In a Letter from London, of the 13th of December, it is ſaid, "One Thing you may aſſuredly depend upon, becauſe I have it from the beſt Authority, that Lord Bute has, in no one Inſtance whatever, been conſulted ſince Lord Chatham took the Lead."

Our other Advices, by private Letters, are, That on the Meeting of the Parliament after the Holidays, our Paper Currency would come under their Notice, and that there were ſome Hopes of the Reſtrictions being taken off of it: That the riotous Proceedings in England, on Account of the high Price of Grain, &c. had ſubſided: That the Account of General Stanwix, his Lady and Family, being loſt, in their Paſſage from Ireland to England, is confirmed: And that His Majeſty's Ships, ſtationed at New-York, &c. are to continue for three Years longer.

ARRIVALS.

From Virginia. The Harriot, ------, for Aberdeen, at Deal.

From Maryland. Captain Keltz at Deal; Captain Reed at Cowes; and Captain Creamer in London.

From Boſton. Captain Robſon; and the Captains Lurvey, Marſhall, Hall, Stebbings and Shepard, from New-England.

From Piſcataqua. Captains Selby and Stagg, at Briſtol.

From Marblehead. Captains Skillings and Haibles, at Bilboa.

Deal, Nov. 24. Came down the Hanbury, Eaſton, for Virginia.----Dec. 3. Sailed the Lord Camden, Boyd, for Ditto.

Extract of a Letter from Charles-Town, Maryland, Feb. 19.

"*This Day a Negroe Woman of mine was delivered, with great Difficulty, of a Child or Children, joined together in the Fore Parts, from the Neck to the Groin, having two Heads, four Arms, four Legs and Thighs, four Breaſts or Nipples, and but one Navel String; they were both Females.*"

By Captain Gregory, laſt Night from St. Chriſtophers, we have the following Advices, viz.

LONDON, December 25.

AN almoſt total change in the preſent adminiſtration is expected to take place ſoon after the holidays.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint George Brown Eſq; to be one of the commiſſioners of the exciſe in Scotland, in the room of George Drummond, Eſq; deceaſed.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto John Campbell, commonly called Marquis of Lorn, the dignity of an Engliſh Barony.

The Earls of Shelburne and Egmont are to be created Dukes of Ireland, which is the reaſon that induced the Marquis of Kildare to accept of that dignity, that he might preſerve the precedency of his family as premier Duke; and the rather, as that illuſtrious houſe has always enjoyed the precedency of the Iriſh peerage, he being the 19th Earl of Kildare in a direct ſucceſſion. His Grace is now premier Duke, Marquis and Earl of Ireland, which is an honour enjoyed by no other peer under the Britiſh conſtitution.

The reaſon of the Marquis of Lorn's patent for creating him an Engliſh peer being expedited with ſo much diligence in the reſpective offices, was the ſickneſs of his Grace the Duke of Argyle; for if the Duke had died before his ſon's creation, the Marquis could not have been received as an Engliſh peer, being contrary to the articles of Union between the two kingdoms.

Nine of the unhappy wretches who were confined in Glouceſter goal for riots have received ſentence of death. And it was a moſt lamentable ſpectacle to hear and ſee the lamentations and diſtracted behaviour of their miſerable families, who flocked round the Judges carriages when they were leaving the city.

A new treaty of commerce is on the carpet between the courts of London and Liſbon, by which much greater privileges will be granted to the ſubjects of Great-Britain than they enjoyed in conſequence of any former treaty.

They write from Berlin that the Pruſſian miniſter at the court of Warſaw has received orders from the King his maſter to act in the affair of the Proteſtants in Poland in ſtrict concert with the Ruſſian miniſter.

Pruſſian agents are very buſy in inliſting men in Hamburgh and ſeveral other ſtates on the continent, where great bounties are given to all who ſhall enter that ſervice.

We are informed that ſeveral new manœuvres are ſoon to be introduced on board his Majeſty's ſhips of war.

Baſſeterre, in St. Chriſtophers, January 28.

For ſeveral days we have had very frequent ſqualls from the E. N. E. to the E. by S. which occaſioned the veſſels in the road to ride hard, and ſome of them to drag their anchors; but none of them ſuſtained any damage.

Captain Parſons, who arrived here on Sunday laſt, was blown out of Port Roſeau, in Dominica, the laſt hard gale.

Captain Martin informs us, that 13 veſſels drifted from their anchors in the road of Plymouth, Montſerrat, but no damage enſued.

By Captain Dyer, of the Anna Tereſa packet, who arrived here on Sunday evening laſt, we have advice, that on the 28th of December laſt, a brig bound to Barbados from Newfoundland, run aſhore on Needham's Point, off Bridgetown, and was entirely loſt. The Captain further informs us, that an inſurrection of the Negroes has happened at the iſland of Grenada, where a body of them, to the number of ſix or ſeven hundred, who had chiefly deſerted from the French inhabitants, had taken poſſeſſion of ſome inacceſſible mountains, from whence they made frequent ſallies, and committed terrible devaſtations upon their maſters, many of whom they had killed. When Captain Dyer came away General Melvill had ſent a party of 40 men, with one cohorn, to endeavour to ſuppreſs them, but with what ſucceſs Captain Dyer had not time to learn.

Captain Cowley, who ſailed from hence about 8 weeks ago, in lat. 42, met with a heavy gale of wind, in which he ſprung a leak, and loſt many of his ſails, which obliged him to put back, and, with very great difficulty, he yeſterday arrived at the Salt Ponds to refit.

Captain Cowley parted with the Generous Planters, Captain Calef, in the above latitude, who kept two pumps conſtantly going, but reſolved to proceed on his voyage.

*** A Letter from Mr. DOUGLASS, with an Eſſay on Theatrical Entertainments, is come to hand, and will be inſerted in our next.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, from New-York. Schooner Raven, T. Coffin, Nantucket.

OUTWARDS. *Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, for New-York. Brig Chance, J. Craig, St. Kitts.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Rebecca and Sally, C. Lowe, to Dominica. Ship Recovery, J. Allen, Londonderry. Snow King George, J. Potts, Barcelona. Snow St. Peter, W. St. Barbe, Liſbon.*

Germantown, 1767.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

AN Exceeding fine and pleaſant ſituated Lot for a Gentleman's Country Seat, in the upper Part of Germantown, ſituate on the main Street, in the beſt Part of Germantown to carry on any extenſive publick Buſineſs or Trade whatſoever. The ſaid Lot containing between 2 and 3 Acres of Land, having a large commodious 2 Story Stone Houſe, a large Stone Kitchen, and good Stabling thereon, and other Conveniences and Improvements, with a large and very pleaſant ſituated Garden, great Part thereof planted with the beſt Sorts of Pear, Plumb, Apricot and Nut Trees, and other curious and rareſt Sorts of Fruit, and flowering Trees, as well as moſt Sorts of Garden Curioſities, having alſo a fine thriving Orchard, of 20 Years planting, of the beſt Apples, and the reſt is very good Graſs Land. Its pleaſant Situation will, on View, ſufficiently recommend it for a Seat of Pleaſure, as well as for carrying on any Trade or Shop [which is now kept there] or for a Tavern, or other Buſineſs whatever.

ALSO to be Sold, ſundry near adjacent Lots of very good Graſs Land. The Terms of Sale may be known at ſaid Place, of ⊖ 6 W. CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

TO be SOLD, by publick vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, the 14th of March next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a plantation, ſituate in Moyamenſing townſhip, about 2 miles from Philadelphia, adjoining Robert Smith's plantation, on the Five Mile Round road, the property of James Lownes, containing 22 acres, or thereabouts, 5 acres of which is meadow, with a 2 ſtory new frame houſe, two rooms on a floor, new barn, four good aſparagus beds, a nurſery of young peach trees, juſt fit to plant out, a good bearing orchard, a ſpring of good water; the land is a fertile ſoil, fit for gardening; the title indiſputable; half the purchaſe money to be paid down, the other half in one year after, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt. The place is lett for one year at Thirty Pounds. Alſo a lot of drained meadow, to be ſold by private ſale, ſituate in Paſſyunk Townſhip, on Greenwich Iſland, containing 4 acres, or thereabouts. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN *or* JOSEPH LOWNES.

N. B. The ſaid James Lownes has to lett the one half of a commodious 3 ſtory houſe, pleaſantly ſituated at the upper end of Front-ſtreet, where he now lives. ¶

To be SOLD,

A VALUABLE piece or parcel of land, ſituate in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county, with a ſaw mill thereon erected, containing about 40 acres, adjoining the lands of John Mathers, Joſeph Miles, John Evans, and others; about 12 or 13 miles from Philadelphia; there is on the premiſes a log dwelling-houſe; ſix or ſeven acres cleared, the remainder well timbered. A very conſtant ſtream of water running above 100 perches through the premiſes, with ſo advantageous a fall, as would anſwer the ends of the purchaſer in erecting thereon what mills he ſaw convenient. The Land is very good for grain of any ſort; and good meadow may be made thereon. The title indiſputable. For further particulars, enquire of Samuel Harry, in Radnor aforeſaid, or of Muſgrove Evans, in Philadelphia.

N. B. If the above deſcribed land and mill ſhould not be ſold before the 20th day of March next, it will then be ſold at public ſale, on the premiſes, about 10 o'clock on ſaid day; when due attendance ſhall be given, and the conditions of ſale made known, by ‡ MUSGROVE EVANS.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A PLANTATION, with a good new two ſtory ſtone houſe, 18 feet front, and 28 deep, with 2 rooms on a floor; a new ſtone barn, 23 feet by 34, with a ſtable at each end; a thriving young orchard of 160 apple trees; the whole containing 31 acres, 6 of which is meadow, and may be watered the drieſt ſeaſon, a run continuing through the whole. The ſituation is very healthy, pleaſant, and convenient to market, being not more than 3 miles and a half from the Court-houſe. Any perſon inclining as above, may have it on reaſonable terms; if to purchaſe, may have one, two or three years credit for the money, paying intereſt for the ſame. For further particulars, apply to JOSEPH DONALDSON.

To be SOLD,

AT public vendue, on Friday, the 20th day of March next, a valuable plantation, containing 90 acres of extraordinary good land, ſituated in Plymouth townſhip, Philadelphia county; it joins the river Schuylkill, and Egypt road, within a mile of the Swedes Ford, and near the ſign of the black horſe tavern; there is joining ſaid place a very good fiſhing place for catching of Shad; there are 4 merchant mills within about three miles of ſaid place; there is a large ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with 4 rooms on a floor, and a cellar under the whole; a barn and ſtables; and a well of good water by the kitchen door, with a young orchard. There are about 50 acres cleared, the reſt well timbered; there are about ſix or ſeven acres of meadow, moſt of it may be watered by a conſtant ſtream, which runs through the ſame; there is great part of the corn land limed, within theſe three or four years paſt; there is plenty of good lime ſtone on ſaid place, and a lime kiln, where there has been ſeveral kilns burnt. The title is indiſputable. The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock on ſaid day, on the premiſes, where attendance will be given by

‡ DAVID DAVIS.

For BARBADOS,
The SHIP
HAWKE,
JOHN FEATHERSTONE,
Maſter;

Having Two Thirds of her Cargoe on board, will certainly ſail the 8th of March; ſhe is a prime Sailer, and has exceeding good Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to Maxwell and Gray, in South-ſtreet, or to the Commander on board ſaid Ship, now lying at Capt. Richards's Wharff.

Said Maxwell and Gray have for Sale, at their Store, next to Joſeph Sims, Eſq; or at the Houſe of ſaid Gray, Barbados Rum, Muſcovado Sugar in Hogſheads, Cocoa and Cotton.

Philadelphia, February 23, 1767.

WHereas Sarah, my Wife, having much deceived me in her Character and Behaviour before our Marriage, ſhe having been guilty of felonious Practices, of which ſhe has been lately convicted: This is therefore to forewarn all good People to beware of her ill Practices, and not to truſt or harbour her on my Account, for I will pay no Debts of her contracting.

¶ PHILIP HELTER.

The MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY

ARE deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, at Mr. *M'Intire*'s Tavern, on *Saturday*, the 28th Inſtant, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening.

JOHN ROSS, *Secretary.*

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Plantation, ſituate in the Great Valley, Cheſter County, 28 Miles from Philadelphia, 16 from Cheſter, and 1 Mile from Coneſtogoe Road, containing 131 Acres of good Lime-ſtone Land, one Half thereof cleared, and the other well timbered, with a good Orchard, and a ſufficient Quantity of watered Meadow made, and more may be made; alſo a good Stone Dwelling-houſe, two Stories high, and three Rooms on a Floor, with a good Spring of Water under the ſame, a Frame and Stone Barn, 40 Feet by 23, and other Out-houſes; there is alſo on the Premiſes a good Griſt-mill and Saw-mill, the Griſt-mill a large convenient Building, with two Pair of Stones, three Boulting Mills, hoiſting Gears, &c. all going by Water, on a conſtant Stream, known by the name of the Valley Creek, which runs through ſaid Premiſes; the whole in good Order for Merchant or Country Work, for which it is as well ſituated, and in as good Credit as moſt Mills in the County. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes.

§ 6 W. CALEB PARRY.

JERUSALEM,

A VIEW of that famous City, after a Work of ſeven Years, done at Germantown, in Pennſylvania, is to be ſeen at the Sign of the Buck, in Second-ſtreet, from Eight o'Clock in the Morning till Five in the Evening, and from Six till Nine at Night, at One Shilling each Perſon.

It repreſentts Jeruſalem, the Temple of Solomon, his Royal Throne, the noted Houſes, Towers and Hills; likewiſe the Sufferings of our Saviour from the Garden of Gethſemane to the Croſs on the Hill of Golgotha; an artful Piece of Statuary, in which every thing is exhibited in the moſt natural Manner, and worthy to be ſeen by the Curious.

N. B. Thoſe who incline to ſee this curious Piece of Workmanſhip, are deſired to apply ſoon, as the Owner intends to go Abroad with it about the 20th of March. ¶

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the new THEATRE, in Southwark, To-morrow, being Friday, the 27th of February, will be preſented, a COMEDY, written by CONGREVE,* called,

LOVE for LOVE:

With the Humours of BEN the SAILOR.
Valentine, by Mr. DOUGLASS.
BEN, with a Song in Character, by Mr. HALLAM.
Sir Sampſon Legend, by Mr. TOMLINSON.
Foreſight, by Mr. MORRIS.
Scandal, by Mr. ALLYN.
Tattle, by Mr. WALL.
Jeremy, by Mr. GODWIN.
Buckram, by Mr. GRAVILLE.
Angelica, by Miſs HALLAM.
Mrs. Frail, by Mrs. DOUGLASS.
Mrs. Foreſight, by Mrs. WALL.
Nurſe, by Mrs. HARMAN.
Miſs Prue, by Miſs CHEER.
With ENTERTAINMENTS, viz.
In Act III. a Hornpipe, by Mr. MATTHEWS. End of the Play, a Comic Dance, by Mr. GODWIN.
To which will be added, a Paſtoral Farce, called

DAMON and PHILLIDA.

Damon, by Mr. WOOLLS.
Mopſus, by Mr. HALLAM,
Cimon, by Mr. WALL.
Arcas, by Mr. ALLYN.
Corydon, by Mr. MORRIS.
Phillida, by Miſs WAINWRIGHT.

To begin exactly at Six o'Clock.----*Vivant Rex & Regina.*

No Perſons can, on any Pretence whatſoever, be admitted behind the Scenes.----Tickets are ſold at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Mr. Francis's, at the Queen's Head, in Water-ſtreet, at Mr. George Hawkins's, in Walnut-ſtreet, and at Mrs. Scott's, in Lombard-ſtreet, where Places for the Boxes may be taken.-----Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o'Clock, to keep their Places in the Boxes.----BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

* *Mr. Congreve's Comedies are allowed to abound with genuine Wit, and true Humour; but, in Compliance with the licentious Taſte of the Times in which they were written, the Author has, in ſome Places, given the Rein to his wanton Muſe, and deviated from thoſe Rules a more refined Age, and chaſte Stage, require: The Reviver of this Play has taken the Freedom to crop ſuch Luxuriances, and expunge every Paſſage that might be offenſive either to Decency or good Manners.*

WANTED.

A STRONG, Gentle, Eaſy Saddle HORSE. He muſt both pace and trot, be full 15 Hands high, and not more than 6 or 7 Years old, of any Colour except white, grey, or light roan. Enquire of the Printers of this Paper. ¶

WHEREAS I, the ſubſcriber, did, on the 8th day of January, 1767, ſettle all accounts, debts, dues and demands, with a certain Henry Woodrow, of the Northern Liberties, of the city of Philadelphia, Lumber Merchant, and paid him the full ballance then due to him on ſuch ſettlement, in the preſence of James Chapman; and as he, the ſaid Henry Woodrow, refuſed to give me, the ſubſcriber, a full diſcharge; and as I am determined to have no further dealings with him, theſe are therefore to forewarn the ſaid Henry Woodrow, from and after the above date, not to truſt, or have any dealings with any perſon or perſons on my account, in any manner whatſoever; for I will not pay any demands of the ſaid Woodrow, to be brought againſt me after the day of the date above written.

† RICHARD MASON.

TO be SOLD by public vendue, on the premiſes, on Monday, the 16th day of March, A plantation, containing 53 acres, 42 whereof are cleared, about 3 acres of meadow, and 2 acres of orchard; a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, ſtone kitchen, and ſtone barn, and a good ſpring of water cloſe to the houſe. It joins the land of Samuel Powell, and Benjamin Shoemaker, about 3 quarters of a mile from the upper end of Germantown, on the road to Abington. The conditions of payment will be made known on the day of ſale, by

¶ ELIZABETH CHANNEL.

AS there are a great number of perſons, who ſtill remain indebted to the eſtate of WILLIAM MORRIS, junior, deceaſed, and pay no regard to former advertiſements, deſiring them to diſcharge their reſpective ballances; therefore they are, in this manner, for the laſt time, requeſted to make immediate payment to JOSEPH and GEORGE ANTHONY MORRIS, at their ſtore, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, a little below the Coffee-houſe, who are fully authorized to receive, and give diſcharges; otherwiſe their ſeveral bonds, bills and book debts, will be put into an attorney's hand, to be recovered by him, without reſpect to perſons.----At ſaid ſtore there are ſundry merchandize to be diſpoſed of under prime coſt. 4 W.

To be Sold by the Subſcriber, at the Crown, Canniſter and Handſaw, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

AN Aſſortment of GRASS SEEDS of the laſt Growth, viz. Red and White Clover Seed, Timothy Ditto, Rye, Burden and Green Graſs Ditto; alſo Hemp, Turnip and Anniſeeds. He has likewiſe for Sale, a large Aſſortment of Ironmongery, Joiners Braſs Furniture, Sadlery, Tin Ware, Oil Colours, Dye-ſtuffs, Powder, Shot, Lead, Spices, &c. &c.

¶ 2 M. JONATHAN ZANE.

N. B. He gives ready Money for Horſes Tails.

A COMMODIOUS TAN-YARD, South Eaſt of the Barracks, to be Lett by JOSHUA EMLEN. ¶

TO be SOLD at public vendue, on Tueſday, the 31ſt of March next, (or any time before at private ſale) a valuable farm, containing about 320 acres of land, ſituate in the Townſhip of Amwell, in the county of Hunterdon, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 200 acres thereof cleared, and in good fence, the remainder well timbered; it is kind good land for wheat, a ſufficient quantity of meadow cleared, and in clover, timothy and ſpear graſs, and more might be made, great part of which might readily be watered with little expence; on ſaid premiſes is pleaſantly ſituated a good brick houſe, genteelly finiſhed, two ſtories high, 48 feet long, and 33 feet wide, cellars under the whole, four rooms on a floor, a fire-place in each, with a large entry, and the ſame above, a good brick kitchen and ſtove room adjoining, with a well of conſtant good water by the door; a new brick ſhop, a few rods from the houſe, with a counting-room, cellar, &c. a large frame barn, covered with cedar ſhingles, barracks, cow-houſe, &c. moſtly new, and in good repair; ſeveral good bearing orchards, conſiſting of a large collection of the beſt grafted fruit; a ſtone griſt-mill laid in lime and ſand, 50 feet long, and 40 feet wide, with two pair of ſtones, in good order, boults, hoiſts, &c. by water; it ſtands on the ſouth-branch of Rariton River, a never failing ſtream of water, in the center of a plentiful wheat country, where any quantity might be bought reaſonable; it is 25 miles from Trenton, and the ſame diſtance from Brunſwick, 12 miles from Delaware River, which is navigable great part of the year to Philadelphia, it being conveniently ſituated for New-York or Philadelphia markets, and a good place for trade, there having been a ſtore kept for a number of years paſt; there is near the mill ſeveral convenient buildings for a miller, cooper, &c. The mill will be ſold ſeparate from the farm, if required, with a ſufficiency of meadow, timber land, &c. to accommodate it, as might ſuit the purchaſer. At the ſame time will be ſold with the above farm, a lot of wood land, containing between 60 and 70 acres, well timbered, about 3 quarters of a mile diſtant, with good level ground for a road to the ſame.

It is expected the purchaſer will pay one third of the purchaſe money on the executing the deed, one third a year after, and the remaining third at two years, or might have any reaſonable time to make the two laſt payments, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. If it ſhould ſuit the purchaſer, they can have the ſtock on the farm at a very reaſonable price, conſiſting of horſes, cattle, ſheep, &c. An indiſputable title will be given for the premiſes, by me ¶ 7 6. **GEORGE READING.**

Kennet Square, Cheſter County, Feb. 20, 1767.

RUN away laſt Night, a certain Joſeph Matſon, alias Johnſon, a tall plain young Man, by Trade a Carpenter, has lately had a Felon on the fore Finger of his right Hand; had two Suits of Cloth coloured Clothes, one of the Coats had ſlaſh Sleeves, a ſtriped Jacket, and took with him, out of the Stable, a Horſe, Saddle and Bridle, the Horſe was large, brown coloured, a good Hackney, natural Pacer, has rubbed the Hair off about his Neck, and lately trimmed about the Ears and Tail, has had the Scratches very bad in both his hind Feet, trots none. The Saddle was a quilted Seat, a Pair of Braſs Stirrups, a Pair of light coloured Pluſh Houſings, with a Linen Pad under it. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Joſeph Matſon, alias Johnſon, with the Horſe, Saddle and Bridle, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, or TWENTY SHILLINGS for the Horſe, Saddle and Bridle, paid by

¶ **JOSEPH MUSGRAVE.**

Upper Dublin, February 11, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

AT public Vendue, on the 12th Day of March next, the Houſe and Lot whereon the Subſcriber liveth; there are on ſaid Lot, which conſiſts of about 9 Acres, a good Stone Houſe, with 3 Rooms on a Floor, alſo a Stone Kitchen, a good Frame Stable, a Frame Store Houſe and Shed, and is convenient for a Store-Keeper, having been occupied as ſuch; being pleaſantly ſituated on the great Road from Eaſton, Bethlehem, and Parts adjacent, to the City, and diſtant from Philadelphia about 15 Miles; the Sale to begin at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, where Attendance will be given, and the Terms made known by **JOHN TRUMP, Senior.**

ALSO to be Sold at private Sale, a valuable Plantation, ſituated in Upper Dublin aforeſaid, containing 150 Acres, about 100 Acres of which cleared, and the Reſidue very well timbered; about 10 or 12 Acres of extraordinary watered Meadow, and more may be made. There are on the Premiſes, a good Stone Dwelling-houſe, a large Stone Barn, and Stables, a Stone Spring-houſe over a good Spring, within a ſmall Diſtance of the Dwelling-houſe, a Well of good Water in the Yard, with a Pump; alſo a large Apple Orchard, which yearly produces great Quantities of Fruit; the ſaid Plantation is very convenient to ſundry Merchant Mills, and Meeting Houſes of divers Denominations. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to John Trump aforeſaid. *

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A LOT of Land, containing about 19 Acres, at the lower or South-Eaſt End of Germantown, joining 37 Perches on the main Street; there is on the Lot a good Orchard of the beſt Fruit, ſuch as Apples, Pears, Cherries, Peaches, Plumbs, Quinces, &c. Alſo 3 or 4 Acres of the beſt watered Meadow, and about as much Wood-land, with a good Spring, ſuitable for a Fiſh-pond; it is fit for a Gentleman's Country Seat, or for any publick Buſineſs, as it lies high, and has a good Proſpect for ſome Miles round; there is alſo very good Stone for building on the Lot.

Likewiſe 10 Acres and a Quarter of good Meadow, joining on a Road leading from Frankford to the Falls of Schuylkill, about a Mile from Germantown, the greateſt Part fit for mowing. For Title, and Terms of Sale, apply to **JACOB NAGLEE**, near the Premiſes.

N. B. A Nurſery of the beſt Fruit Trees, is kept by ſaid **NAGLEE**, where Gentlemen may be ſupplied with them. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A LIKELY Negroe Wench, with a Female Child about 2 Years old, that has had the Small Pox, can do all Kinds of Houſe Work, being uſed to Town and Country, can be recommended for her Honeſty. Sold on Account of its not anſwering to have a breeding Wench in the Family.

|| **JOHN PURDON.**

To be SOLD or LETT, by the Subſcriber,

A VALUABLE Stone Houſe, and 6 Acres of Ground, near Concord Meeting Houſe, in Cheſter County conveniently ſituated for a Tradeſman or Shop Keeper. For further Particulars, enquire of **THOMAS WEST**, living on the Premiſes.

N. B. More Land may be lett with the above, by applying to the Subſcriber. ¶

FIFTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living in Kent County, Maryland, on the Sixth of this inſtant February, a ſmall grey Horſe, about 13 Hands high, 7 Years old next Spring, neither Brand nor Ear-mark, ſhod before, paces a ſlow Travel, the Horſe has been a ſwift running Horſe, and is very vicious when keeping. Any Perſon who takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber, or to William Down's, at the Croſs Roads, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ **JOHN FIELDS.**

Philadelphia, February 12, 1767.

WHEREAS I was informed, that Edward Conner has, in a moſt ſcandalous and ſhameful Manner, miſrepreſented and cried me down in the public Papers, as a ſtrolling worthleſs Woman; I therefore, Sophia, Wife of Edward Conner, of the Northern Liberties, take this Opportunity to inform the Public, that I have theſe 8 Years paſt, ſuffered and loſt by this tyranical Huſband an Abundance. As for his calling me a Stroller, all them that know me, can teſtify that his wretched Behaviour has, in a Manner, drove me to it; for when he had run all through what he conveniently could come at, of what my former Huſband left to me and my Chidlren, he left me deſtitute of all Manner of Subſiſtance, then I was obliged to ſhift for myſelf, and when ſome Chriſtian People beſtowed their Charity upon me, he would come and help me to ſpend it; and now he took from me all Things of any Value, for he would not have had a Stitch of Clothes to his Back, if he had not taken a Suit of Clothes that was ſent to my Son from London for a Preſent. I therefore warn all People not to expect that I ſhall pay any of his Debts from the Date hereof, whether contracted before or hereafter. ¶ **SOPHIA CONNER.**

To be SOLD by
Captain JOHN SIBBALD
Oppoſite the New-Market,

GOOD Old Madeira Wine, Jamaica Spirit, and Rack, Wholeſale and Retail. 6 8 W.

Province of Pennſylvania, ſſ.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to the Honourable Proprietaries for Quit-rent, that Attendance will be given at the Receiver General's Office, in Philadelphia, from Monday, the 2d Day of March next to Saturday, the 7th. At Cheſter, from the 10th to the 14th. At Pennſbury, from the 17th to the 21ſt. And at Lancaſter, from the 24th to the 28th incluſive; to which Places all Perſons concerned, are required to repair, and pay off their Arrears.

RICHARD HOCKLEY, EDMUND PHYSICK.

Philadelphia, Feb. 9, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in Greenwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, New-Jerſey, bounding on Oldman's Creek, containing about 350 acres of land, about 28 acres thereof excellent dry ſwamp, about 70 acres of marſh, and about 45 acres of cleared land; the wood land chiefly well timbered. On the premiſes is a good dwelling-houſe and orchard; it is diſtant from Philadelphia market about 21 miles. For terms of ſale, enquire of **JACOB STILLE**, on the premiſes, or of **JOHN STILLE**, in Philadelphia. ‡ 6 W.

Annapolis, December 18, 1766.

PURSUANT to the Directions of the laſt Will and Teſtament of Edmund Key, Eſq; deceaſed, the following Tracts of Land will be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, at public Vendue, on the third Wedneſday in March next, preciſely at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick Town, in Frederick County, Maryland, viz. Paradiſe, containing 335 Acres. Good Hope, containing 300 Acres. And Friendſhip, containing 206 Acres. Theſe three Tracts almoſt join one another; one of them binds upon Potowmack; and all of them lye betwixt Great Conecocheague and Little Conecocheague Rivers. They will be ſold for Ready Caſh, or Six Months Credit will be given, on proper Security.

¶ U. SCOTT, Executor.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on Friday, the 27th Day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee Houſe, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, a certain Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the North Side of Saſſafras, or Race-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on ſaid Street 16 Feet 11 Inches and a Half (including half of a 4 Feet Alley) and in Length or Depth 109 Feet and a Half, bounded by Ground late of John Dillwyn, and others, having three ſmall Tenements thereon erected; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Two Pounds Two Shillings and Threepence Currency per Annum, being deemed the proportionable Part of a certain Ground-rent of Eight Pounds Currency per Annum.

Alſo a certain other Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Third ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia aforeſaid, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street 30 Feet 6 Inches, and in Length or Depth 60 Feet, bounded by Ground of Samuel Preſton Moore, and others, having a good three Story Brick Dwelling-houſe, a two Story Kitchen, a back Tenement, and a Frame Stable thereon erected; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Thirty-four Shillings Sterling per Annum, being deemed the proportionable Part of a certain Ground-rent of Four Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Four-pence Sterling per Annum. The whole ſubject to the yearly Rent or Sum of Four Pounds Currency per Annum, payable unto a certain Anne Biles, during the Term of her natural Life; late the Eſtate of Edward Morris, and Joanna his Wife; ſeized and taken in Execution by **WILLIAM PARR, Sheriff.**

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Friday, the 27th day of February inſtant, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick Bank-houſe, ſituate on the weſt-ſide of Water-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, between Spruce and Pine-ſtreets, containing in front on Water-ſtreet aforeſaid, about 14 feet, and in length or depth 40 feet; late the eſtate of George Fadel, alias Fortin; ſubject to a ground-rent of 40 Engliſh ſilver ſhillings per annum; ſeized and taken in execution by **WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.**

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Monday, the 9th day of March next, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in New Providence townſhip, containing about 203 acres and a half, with a good tanyard, a two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, a large kitchen and barn thereon erected; late the eſtate of Joſeph Richardſon. Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold ſundry houſhold-furniture, and implements of huſbandry, ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM PARR, ſheriff.

To be LETT, for a Term of Years, and may be entered on the Firſt Day of March next,

A Valuable Plantation, near the Mouth of Chriſtiana-creek, diſtant from Philadelphia 30 Miles by Land, and the Paſſage by Water generally made in four or five Hours; it contains 300 Acres, or thereabouts, about 130 of which is choice **MEADOW**, ſecured with excellent Banks and Drains; 110 Acres of the Upland cleared, and in good Order for Graſs or Grain, being divided into Fields of 15 and 20 Acres, with Poſt and Rail Fence. The Advantage of Situation is great, being handy to three Markets, Wilmington, New-Caſtle and Philadelphia, to which laſt Place, from the two former, two Stage Boats paſs and repaſs twice a Week; it joins a public Road, and good Landing to and from the Water; there are on it an excellent Barn, Dwelling-houſe, out Buildings, and exceeding good Water, and will be lett with Servants and Stock, or otherwiſe. For Particulars, enquire of Mr. **JOHN MALCOLM**, in Philadelphia. Tbc.

WANTED, as an Overſeer to a Farm, about the ſame Diſtance from Philadelphia, a ſingle Man, well recommended, that underſtands buying, ſelling and grazing of Cattle, raiſing and managing of Hemp; ſuch a Perſon, by applying as above, may hear of very good Encouragement. ¶

To be SOLD by public vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on the 12th of the Third Month March next, being the fifth day of the week, at 5 o'clock in the evening, three lots of ground, with three brick houſes thereon, in Philadelphia; late the eſtate of Doctor Lloyd Zachary, deceaſed.

1. A Lot, 21 feet front, on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, and 160 feet back, having a large ſhop on the Second-ſtreet front, and near the eaſt end of ſaid lot a brick houſe, where Doctor Zachary dwelt, with the advantage of a court yard 40 by 21 feet, in front of the ſaid brick houſe, and the privilege of a paſſage thence, through a 10 feet alley, into Walnut-ſtreet.

2. A lot, 21 feet on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, with a brick houſe, 21 feet front by 42 feet deep, and brick buildings adjoining back of the ſaid houſe, about 40 feet long, now in the tenure of Daniel Rundle, merchant; the lot extends 200 feet weſtward to the court yard aforeſaid, with the advantage of the ſaid court, and privilege of the paſſage through the 10 feet alley abovementioned into Walnut-ſtreet.

3. A bank houſe and lot, 31 feet and a half on Front-ſtreet, and continues the ſame breadth into Water-ſtreet, ſituate nearly oppoſite Daniel Rundle's aforeſaid, which letts at 55 l. per ann.

Alſo a ground-rent of 10 l. per annum, iſſuing out of a water lot in tenure of Joſeph Wharton, oppoſite the bank houſe aforeſaid. ¶

N. B. The purchaſers of the above houſes and lots to pay one third ready money, one third in ſix months, and the remainder in one year from the time of ſale, without intereſt, giving ſecurity if required.

Newtown, Bucks County, February 6, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 2d Day of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of William Reeder, Inn-keeper in Plumſted, a Lot of 5 Acres of Land, be it more or leſs, bounded by Land of Benjamin Rich, and others, on which there is a Stone Houſe; late the Property of Samuel Rich, taken in Execution, and to be ſold by || **WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.**

Newtown, Bucks County, February 6, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, at the Houſe of Eleanor Kelly, Inn-keeper, on the 3d Day of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, in Hilltown Townſhip, a Plantation and Tract of 190 Acres of Land, be it more or leſs, bounded by Lands of Eleanor Kelly, and others; late the Property of William Williams, taken in Execution, and to be ſold by || **WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.**

Newtown, Bucks County, February 6, 1767.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 4th Day of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at John Craig's Tavern, in Warrington Townſhip, a Plantation and Tract of 202 Acres of Land, in New-Britain Townſhip, bounded by Land of Richard Walker, Eſq; and others, on which there is a good Stone Houſe, a Log Barn, 15 Acres of good Meadow, and a good Orchard; late the Property of John Davis deceaſed, and now in the Poſſeſſion of Henry Darrough; taken in Execution, and to be ſold by

‡ **WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.**

TO be ſold, by publick vendue, by the ſubſcribers, auditors appointed by the court of common pleas of the county of Philadelphia, upon attachment againſt the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Anthony Ottman, on Saturday, the 28th of February inſt. all the goods and chattels of the ſaid Anthony Ottman, conſiſting of a feather bed, and two other beds, walnut table, cheſt of drawers, and ſundry other houſhold and kitchen furniture, viz, chairs, pots, a braſs kettle, a nudle preſs, grindſtone, and an iron plate ſtove, with pipes. Alſo a certain lot of ground, ſituate in Hudſon's Square, on the north-ſide of South-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 8 inches, and length or depth 100 feet; together with a two ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, and a two ſtory brick kitchen, with a cake-baker's oven thereon erected, almoſt new, ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of thirteen pieces, and one third part of a piece of eight, and ſubject to a mortgage for £100. The ſale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, where due attendance will be given by **THOMAS TILBURY, STEPHEN PASCHALL, JOHN PETERS.**

N. B. All perſons who have any demands againſt the ſaid Anthony Ottman, are deſired to bring them to the ſubſcribers before the fourth day of March next, that they may have the benefit of a dividend of his eſtate; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Anthony, are deſired to pay, in order to prevent being troubled.

TO be SOLD, at public Vendue, on the Second Day of March, a Plantation, ſituate in Plumſted Townſhip, Bucks County, containing about 125 Acres, whereon are erected two Dwelling-houſes, and a Barn; there are on ſaid Plantation two young Orchards, about 8 Acres of Meadow cleared, and more may be made; 70 Acres of Upland cleared, and the reſt well timbered. The great Road leading from Philadelphia to Eaſtown goes through the above Plantation, which makes it very convenient for Trade. The Title is indiſputable. Attendance and reaſonable Credit will be given at the Time and Place of Sale, by **MARGARET JONES**, and **SAMUEL JONES**, Execut. ‡

Philadelphia, February 4, 1767.

TO be SOLD by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 10th of March next, or any Time before at private Sale, by **JOSEPH PHIPPS**, Senior, of Uwchland Townſhip, in Cheſter County, all his real Eſtate, conſiſting of about 900 Acres of Land, which is allowed by good Judges to be one of the beſt Tracts of Land in Cheſter County; it will ſuit to divide in four Farms, or more, viz.

1. A valuable Farm of about 500 Acres, 200 Acres cleared, and in good Fence, the Remainder well timbered and watered; it is kind good Land for Grain and Graſs, a ſufficient Quantity of watered Meadow cleared, and in Clover, Timothy and other fine Graſs, to feed 100 Head of Cattle yearly. On ſaid Premiſes is pleaſantly ſituated a good Stone Houſe, Barn, and other Out-houſes, a good bearing Orchard, &c.

2. About 100 Acres of Land, whereon is a Log Dwelling-houſe, a good Merchant Mill, with two Pair of Stones, will grind 10 or 15 Buſhels in One Hour; the Mill-Houſe is large, and built of Stone, and has Plenty of Water; the Land is good for Grain and Graſs; about 35 Acres cleared, the reſt well timbered; 40 Acres of Meadow may be made on this Part.

3. About 200 Acres of Land, whereon is a Stone Dwelling-houſe, a Barn, a good bearing Orchard, about 60 Acres of cleared Land, the reſt well timbered and watered; 30 Acres of watered Meadow may be made on this Part; alſo a good Conveniency to build a Saw-Mill and Fulling-Mill.

4. About 100 Acres of Land, whereon is a Log Dwelling-houſe, a good Merchant Mill, with two Pair of Stones, will grind 10 or 15 Buſhels in One Hour; the Mill-Houſe is large, and built of Stone, and has Plenty of Water, about 40 Acres is cleared Land, 10 Acres whereof is Meadow, the Remainder well wooded and watered. The above-mentioned Tract of Land is 33 Miles from Philadelphia, on the Provincial Road leading to Lancaſter, where Plenty of choice good Wheat may be had, more than they can grind.

N. B. The Purchaſer of any of the above Premiſes may have ſeveral Years to pay the Purchaſe Money, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the above recited Premiſes before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subſcriber, living on the firſt-mentioned Farm, who will give an indiſputable Title for the ſame, or any Part thereof.

☙ 4 W. **JOSEPH PHIPPS, Senior.**

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